# City Council Agenda 

## Monday, May 15, 2017 <br> 5:30 p.m. <br> City Council Chambers

(Times are Approximate - please note that items may be earlier or later than listed on the agenda)

| 5:30 p.m. | 1. Roll Call <br> Voting \& Seating Order: Willmus, Laliberte, Etten, McGehee, and Roe |
| :---: | :---: |
| 5:31 p.m. | 2. Pledge of Allegiance |
| 5:32 p.m. | 3. Approve Agenda |
| 5:35 p.m. | 4. Public Comment |
|  | 5. Recognitions, Donations and Communications |
| 5:40 p.m. | 6. Items Removed from Consent Agenda |
|  | 7. Business Items |
|  | Interview Commission Applicants |
|  | a. Commission Interviews |
|  | Planning Commission (1 Vacancy) |
| 5:43 p.m. | 1. Nic Baker |
| 5:50 p.m. | 2. Larry Ragland |
| 5:57 p.m. | 3. Joseph Ayers-Johnson |
| 6:04 p.m. | 4. Jumi Kassim |
| 6:11 p.m. | 5. Sharon Brown |
| 6:18 p.m. | 6. Kelli Johanson |
| 6:25 p.m. | 7. Joseph Hartmann |
| 6:37 p.m. | b. Review Ramsey County's 2018 Assessed Market Value Report |



Some Upcoming Public Meetings

| Wednesday | May 17 | 6:00 p.m. | Human Rights, Inclusion, and Engagement Commission |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Monday | May 22 | $6: 00$ p.m. | City Council Meeting |
| Tuesday | May 23 | $6: 30$ p.m. | Public Works, Environment \& Transportation Commission |
| Wednesday | May 24 | $6: 30$ p.m. | Comp Plan 2040 Update |
| Monday | May 29 | - | City Offices Closed - Observation of Memorial Day |
| June |  |  |  |
| Tuesday | Jun 6 | $6: 30$ p.m. | Parks \& Recreation Commission |
| Wednesday | Jun 7 | $5: 30$ p.m. | Variance Commission |
| Wednesday | Jun 7 | $6: 30$ p.m. | Planning Commission |
| Monday | Jun 12 | $6: 00$ p.m. | City Council Meeting |
| Tuesday | Jun 13 | $6: 30$ p.m. | Finance Commission |
| Monday | Jun 19 | $6: 00$ p.m. | City Council Meeting |

All meetings at Roseville City Hall, 2660 Civic Center Drive, Roseville, MN unless otherwise noted.

Date: May 15, 2017
Item \# 7.a
Commission Interviews


Note
There is no character limit for the fields below.
Why do you want to serve I volunteer for this commission reluctantly, as I'm not sure I'm on this Commission? the right person for it. On the one hand, I do have community experience: I have volunteered for the city a number of times since we moved here last summer. I was previously on the board of directors of my Minneapolis Neighborhood Association for six years, two as president. Finally, I was on the board of our previous townhouse association and condo association. ON THE OTHER HAND.... I am new to Roseville and do not have a grasp of the issues facing the city. Further, I do not have any experience with city government (other than putting on a workshop for your staff last fall). I therefore don't know if I have anything to contribute to the commission at this time.

What is your view of the I understand that you are in the process of developing a longrole of this Commission? term comprehensive plan. What that entails or other duties of the commission, I'm afraid I really don't know.

| Civic and Volunteer | -- Various activities for Roseville, including delivering a grant- <br> writing workshop to your staff. -- Volunteer grant-writing for a <br> number of small nonprofit organizations. -- Volunteer <br> mediation. -- Security escort and representative for Planned |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Parenthood. -- Staff of an ACLU booth at the State Fair. -- <br>  <br> Member of my current townhouse association's board of <br> directors. -- Member, Citizen's Climate Lobby (In this capacity, I <br> spoke to the council on April 24). |
| Work Experience | Now retired. Worked for 24 years as a proposal/grant writer in <br> the Washington, DC area. Have been doing some work in that <br> area since moving to MN in 2010, but mostly writing grants on <br> a volunteer basis. |
| Education | -- Current student at the University of MN (non-degree, 15 <br> hours to date) -- MSW, University of Utah, 1979 -- BS, <br> Westminster College, 1972 |

Is there additional information you would like the City Council to consider regarding your application?

I am applying primarily because there seems to be a real need for residents to join the commission. Again, the key question is whether I have the potential to be a productive member of that body.

Additional information may be emailed to info@cityofroseville.com or delivered to Administration Department, City of Roseville, 2660 Civic Center Drive, Roseville, MN 55113 or faxed to 651-792-7020.

Minnesota Government Yes
Data Practices Act

| Minnesota Statute | Email Address |
| :--- | :--- |
| §13.601. subd. 3(b) |  |

Acknowledgement Yes


Why do you want to serve on this Commission?

Roseville has been a great place for me to live and work. I have great respect for the importance of city planning and feel that Roseville has been the beneficiary of good planning. I believe in community service and I have the time and energy available to devote to Planning Commission work.

What is your view of the role of this Commission?

The Planning Commission helps establish a vision defining what it takes to be a great community and reviews development proposals to assure conformance with that vision. The vision is defined in the city's comprehensive plan. The Planning Commission works with the professional planning staff and the City Council to build the comprehensive plan. The plan defines goals for creating a city that provides places for its citizens to live and work in a welcoming and supportive environment. The plan identifies development goals for housing, commercial/industrial spaces, parks, schools, effective transportation, and other uses. The Planning Commission reviews development proposals to make sure the proposed development conforms to the goals in the comprehensive plan and adheres to the zoning code. The Planning Commission makes recommendations to the City Council which takes final action on the proposals.

## Civic and Volunteer Activities

1980-1983 Planning Commission Coon Rapids, Minnesota 1981-1990 School Board, Anoka-Hennepin District \#11 Chair for five years 1990-1991 Anoka Technical College Foundation Founding board member 1990-1998 Anoka-Hennepin Educational Foundation Founding board member and first President 1991-2010 USA Cup Soccer Tournament Scheduling and Scoring Chair 2007-2010 National Sports Center Foundation Board

## Work Experience

1964-1965 Junior high math teacher Independence, Missouri 1965-1966 Secondary math and physics teacher Raytown, Missouri Chair of the math and physics departments 19661968 Apollo Space Program aerospace engineer TRW Systems, Houston, Texas Supervised generation of displays used by flight controllers during Apollo missions 1973-1977 Assistant Professor of Computer Science University of lowa 1977-1985 Compiler Development Sperry Corporation (now Unisys) Roseville, Minnesota Manager for Pascal and Ada programming languages 1985-2007 Professor of Computer Science Augsburg College in Minneapolis Chair of Computer Science Department

| Education | 1963 B.S. in Ed., Mathematics, University of Central Missouri <br> 1964 M.A., Mathematics, University of Central Missouri 1973 <br> Ph.D., Computer Sciences, The University of Texas at Austin |
| :--- | :--- |
| Is there additional <br> information you would <br> like the City Council to <br> consider regarding your <br> application? | I know that the Planning Commission work includes a lot of <br> reading and studying to prepare for meetings. My work <br> experience and volunteer activities have all included large <br> amounts of reading and preparation. I know the importance of <br> doing ones homework and I have always come prepared. <br> Planning Commission work also includes a lot of discussion <br> and back-and-forth with other commissioners, staff, and the <br> public in order to formulate and refine the recommendation <br> which will go to the City Council. My work and volunteer <br> activities have given me extensive experience with the <br> teamwork required to make a good group decision. A vigorous |
| Planning Commission is an integral component of a vibrant, <br> forward-looking city. Roseville has become a great place to live <br> and work through good planning. I want to participate in the <br> continuation of this through service on the Roseville Planning <br> Commission. |  |
| Additional Information if you become Board or Commission Member |  |
| Additional information may be emailed to info@cityofroseville.com or delivered to |  |
| Administration Department, City of Roseville, 2660 Civic Center Drive, Roseville, |  |
| MN 55113 or faxed to 651-792-7020. |  |


| Full Name: <br> Company: | Joseph Ayers-Johnson <br> Planning |
| :--- | :--- |
| Home Address: |  |
| Roseville, MN 55113 |  |
| Home: |  |
| E-mail: |  |
| E-mail Display As: | Joseph Ayers-Johnson |


| First Name | Joseph |
| :--- | :--- |
| Last Name | Ayers-Johnson |
| Address 1 | Field not completed. |
| Address 2 | Roseville |
| City | MN |
| State | 55113 |
| Zip Code |  |
| Home or Cell Phone <br> Number | Planning, Public Works, Environment \& Transportation |
| Email Address | Planning |
| How many years have <br> you been a Roseville <br> resident? | Field not completed. |
| Commissions | New Term |
| Commission preference | Field not completed. |
| Commission preference |  |
| This application is for | If this is a student |
| application please list |  |
| grade in school | Note |

Why do you want to serve on this Commission?

I am applying to the position of Planning Commission Member with the City of Roseville, my hometown. My interest in this position stems from my desire to contribute to the process of planning and developing the Twin Cities of the future, and to see Roseville become the best possible version of itself. I've had the good fortune of living in many different types of communities - urban, rural, suburban, European - but my time growing up in Roseville is always the original experience to which I compare all others. Through these experiences, I have developed a sense of what makes a healthy city, and I think Roseville does a lot of things right. I also think that we are well poised to meet the challenges of ever-changing urban systems and thrive into the future. I am energized by the potential opportunities we have in Roseville for sustainable models of development; and, ultimately, it was my return to Roseville three years ago that prompted me to return to graduate school to further my ability to influence change right here in my home. I am currently a first-year candidate for my Masters in Urban and Regional Planning and a Certificate of Metropolitan Design at the University of Minnesota, and I have been rapidly strengthening my understanding of the different systems at play in our metropolitan areas. Serving on the Planning Commission will allow me to apply what I have learned to help guide the future development of my hometown.

It is my understanding that the Planning Commission works in concert with the city council, and offers the council recommendations for final action on planning cases. The commission reviews development plans and policies submitted to the City of Roseville, and works to resolve any issues or conflicts that arise in that process. For example, issues may arise in response to specific plans or applications that conflict with current master plans, or in response to public input, as the commission serves as a primary point of contact for concerned citizens. In these cases, the commission reviews the plans and public comments, checks it against existing regulations and planning documents, and makes an informed decision on how to proceed.

Civic and Volunteer Activities

Xperitas Public Interest Design (PID) Initiative | May 15-June 1
2016 -- Established an ongoing partnership with the Entonet Development Forum (EDF), a locally led platform for
community strength-building in the village of Bondeni in Entonet, Kenya. -- Advanced a Public Interest Design initiative around a community social hall as part of a team of architects, landscape architects, public health professionals and community stakeholders. -- Documented the initiative and created photo and video web content for EDF to use to connect locally and internationally. Rotary International | 2009-present -Youth Ambassador in Spain: 2009-2010 -- Organized and led 30-day backpacking pilgrimage on the Camino de Santiago spanning northern Spain east to west. Boy Scouts of America | 1998-present -- Eagle Scout -- Order of the Arrow Inductee: An elite group scouts chosen by peers based upon skill, service, and cheerfulness. -- Numerous service projects designed, led, and served.

## Work Experience

Science Museum of Minnesota | St. Paul, MN Visitor Experience Associate October 2014-present \& Assist visitors in the use of museum resources and activities in museum public spaces. \& Interpret exhibits and programs as time and operational needs allow. \& Monitor and address visitor behavior to ensure the safest and best possible visitor experience while ensuring safety and security of museum assets. 2016 Summer Institute of Sustainability and Energy (SISE), University of Illinois at Chicago | Chicago, IL SISE Alumni August 3-August 172016 * Selected for two-week intensive programming around sustainability and energy with a focus on the nexus of water and energy. \& Explored and developed innovative solutions to problems of energy and water sustainability in Chicago with an interdisciplinary team. Relevant solutions included retrofitting Big Box stores and parking lots for urban agriculture and innovating consumer relations in the recycling field. * Worked with Chicago teens to help them develop a plan to affect change in their own neighborhood. \& Endorsed by the UIC Energy Initiative as a collaborator in energy and sustainability fields. Xperitas Public Interest Design (PID) Initiative | Entonet, Kenya Xperitas Team Member May 15-June $12016 \approx$ Established an ongoing partnership with the Entonet Development Forum (EDF), a locally led platform for community strength-building in the village of Bondeni in Entonet, Kenya. \& Advanced a Public Interest Design initiative around a community social hall as part of a team of architects, landscape architects, public health professionals and community stakeholders. \& Documented the initiative and created photo and video web content for EDF to
use to connect locally and internationally. Conservation Corps of Minnesota and Iowa | Glenwood, MN Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD) Apprentice May 2015-August 2015 : Served the state of MN by working to conserve our natural resources in conjunction with local county SWCD. \& Assisted with onsite preparation and implementation of planting shoreline restorations.*Organized and participated in acts of community outreach, such as judging science fairs and operating a booth at the county fair. * Other projects: public water buffer inventory, rain garden maintenance, tree planting, digitizing conservation records, GIS shapefile creation, clerical services Historical Information Gatherers | Minneapolis, MN GIS Researcher November 2014-May $2015 *$ Researched the history of designated real estate holdings, in particular for use in Phase 1 environmental site assessments. * Utilized GIS skills and software to locate and georeference historical aerial photography. * Navigated historical archives for relevant and correct information. * Regularly submitted deliverables for sites including PDFs of historical aerials, topographic maps, and city directory pages. Top Box Foods | Chicago, IL GIS Mapping Intern September 2013-August 2014 * Produced a variety of maps displaying TBF's partners within Chicago Community Area food deserts, and their relationship to Chicago area demographics. DePaul University Teaching Assistant | Chicago, IL Teacher's Assistant to GIS I/GIS II professors August 2013-June $2014 \div$ Assisted geography professors in teaching GIS I/GIS II classes. * Maintained office hours, providing aid and guidance to students outside of class.

## Education

University of Minnesota Humphrey School of Public Affairs | Twin Cities, MN Candidate for Master in Urban and Regional Planning; Certificate in Metropolitan Design Enrolled Fall 2016| Expected Graduation May 2018 DePaul University | Chicago, IL Bachelor of Arts in Philosophy, May 2014 Minors: Geographic Information Systems, Spanish, Digital Cinema Honors: Graduated Summa C. Laude. Dean's Scholarship. Honors Program. Dean's List. Member of Phi Kappa Phi Honors Society and Gamma Theta Upsilon International Geographical Honors Society.

Is there additional Field not completed.
information you would
like the City Council to
consider regarding your
application?
Additional Information if you become Board or Commission Member Additional information may be emailed to info@cityofroseville.com or delivered to Administration Department, City of Roseville, 2660 Civic Center Drive, Roseville, MN 55113 or faxed to 651-792-7020.

Minnesota Government Yes
Data Practices Act

| Minnesota Statute <br> $\S 13.601$. subd. 3(b) | Email Address |
| :--- | :--- |
| Acknowledgement | Yes |



There is no character limit for the fields below.
Why do you want to serve As a resident of Roseville, I feel that it is important to be on this Commission? engaged in the future of our community.

What is your view of the role of this Commission?

The Planning Commission needs to make decisions today to help direct the future of the city. The Commission must balance the needs of current and future residents of a community in a fiscally responsible way. The Commission should recognize that a commitment to diversity -- be it age, race, socioeconomic status, family structure, or business types -- is vital to the healthy growth of the city going forward.

| Civic and Volunteer | Most recently, I served as a volunteer attorney for the <br> Executive Order Rapid Response Team that was formed in <br> partnership with the Immigrant Law Center of Minnesota. I <br> provided legal and other assistance at MSP Airport for families <br> and passengers affected by the executive orders passed by the <br> new administration. In 2014-2015, I was the phone tree chair <br> for the Family Readiness Group of the 34th Combat Aviation <br> Brigade. I coordinated volunteer callers to make sure that the <br> family members of deployed soldiers were given the <br> information that they needed about the deployment and <br> support services available to them. I have served on the crew <br> for the Susan G. Komen Breast Cancer 3-Day walk for 3 years, <br> 1 year as a team captain. |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 2014-Present - Patent Attorney at Patterson Thuente IP 2013- <br> 2014 - Law Clerk at Patterson Thuente IP 2002-2013- <br> Software Engineer at Boston Scientific (Formerly Guidant) <br> Please see my LinkedIn page for more detail: <br> https://www.linkedin.com/in/jumi-kassim-b5453b3/ |
| Work Experience | Juris Doctor, William Mitchell College of Law (St. Paul, MN) - <br> 2014 Bachelor of Engineering and Management, McMaster |
| University (Hamilton, ON) - 2002 |  |

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Administration Department, City of Roseville, 2660 Civic Center Drive, Roseville, MN 55113 or faxed to 651-792-7020.

Minnesota Government Yes
Data Practices Act
Minnesota Statute Home/Cell Phone
§13.601. subd. 3(b)
Acknowledgement Yes

| Full Name: <br> Company: |
| :--- |
| Home Address: <br> Roseville, MN 55113 |
| Mobile: |
| E-manning |
| E-mail Display As: |
| First Name |
| Last Name |
| Address 1 |

There is no character limit for the fields below.

| Why do you want to serve <br> on this Commission? | I feel Roseville can be a vibrant and thriving community. We <br> are in the heart of the Twin Cities with so much to offer. I would <br> like to make a difference in my community by being an active <br> member. |
| :--- | :--- |
| What is your view of the <br> role of this Commission? | I feel the role is to make sound plans for the future of the <br> community. To make sure that there is fiscal responsibility in <br> the planning and create a community where everyone is <br> included. |
| Civic and Volunteer <br> Activities | I am a Vice President for Friends of Roseville Parks. I have <br> been active for 5 years at various functions. I am Chairman of <br> Tapped and Uncorked Roseville's Brewfest. I am a Gavel Club <br> award winner. |
| Work Experience | I am an Interior Decorator and Stager. I have had my own <br> business for 13 years. I currently work with 7 Realtors in the <br> area part time to full time. I became a Realtor as of last year. |
| Education | I have a two year Associates Degree. I also have 3.5 years of <br> additional college at the University of Minnesota |
| Is there additional <br> information you would <br> like the City Council to <br> consider regarding your <br> application? | I am committed to Roseville. I plan on being a life long resident <br> and I would like to make a difference in my community and be <br> a part of the bigger picture going forward. |

Additional Information if you become Board or Commission Member
Additional information may be emailed to info@cityofroseville.com or delivered to Administration Department, City of Roseville, 2660 Civic Center Drive, Roseville, MN 55113 or faxed to 651-792-7020.

Minnesota Government Yes
Data Practices Act
Minnesota Statute Home/Cell Phone, Email Address
§13.601. subd. 3(b)
Acknowledgement Yes


| Why do you want to serve on this Commission? | I would like to be a part of the planning committee and become more involved with a community that I live and plan to stay. |
| :---: | :---: |
| What is your view of the role of this Commission? | I have never been a part of a city government, but would very much enjoy learning more about all aspects. I would love to be involved in the planning process of future city projects. |
| Civic and Volunteer Activities | Give Kids A Smile- volunteer dental work Park cleanup in Roseville and St. Paul |
| Work Experience | I'm currently a practicing Registered Dental Hygienist |
| Education | Degree in Dental Hygiene |
| Is there additional information you would like the City Council to consider regarding your application? | Field not completed. |
| Additional Information if you become Board or Commission Member Additional information may be emailed to info@cityofroseville.com or delivered to Administration Department, City of Roseville, 2660 Civic Center Drive, Roseville, MN 55113 or faxed to 651-792-7020. |  |
| Minnesota Government Data Practices Act | Yes |
| Minnesota Statute §13.601. subd. 3(b) | Home/Cell Phone |
| Acknowledgement | Yes |



There is no character limit for the fields below.

| Why do you want to serve | I graduated from the University of Minnesota, Twin Cities with a |
| :--- | :--- |
| on this Commission? | master's degree in Urban and Regional Planning. My |
| background is in public health and I am interested in working |  |
|  | for a local unit of government on environmental health issues, |
|  | particularly how policies at a city-level can have positive health |
| impacts for residents. This commission would be an |  |
|  | opportunity to apply what I have learned; my skills and |
|  | education would be asset to the Planning Commission because |
|  | I have experience with the comprehensive planning process |
| while working for the city of Brooklyn Center as a Code |  |
|  | Enforcement Technician. |

What is your view of the role of this Commission?

The Planning Commission is an outlet for residents of the city of Roseville to contact their government with any questions or concerns that they might have around planning or zoning. At the same time, the Planning Commission serves at the pleasure of the City Council to offer recommendations on plans, policies, and other applications. Members of the Planning Commission therefore have to maintain professional relationships with residents and City Council members and attempt to balance the concerns of both parties. Because of my experience serving on Commissions in the past and my experience with the City of Brooklyn Center, I am confident in my ability to remain professional in contentious public meetings with multiple competing viewpoints.
Civic and Volunteer
Activities

In the past, I have served on the Willmar Zoning Board of Appeals from 2013-2014. Also while living in the city of Willmar, I worked with Habitat for Humanity of West Central Minnesota as an AmeriCorps VISTA, where I learned how to conduct volunteer recruitment and engagement for the affiliate. Currently, I volunteer with Bridging as a Warehouse Associate. I interact with the public extensively and in particular, I have experience interacting with diverse communities. Because of my experience, I can effectively communicate with a wide range of Roseville residents.

Work Experience

Most recently, I worked for the city of Brooklyn Center as a Code Enforcement Technician where I interpreted that city's Zoning Code of Ordinances and conducted proactive sweeps of the community looking for nuisance code violations. I am confident in my ability to explain the zoning code and
communicate planning and zoning technical data. Previously, I worked for the University of Minnesota as a Student Recycling Coordinator with Waste Recovery Services, where I conducted public outreach campaigns around a proposal to incorporate composting into campus operations. I have experience with writing policies and making policy recommendations in front of administrators. As an Inside Sales Representative with the Deluxe Corporation, I served our small business clients over-the-phone by completing orders for Deluxe products while educating them on other deals, sales, or opportunities for Deluxe products. Because of my experience, I can overcome objections and handle complaints from residents during meetings.

## Education

As a part of my graduate school education, I completed a capstone project with the Carver County Parks and Recreation department where I assisted the department in their efforts to engage communities of color around the comprehensive planning process. My experience would be an asset to the Planning Commission because I can lead public awareness campaigns as part of the 2040 comprehensive planning process.

Is there additional
Field not completed.
information you would
like the City Council to consider regarding your application?

Additional Information if you become Board or Commission Member Additional information may be emailed to info@cityofroseville.com or delivered to Administration Department, City of Roseville, 2660 Civic Center Drive, Roseville, MN 55113 or faxed to 651-792-7020.

| Minnesota Government <br> Data Practices Act | Yes |
| :--- | :--- |
| Minnesota Statute <br> §13.601. subd. 3(b) | Home/Cell Phone |
| Acknowledgement | Yes |

# R留SEHHEE <br> REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION 

Date: 05/15/17
Item No.: 7.b
Department Approval


City Manager Approval


Item Description: Review Ramsey County’s 2018 Assessed Market Value Report

## BACKGROUND

At the March 20, 2017 City Council meeting, the Council endorsed a general timeline for the 2018 budget process with the understanding that the calendar could change. The general timeline is as follows:

| 2018 Budget Process Timeline |  |  | Estimated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Regular or | Discussion |
| Discussion Topic | Date | Worksess. | Time (mins.) |
| Review Ramsey County Assessed Market Value Data | 5/15/2017 | w/s | 15 |
| Receive 2018-2037 Capital Improvement Plan | 5/15/2017 | w/s | 45 |
| Review Impacts from the 2017 Legislative Session | 6/12/2017 | regular | 10 |
| Review Citizen Comments on 2018 Budget Priorities | 6/12/2017 | regular | 30 |
| EDA Budget \& Tax Levy Discussion | 7/17/2017 | w/s | 30 |
| Receive City Council Budgetary Goals | 7/17/2017 | w/s | 30 |
| Receive the 2018 City Manager Recommended Budget | 8/28/2017 | regular | 45 |
| Adopt Preliminary EDA Tax Levy | 9/11/2017 | regular | 10 |
| Receive Budget Recommendations from the Finance Commission | 9/18/2017 | w/s | 30 |
| Adopt Preliminary Budget \& Tax Levy | 9/25/2017 | regular | 20 |
| Review \& Adopt 2018 Proposed Utility Rates | 11/13/2017 | w/s | 30 |
| Review \& Adopt 2018 Proposed Fee Schedule | 11/13/2017 | w/s | 30 |
| Final Budget Hearing (Truth-in-Taxation Hearing) | 12/4/2017 | regular | 20 |
| Adopt Final EDA Tax Levy | 12/11/2017 | regular | 10 |
| Adopt Final Budget, CIP \& Tax Levy | 12/11/2017 | regular | 20 |

The Ramsey County Assessor's Office released its annual Report on Assessed Market Valuations on March 27, 2017. A copy of the report is included in Attachment A. Highlights of the Report include:

- Roseville's overall market value (tax base) is projected to increase $5.13 \%$ (see page 18)

The median-valued, single-family home is projected to increase $4.3 \%$; from $\$ 227,150$ to $\$ 236,900$ (see page 21)

Because the percentage increase in overall tax base is somewhat higher than the increase in the median value for single-family homes; it essentially means that any percentage increase in the tax levy will result in a slightly lower change in the impact on a median valued, single-family home. For example, a levy

19 Policy Objective
20 Not applicable.
Financial Impacts
Not applicable.
Staff Recommendation
Not applicable.

## Requested Council Action

increase of $4.0 \%$ will result in a $3.5 \%$ tax increase on the median-valued home.

For information purposes only. No formal Council action is requested, however Staff is seeking comment and guidance as it relates to the 2018 Budget.

Prepared by: Chris Miller, Finance Director
Attachments: A: Ramsey County Assessor's Office 2018 Assessed Market Value Report

March 27, 2017

Dear Ramsey County Community,

We are respectfully submitting the 2017 Payable 2018 Ramsey County Assessor's Report.

The valuation notices mailed to each Ramsey County property owner on March 14, 2017 included the assessor's proposed 2017 estimated market value, the proposed taxable market value, and the proposed property classification for 2017 payable 2018.

Market conditions continue to recover and we are now seeing positive value trends that vary by market areas of the county and by property value and property type. Residential value growth continued to accelerate this past year. Commercial and apartment property values generally experienced greater appreciation than in the 1-3 unit residential property values.

Total growth in the 2017 assessed value of Ramsey County real property was $\$ 3.78$ billion, with $\$ 1.98$ billion of the growth in value coming from residential property. The total assessed estimated market value of Ramsey County property for 2017, taxes payable 2018, is $\$ 49.49$ billion, up from last year's $\$ 45.71$ billion (not-including personal property, utilities and railroad). The total countywide increase in market value of $\$ 3.78$ billion, included $\$ 600$ million of value from new construction.

As of the 2017 assessment, total estimated market value is $\$ 245,871,400$ below the peak 2007 estimated market value. The 2017 total estimated market value is also up $\$ 10,853,797,400$ from the most recent low point in the real estate cycle (2012 assessment). Growth in 2016 in many areas of Ramsey County was greater than it was in 2015 . Differences in the increases in value between the three major property classes will likely lead to some tax shifting from residential to apartment, commercial and industrial property in 2018.

The Homestead Market Value Exclusion benefits most homesteaded residential property in Ramsey County, but it also continues to exaggerate the impact of rising property values on residential property taxes. Due to the nature of the homestead benefit, which declines as the value rises, many homestead property owners are experiencing a greater increase in taxable market value than in their estimated market value. This pattern is established by law and is not scheduled to change.

## 2017 Assessment

The percentage changes in 2017 aggregate value by property class for the City of St. Paul, and for all the suburbs taken together and countywide are as follows:

|  | Overall | Residential | Commercial/Industrial | Apartments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| City of Saint Paul | +9.9\% | +7.1\% | +13.7\% | +17.4\% |
| Suburban Ramsey | +6.9\% | +5.7\% | +8.9\% | +11.8\% |
| Countywide | +8.3\% | +6.3\% | +11.0\% | +15.2\% |

Median Values for 2016 and 2017 are as follows:

|  |  |  | Residential | Commercial/Industrial | Apartments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| City of Saint Paul | - | 2016 | \$159,400 | \$397,100 | \$650,950 |
| City of Saint Paul | - | 2017 | \$172,000 | \$466,750 | \$714,000 |
| Suburban Ramsey | - | 2016 | \$208,100 | \$772,200 | \$1,255,700 |
| Suburban Ramsey | - | 2017 | \$220,600 | \$872,850 | \$1,463,200 |
| Countywide | - | 2016 | \$186,700 | \$513,100 | \$723,600 |
| Countywide | - | 2017 | \$199,400 | \$590,150 | \$790,000 |

## Residential Market Summary

Ramsey County experienced steady growth in the 2016 residential real estate market. According to Northstar MLS, the median sale price for residential property in Ramsey County was $\$ 200,000$ at the end of 2016 , up from $\$ 188,000$ at 2015 -year end. With continued job growth, positive wage increases, attractive rates, and rising rental rates, a healthy real estate market should continue.

A historic low supply of homes for sale and high demand are resulting in increasing sale prices and market values. In Ramsey County, foreclosures and short sales continue to fall. In 2016, foreclosures totaled 562, a drop from 714 in 2015, and a reduction of $80 \%$ from the 2008 peak.

Median values of single family homes increased most significantly in the St. Paul neighborhoods of North End, Thomas-Dale/Frogtown, and the Greater East Side. In the suburbs, the most significant value increases were in the cities of Arden Hills, White Bear Township and Shoreview.

The townhome and condo markets continue to show steady growth in value and strong sale volume. Townhomes in the Highland Park, Thomas-Dale/Frogtown, Greater East Side, New Brighton and Maplewood had the largest percentage increase in median value. Condos in Union Park, Macalester-Groveland, Highland Park Maplewood, White Bear Lake and Vadnais Heights had the largest percentage of increase in median value.

New home construction in Ramsey County in 2016 was strong once again. Notable developments included, Rapp Farm in North Oaks, Wheaton Woods in Roseville, Autumn Meadows Development in Shoreview and Pulte Enclave Development in New Brighton. The assessor's office continues to actively track all market activity and will continue to follow the prices determined by the market in 2017 for our 2018 assessment.

## Commercial Market Summary

Office - While many areas of Ramsey County are still experiencing a soft office market, the overall vacancy rate for competitive office space in downtown Saint Paul is at its lowest level since 2001. With the addition of several new housing options, and the continued redevelopment of the Lowertown area, downtown is showing strength. Although new office development remains scarce countywide, a couple of notable projects underway include significant improvements to the First National Bank Building downtown and a major expansion to the Land $\mathrm{O}^{\prime}$ Lakes corporate headquarters in Arden Hills.

The medical office market remains strong, which is evident by the construction of HealthPartners new neuroscience center on Phalen Boulevard in St. Paul. The continued strength of this property type is also evident by market fundamentals that make this sector a favorite among investors.

Retail - The retail market continues to adjust to different shopping trends. One of the brighter spots for retail is the result of intense competition among grocery stores competing for sites. Both, Kowalski's and Fresh Thyme Market added locations in Ramsey County in the past several months, and a new Aldi store is under construction
in Roseville. Rosedale Shopping Center is in the early stages of a major remodel, which will include the addition of a new Von Maur department store.

Well located retail properties continue to perform well, and have enjoyed value appreciation. Other properties are adjusting well to changing market trends. An example of this is the downtown Macy's store, which closed in 2013, but is now undergoing a major repurposing. The finished product will include a practice rink for the Minnesota Wild, an orthopedic clinic, a brewpub, and other retail and office space.

Industrial - The industrial market is showing considerable strength, partly due to the continued growth of ecommerce which is creating large demand for properties. This has resulted in dropping vacancy rates, strong sale volume, and price appreciation. Like office and multi-family developers and users in recent years, industrial users are beginning to look for properties that offer local amenities that are not available in outer tertiary locations. This bodes well for centrally located Ramsey County.

Several former St. Paul industrial properties have been redeveloped in the past year to new uses, including the former Silgan Can factory and former King Koil mattress factory. However, with strong market fundamentals, most properties are continuing to operate successfully as industrial uses.

Apartment - The Ramsey County apartment market remains very strong, with continued low vacancy, solid rent growth, robust development and continued strong sales volume and price appreciation. The continued strong sales activity has led to more competition from more parties. Capitalization rate compression is most evident in the Class B and C property classes.

In addition to the many new apartment projects either recently completed or in the works, several existing St. Paul buildings are being converted to apartments. These include the former Sibley Square office building, the Degree of Honor building and the former home of the Pioneer Press at 345 Cedar Street. Several new projects are also in the works in suburban Ramsey County. Although there are some signs that all of the new apartment units may begin to create competition for renters, demand is still strong enough to sustain growth for the foreseeable future.

## Revaluation Activities

Once again, we will have appraisers out reviewing one-fifth of the properties in the county. Thank you in advance for your cooperation with our appraisers as they perform their work. I encourage you to allow them to review the entire property. Our appraisers will always have Ramsey County identification, as well as records describing your property.

Please contact or email our office if you would like additional information about this years' assessment. We are happy to provide you with any available information that would be helpful to your research.

Our office may be reached at 651-266-2131 or by email at: AskCountyAssessor@co.ramsey.mn.us

Our website address is: www.ramseycounty.us/property

Sincerely,
Stephen L. Baker
Stephen L. Baker, CAE, SAMA
Ramsey County Assessor

CC: Ramsey County Commissioners, Ramsey County Manager, City Managers of Ramsey County

## RAMSEY COUNTY ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE TOTALS SORTED BY PROPERTY TYPE AND CITYISUBURBAN

2016 payable 2017 vs. 2017payable 2018

| CITY ST. PAUL | 2016 pay 2017 <br> ESTIMATED MARKET <br> VALUE TOTALS <br> (with Added <br> Improvement) | $\begin{aligned} & 2017 \text { pay } 2018 \\ & \text { ADDED } \\ & \text { IMPROVEMENT } \end{aligned}$ | 2017 pay 2018 <br> ESTIMATED MARKET <br> VALUE TOTALS <br> (with Added <br> Improvement) | ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE INCREASE FROM 2016 p 2017 TO 2017 p 2018 (Including Added Improvements) | ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE INCREASE FROM 2016 p 2017 TO 2017 p 2018 (Without Added Improvements) | Total Growth 16 to 17 Asmt |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RESIDENTIAL | 14,340,275,400 | 78,829,100 | 15,352,053,200 | 1,011,777,800 | 932,948,700 | 7.06\% |
| AGRICULTURAL HIGH VALUE | 1,162,500 | 0 | 1,162,500 | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| APARTMENT | 3,381,179,900 | 189,708,300 | 3,968,856,900 | 587,677,000 | 397,968,700 | 17.38\% |
| COMMERCIALI INDUSTRIAL | 3,737,283,600 | 115,926,200 | 4,250,825,300 | 513,541,700 | 397,615,500 | 13.74\% |
| TOTAL | 21,459,901,400 | 384,463,600 | 23,572,897,900 | 2,112,996,500 | 1,728,532,900 | 9.85\% |
| SUBURBS | 2016 pay 2017 <br> ESTIMATED MARKET <br> VALUE TOTALS <br> (with Added <br> Improvement) | $\begin{aligned} & 2017 \text { pay } 2018 \\ & \text { ADDED } \\ & \text { IMPROVEMENT } \end{aligned}$ | 2017 pay 2018 <br> ESTIMATED MARKET <br> VALUE TOTALS <br> (with Added <br> Improvement) | ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE INCREASE FROM 2016 p 2017 TO 2017 p 2018 (Including Added Improvements) | ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE INCREASE FROM 2016 p 2017 TO 2017 p 2018 (Without Added Improvements) | Total Growth 16 to 17 Asmt |
| RESIDENTIAL | 17,060,386,550 | 115,429,500 | 18,028,055,100 | 967,668,550 | 852,239,050 | 5.67\% |
| AGRICULTURAL HIGH VALUE | 36,779,100 | 0 | 36,584,900 | -194,200 | -194,200 | -0.53\% |
| APARTMENT | 2,188,788,550 | 61,506,600 | 2,447,301,500 | 258,512,950 | 197,006,350 | 11.81\% |
| COMMERCIALI INDUSTRIAL | 4,965,643,200 | 38,644,300 | 5,405,615,800 | 439,972,600 | 401,328,300 | 8.86\% |
| TOTAL | 24,251,597,400 | 215,580,400 | 25,917,557,300 | 1,665,959,900 | 1,450,379,500 | 6.87\% |
| COUNTY WIDE | 2016 pay 2017 ESTIMATED MARKET <br> VALUE TOTALS (with Added Improvement) | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \text { pay } 2018 \\ \text { ADDED } \\ \text { IMPROVEMENT } \end{gathered}$ | 2017 pay 2018 ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE TOTALS (with Added Improvement) | ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE INCREASE FROM 2016 p 2017 TO 2017 p 2018 (Including Added Improvements) | ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE INCREASE FROM 2016 p 2017 TO 2017 p 2018 (Without Added Improvements) | Total Growth 16 to 17 Asmt |
| RESIDENTIAL | 31,400,661,950 | 194,258,600 | 33,380,108,300 | 1,979,446,350 | 1,785,187,750 | 6.30\% |
| AGRICULTURAL HIGH VALUE | 37,941,600 | 0 | 37,747,400 | -194,200 | -194,200 | -0.51\% |
| APARTMENT | 5,569,968,450 | 251,214,900 | 6,416,158,400 | 846,189,950 | 594,975,050 | 15.19\% |
| COMMERCIALI INDUSTRIAL | 8,702,926,800 | 154,570,500 | 9,656,441,100 | 953,514,300 | 798,943,800 | 10.96\% |
| TOTAL | 45,711,498,800 | 600,044,000 | 49,490,455,200 | 3,778,956,400 | 3,178,912,400 | 8.27\% |

Al is Added Improvement
(Reported Values Exclude Personal Property, Manufactured Homes, and State Assessed Utility \& Railroad Property)
(All 2017 pay 2018 Values are subject to review and change until the conclusion of the Special Board of Appeal and Equalization in mid-June 2017) (2016 p 2017 Values Taken From the 2016 Spring Mini Abstract Ran on 3/11/16 (2017 p 2018 Values Taken From the 2017 Spring Mini Abstract Ran on 3/13/17 (Total Growth Includes Added Improvement for 2016 p 2017 and 2017 p 2018) (Includes Vacant Land for all Property Types)

TOTAL COUNTYWIDE ESTIMATED AND TAXABLE VALUE VS. MEDIAN RESIDENTIAL VALUE TRENDS* ASSESSMENT YEARS (2003-2017)
$\beth M E D I A N$ RESIDENTIAL VALUE $-E$ ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE - TAXABLE MARKET VALUE
*Total Countywide EMV excludes Exempt property value

Ramsey County Residential Median Property Value Trends


Ramsey County Commercial/Industrial Median Property Value Trends
\$1,000,000


Ramsey County Apartment Median Property Value Trends


City of Saint Paul - Overall Values (Allocated by Use) *


[^0]
## Ramsey County Suburban - Overall Values (Allocated by Use) *



[^1]
## Ramsey County - Overall Values (Allocated by Use) *



[^2]






## Ramsey County

Breakdown of 2017 Estimated Market Value and Percent Change from 2016

| 2017 | 2017 Residential Est. Market Value Less Added Improvement* | \% <br> Change in Resid. Value '16 to '17 | 2017 Apartment Est. Market Value Less Added Improvement* | \% <br> Change in Apt. Value '16 to '17 | 2017 <br> Commercial I Industrial Est. Market Value Less Added Imrovement* | ```% Change in Comm'I Value '16 to '17``` | 2017 <br> Agricultural Est. Market Value Less Added Improvement* | $\begin{aligned} & \% \text { Change } \\ & \text { in Ag } \\ & \text { Value '16 } \\ & \text { to ' } 17 \end{aligned}$ | 2017 Total Real Property Est. Market Value (Excludes Added Improvement, Utility, Leased Public, Manuf Homes and Railroad) | \% <br> Change in Total Value '16 to '17 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arden Hills | 848,586,500 | 7.69\% | 48,942,200 | 2.70\% | 341,483,500 | 3.68\% | - |  | 1,239,012,200 | 6.35\% |
| Blaine | 0 |  | 0 |  | 44,719,700 | 10.36\% | - |  | 44,719,700 | 10.36\% |
| Falcon Heights | 356,924,500 | 4.13\% | 54,133,700 | 3.66\% | 27,335,200 | 24.78\% | - |  | 438,393,400 | 5.15\% |
| Gem Lake | 78,086,300 | 1.53\% | 0 |  | 26,563,800 | 12.08\% | 2,923,500 | 2.87\% | 107,573,600 | 3.99\% |
| Lauderdale | 121,414,600 | 2.74\% | 38,905,100 | 4.72\% | 21,784,200 | 14.04\% | - |  | 182,103,900 | 4.40\% |
| Little Canada | 602,629,500 | 4.77\% | 142,534,200 | 8.11\% | 263,628,600 | 10.28\% | 1,224,600 | 0.69\% | 1,010,016,900 | 6.62\% |
| Maplewood | 2,440,531,000 | 4.70\% | 395,040,900 | 10.12\% | 1,003,013,700 | 6.25\% | 5,773,900 | 0.00\% | 3,844,359,500 | 5.63\% |
| Mounds View | 640,022,800 | 6.29\% | 125,165,500 | 23.83\% | 301,845,200 | 5.44\% | - |  | 1,067,033,500 | 7.84\% |
| North St Paul | 659,413,000 | 2.99\% | 102,606,100 | 10.31\% | 91,868,000 | 11.01\% | - |  | 853,887,100 | 4.64\% |
| New Brighton | 1,524,574,500 | 5.78\% | 260,396,400 | 8.41\% | 406,506,400 | 12.95\% | 1,495,800 | -15.90\% | 2,192,973,100 | 7.33\% |
| North Oaks | 1,172,106,200 | -1.80\% | 62,069,300 | 9.72\% | 48,108,100 | 8.73\% | 11,964,100 | 0.00\% | 1,294,247,700 | -0.92\% |
| Roseville | 2,641,122,100 | 3.57\% | 455,041,100 | 10.01\% | 1,410,251,000 | 6.60\% | 172,500 | 0.00\% | 4,506,586,700 | 5.13\% |
| Shoreview | 2,661,890,600 | 6.96\% | 149,796,900 | -0.71\% | 363,804,600 | 7.51\% | 4,806,000 | 0.00\% | 3,180,298,100 | 6.62\% |
| Spring Lake Park | 11,752,100 | 4.57\% | 675,800 | -16.59\% | 551,000 | 18.49\% | - |  | 12,978,900 | 3.72\% |
| St Anthony | 127,309,500 | 2.71\% | 148,273,800 | 9.23\% | 67,388,800 | 9.16\% | - |  | 342,972,100 | 6.70\% |
| St Paul | 15,273,224,100 | 6.51\% | 3,779,148,600 | 11.77\% | 4,134,899,100 | 10.64\% | 1,162,500 | 0.00\% | 23,188,434,300 | 8.05\% |
| Vadnais Heights | 1,054,034,800 | 6.57\% | 89,243,600 | 12.16\% | 385,010,600 | 10.81\% | 2,741,200 | 0.30\% | 1,531,030,200 | 7.91\% |
| White Bear Lake | 1,760,555,800 | 6.24\% | 305,923,600 | 7.97\% | 395,025,300 | 11.46\% | - |  | 2,461,504,700 | 7.26\% |
| White Bear Town | 1,211,671,800 | 7.13\% | 7,046,700 | 11.11\% | 168,083,800 | 12.45\% | 5,483,300 | 0.00\% | 1,392,285,600 | 7.73\% |
| Suburban | 17,912,625,600 | 5.00\% | 2,385,794,900 | 9.00\% | 5,366,971,500 | 8.08\% | 36,584,900 | -0.50\% | 25,701,976,900 | 5.98\% |
| Countywide | 33,185,849,700 | 5.69\% | 6,164,943,500 | 10.68\% | 9,501,870,600 | 9.18\% | 37,747,400 | -0.49\% | 48,890,411,200 | 6.95\% |

[^3]Ramsey County
Breakdown of 2016 Estimated Market Value and Percent Change from 2015

| 2016 | 2016 Residential Est. Market Value Less Added Improvement* | \% <br> Change <br> in Resid. <br> Value '15 <br> to '16 | 2016 Apartment Est. Market Value Less Added Improvement* | \% <br> Change in Apt. Value '15 to '16 | 2016 <br> Commercial I Industrial Est. Market Value Less Added Imrovement* | \% <br> Change in Comm'l Value '15 to '16 | 2016 <br> Agricultural Est. Market Value Less Added Improvement* | $\begin{gathered} \% \text { Change } \\ \text { in Ag } \\ \text { Value '15 } \\ \text { to '16 } \end{gathered}$ | 2016 Total Real Property Est. Market Value (Excludes Added Imp.t, Utility, Leased Public, Manuf Homes and Railroad) | \% <br> Change in Total Value '15 to '16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arden Hills | 783,397,000 | 2.61\% | 45,253,600 | 7.96\% | 324,528,400 | -0.10\% | - |  | 1,153,179,000 | 2.03\% |
| Blaine | 0 |  | 0 |  | 40,522,500 | 10.67\% | - |  | 40,522,500 | 10.67\% |
| Falcon Heights | 341,528,100 | 2.47\% | 51,637,900 | 16.78\% | 21,906,600 | 3.79\% | - |  | 415,072,600 | 4.13\% |
| Gem Lake | 75,494,000 | 3.06\% | 0 |  | 23,700,200 | 12.21\% | 2,841,800 | -1.79\% | 102,036,000 | 4.90\% |
| Lauderdale | 117,631,400 | -1.69\% | 37,151,200 | 14.80\% | 19,101,800 | 5.37\% | - |  | 173,884,400 | 2.20\% |
| Little Canada | 569,810,400 | 2.54\% | 131,837,400 | 18.47\% | 237,222,700 | 4.98\% | 1,216,200 | 9.41\% | 940,086,700 | 5.15\% |
| Maplewood | 2,323,978,200 | 4.06\% | 352,470,800 | 15.17\% | 921,624,400 | -4.52\% | 5,773,900 | 0.00\% | 3,603,847,300 | 2.66\% |
| Mounds View | 599,221,600 | 4.99\% | 101,081,100 | 16.53\% | 282,940,400 | 5.12\% | - |  | 983,243,100 | 6.11\% |
| North St Paul | 638,764,100 | 4.40\% | 90,687,400 | 17.05\% | 82,754,900 | 0.64\% | - |  | 812,206,400 | 5.27\% |
| New Brighton | 1,423,109,850 | 3.67\% | 240,196,550 | 18.24\% | 350,776,500 | 6.04\% | 1,778,500 | 5.33\% | 2,015,861,400 | 5.63\% |
| North Oaks | 1,155,154,600 | 2.36\% | 56,568,600 | 5.21\% | 44,244,100 | 2.63\% | 11,964,100 | 28.57\% | 1,267,931,400 | 2.69\% |
| Roseville | 2,537,937,100 | 4.62\% | 413,651,300 | 16.26\% | 1,305,172,000 | 2.87\% | 172,500 | 370.03\% | 4,256,932,900 | 5.10\% |
| Shoreview | 2,476,153,900 | 4.55\% | 137,155,200 | 18.09\% | 337,996,500 | -2.31\% | 4,806,000 | 0.00\% | 2,956,111,600 | 4.26\% |
| Spring Lake Park | 11,231,400 | 1.22\% | 810,200 | 19.89\% | 465,000 | 9.18\% | - |  | 12,506,600 | 2.53\% |
| St Anthony | 123,571,000 | 4.15\% | 129,580,900 | 11.31\% | 61,733,200 | -5.01\% | - |  | 314,885,100 | 4.94\% |
| St Paul | 14,264,143,600 | 4.44\% | 3,318,576,000 | 18.70\% | 3,677,073,300 | 5.16\% | 1,068,900 | 2.15\% | 21,260,861,800 | 6.57\% |
| Vadnais Heights | 985,060,400 | 0.15\% | 71,311,600 | 15.96\% | 345,158,600 | 3.90\% | 2,732,900 | 8.09\% | 1,404,263,500 | 1.77\% |
| White Bear Lake | 1,652,979,100 | 4.43\% | 258,261,100 | 16.19\% | 345,246,500 | 4.88\% | - | -100.00\% | 2,256,486,700 | 5.70\% |
| White Bear Town | 1,127,762,700 | 3.46\% | 6,342,000 | 3.23\% | 147,896,800 | 4.60\% | 5,483,300 | -0.39\% | 1,287,484,800 | 3.57\% |
| Suburban | 16,942,784,850 | 3.67\% | 2,123,996,850 | 15.69\% | 4,892,991,100 | 1.49\% | 36,769,200 | 7.75\% | 23,996,542,000 | 4.18\% |
| Countywide | 31,206,928,450 | 4.02\% | 5,442,572,850 | 17.51\% | 8,570,064,400 | 3.03\% | 37,838,100 | 7.59\% | 45,257,403,800 | 5.29\% |

[^4]
## Median Estimated Market Value Of Residential** In Ramsey County* 2016 Assessment Payable 2017 to 2017 Assessment Payable 2018 <br> Sorted by St. Paul Planning District or City

| Jurisdiction | MUNI \# | $\begin{gathered} 2016 \\ \text { \#Parcels } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { \#Parcels } \end{gathered}$ | \% Chg \#Parcels | $\begin{aligned} & \text { '16 p '17 } \\ & \text { Median } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | '17 p '18 Median Value | \% Chg <br> Median | '17 Average Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sunray-Battlecreek | 1 | 4,829 | 4,840 | 0.2\% | 159,800 | 168,900 | 5.7\% | 177,253 |
| Greater East Side | 2 | 6,995 | 7,005 | 0.1\% | 139,500 | 153,900 | 10.3\% | 152,127 |
| West Side | 3 | 3,706 | 3,710 | 0.1\% | 134,400 | 144,250 | 7.3\% | 153,895 |
| Dayton'S Bluff | 4 | 3,950 | 3,958 | 0.2\% | 110,300 | 115,800 | 5.0\% | 119,070 |
| Payne-Phalen | 5 | 6,736 | 6,749 | 0.2\% | 122,100 | 131,200 | 7.5\% | 132,920 |
| North End | 6 | 4,399 | 4,404 | 0.1\% | 102,500 | 121,000 | 18.0\% | 126,078 |
| Thomas Dale | 7 | 2,787 | 2,803 | 0.6\% | 100,400 | 111,700 | 11.3\% | 113,916 |
| Summit-University | 8 | 3,688 | 3,711 | 0.6\% | 186,100 | 199,000 | 6.9\% | 255,888 |
| West Seventh | 9 | 3,353 | 3,359 | 0.2\% | 149,400 | 162,600 | 8.8\% | 178,847 |
| Como | 10 | 4,863 | 4,865 | 0.0\% | 195,400 | 204,700 | 4.8\% | 213,031 |
| Hamline-Midway | 11 | 3,299 | 3,300 | 0.0\% | 154,500 | 167,700 | 8.5\% | 171,890 |
| St Anthony Park | 12 | 1,683 | 1,687 | 0.2\% | 278,800 | 285,600 | 2.4\% | 311,766 |
| Merriam | 13 | 3,853 | 3,859 | 0.2\% | 266,500 | 287,600 | 7.9\% | 326,626 |
| Macalester-Groveland | 14 | 6,291 | 6,287 | -0.1\% | 287,300 | 308,400 | 7.3\% | 340,371 |
| Highland | 15 | 6,481 | 6,489 | 0.1\% | 281,500 | 292,900 | 4.0\% | 335,376 |
| Summit Hill | 16 | 1,803 | 1,824 | 1.2\% | 355,800 | 367,600 | 3.3\% | 431,156 |
| Downtown | 17 | 1,836 | 1,833 | -0.---- | 152,600 | 160,-200 | 5.0\% | 201,-231 |
| Airport | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arden Hills | 25 | 2,562 | 2,573 | 0.4\% | 284,700 | 307,000 | 7.8\% | 327,819 |
| Blaine | 29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fairgrounds | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Falcon Heights | 33 | 1,292 | 1,292 | 0.0\% | 247,500 | 260,250 | 5.2\% | 276,110 |
| Gem Lake | 37 | 174 | 175 | 0.6\% | 246,900 | 262,500 | 6.3\% | 424,902 |
| Lauderdale | 47 | 647 | 643 | -0.6\% | 177,600 | 183,600 | 3.4\% | 188,012 |
| Little Canada | 53 | 2,666 | 2,670 | 0.2\% | 203,300 | 214,750 | 5.6\% | 223,267 |
| Maplewood | 57 | 11,188 | 11,198 | 0.1\% | 190,900 | 199,800 | 4.7\% | 214,866 |
| Mounds View | 59 | 3,126 | 3,131 | 0.2\% | 182,400 | 193,700 | 6.2\% | 200,794 |
| New Brighton | 63 | 6,178 | 6,207 | 0.5\% | 215,000 | 228,500 | 6.3\% | 242,429 |
| North Oaks | 67 | 1,716 | 1,745 | 1.7\% | 585,200 | 568,900 | -2.8\% | 646,026 |
| North St. Paul | 69 | 3,602 | 3,612 | 0.3\% | 166,800 | 170,950 | 2.5\% | 181,742 |
| Roseville | 79 | 10,774 | 10,790 | 0.1\% | 217,400 | 227,400 | 4.6\% | 240,100 |
| St. Anthony | 81 | 607 | 607 | 0.0\% | 182,200 | 186,800 | 2.5\% | 209,518 |
| Shoreview | 83 | 9,441 | 9,436 | -0.1\% | 241,850 | 260,300 | 7.6\% | 279,044 |
| Spring Lake Park | 85 | 69 | 69 | 0.0\% | 150,500 | 158,000 | 5.0\% | 170,320 |
| Vadnais Heights | 89 | 4,414 | 4,406 | -0.2\% | 207,200 | 220,150 | 6.3\% | 237,168 |
| White Bear Lake | 93 | 7,674 | 7,684 | 0.1\% | 191,500 | 204,100 | 6.6\% | 227,804 |
| White Bear Town | 97 | 4,383 | 4,400 | 0.4\% | 232,000 | 251,400 | 8.4\% | 272,726 |
| Suburbs |  | 70,513 | 70,638 | 0.2\% | 208,800 | 220,600 | 5.7\% | 250,190 |
| City of St. Paul |  | 70,552 | 70,683 | 0.2\% | 159,700 | 172,000 | 7.7\% | 214,327 |
| Countywide |  | 141,065 | 141,321 | 0.2\% | 187,100 | 199,400 | 6.6\% | 232,253 |

*Excludes: added improvement in 2017 values, leased public property, exempt property, and vacant land.
**Residential property includes single-family, duplexes, triplexes, condos and townhomes.

## Median Estimated Market Value Of Single-Family Homes In Ramsey County* 2016 Assessment Payable 2017 to 2017 Assessment Payable 2018 Sorted by St. Paul Planning District or City

| Jurisdiction | $\begin{gathered} \text { MUNI } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2016 \\ \text { \#Parcels } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { \#Parcels } \end{gathered}$ | \% Chg \#Parcels | '16 p '17 <br> Median Value | '17 p '18 Median Value | \% Chg <br> Median | '17 <br> Average Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sunray-Battlecreek | 1 | 4,361 | 4,363 | 0.0\% | 162,000 | 170,900 | 5.5\% | 181,433 |
| Greater East Side | 2 | 6,562 | 6,566 | 0.1\% | 139,700 | 154,400 | 10.5\% | 152,636 |
| West Side | 3 | 3,029 | 3,028 | 0.0\% | 134,200 | 144,000 | 7.3\% | 154,174 |
| Dayton'S Bluff | 4 | 3,188 | 3,192 | 0.1\% | 111,400 | 117,500 | 5.5\% | 119,598 |
| Payne-Phalen | 5 | 5,725 | 5,732 | 0.1\% | 122,950 | 133,200 | 8.3\% | 133,998 |
| North End | 6 | 3,683 | 3,688 | 0.1\% | 103,900 | 124,800 | 20.1\% | 127,990 |
| Thomas Dale | 7 | 2,166 | 2,183 | 0.8\% | 99,450 | 111,200 | 11.8\% | 112,482 |
| Summit-University | 8 | 1,893 | 1,896 | 0.2\% | 184,100 | 189,200 | 2.8\% | 263,692 |
| West Seventh | 9 | 2,369 | 2,371 | 0.1\% | 146,800 | 161,100 | 9.7\% | 164,344 |
| Como | 10 | 4,537 | 4,535 | 0.0\% | 197,600 | 207,100 | 4.8\% | 216,043 |
| Hamline-Midway | 11 | 2,912 | 2,914 | 0.1\% | 153,800 | 166,600 | 8.3\% | 170,091 |
| St Anthony Park | 12 | 1,092 | 1,094 | 0.2\% | 334,200 | 340,250 | 1.8\% | 356,778 |
| Merriam | 13 | 3,249 | 3,253 | 0.1\% | 269,100 | 286,600 | 6.5\% | 331,700 |
| Macalester-Groveland | 14 | 5,663 | 5,660 | -0.1\% | 291,400 | 312,200 | 7.1\% | 351,212 |
| Highland | 15 | 5,725 | 5,727 | 0.0\% | 295,100 | 305,400 | 3.5\% | 351,998 |
| Summit Hill | 16 | 1,132 | 1,135 | 0.3\% | 410,050 | 422,700 | 3.1\% | 501,847 |
| Downtown | 17 | 26 | 31 | 19.2\% | 292,450 | 287,500 | -1.7\% | 496,655 |
| Airport | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arden Hills | 25 | 2,134 | 2,143 | 0.4\% | 308,200 | 333,800 | 8.3\% | 362,988 |
| Blaine | 29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fairgrounds | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Falcon Heights | 33 | 1,135 | 1,135 | 0.0\% | 253,600 | 266,600 | 5.1\% | 283,822 |
| Gem Lake | 37 | 172 | 172 | 0.0\% | 246,900 | 262,850 | 6.5\% | 415,334 |
| Lauderdale | 47 | 483 | 479 | -0.8\% | 184,800 | 189,100 | 2.3\% | 201,461 |
| Little Canada | 53 | 1,730 | 1,732 | 0.1\% | 229,200 | 240,800 | 5.1\% | 277,747 |
| Maplewood | 57 | 8,946 | 8,953 | 0.1\% | 200,550 | 209,600 | 4.5\% | 228,323 |
| Mounds View | 59 | 2,848 | 2,853 | 0.2\% | 184,800 | 197,300 | 6.8\% | 204,107 |
| New Brighton | 63 | 5,061 | 5,083 | 0.4\% | 227,600 | 242,400 | 6.5\% | 259,411 |
| North Oaks | 67 | 1,536 | 1,561 | 1.6\% | 578,800 | 558,400 | -3.5\% | 645,074 |
| North St. Paul | 69 | 3,369 | 3,369 | 0.0\% | 168,450 | 172,800 | 2.6\% | 183,981 |
| Roseville | 79 | 8,553 | 8,553 | 0.0\% | 227,150 | 236,900 | 4.3\% | 262,530 |
| St. Anthony | 81 | 154 | 154 | 0.0\% | 263,700 | 278,700 | 5.7\% | 341,019 |
| Shoreview | 83 | 6,613 | 6,613 | 0.0\% | 266,200 | 289,800 | 8.9\% | 324,762 |
| Spring Lake Park | 85 | 34 | 34 | 0.0\% | 187,800 | 188,300 | 0.3\% | 192,438 |
| Vadnais Heights | 89 | 2,922 | 2,924 | 0.1\% | 229,250 | 246,200 | 7.4\% | 278,071 |
| White Bear Lake | 93 | 6,375 | 6,377 | 0.0\% | 194,700 | 208,400 | 7.0\% | 233,882 |
| White Bear Town | 97 | 3,416 | 3,424 | 0.2\% | 234,900 | 255,400 | 8.7\% | 285,452 |
| Suburbs |  | 55,481 | 55,559 | 0.1\% | 221,900 | 234,900 | 5.9\% | 270,972 |
| City of St. Paul |  | 57,312 | 57,368 | 0.1\% | 161,400 | 173,900 | 7.7\% | 218,783 |
| Countywide |  | 112,793 | 112,927 | 0.1\% | 197,400 | 209,900 | 6.3\% | 244,460 |

*Excludes: added improvement in 2017 values, leased public property, exempt property, and vacant land.
** Single-family includes half double dwellings (LUC: 510, 545)

## Median Estimated Market Value Of Townhomes In Ramsey County* <br> 2016 Assessment Payable 2017 to 2017 Assessment Payable 2018 <br> Sorted by St. Paul Planning District or City

| Jurisdiction | $\begin{gathered} \text { MUNI } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2016 \\ \text { \#Parcels } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { \#Parcels } \end{gathered}$ | \% Chg \#Parcels | '16 p '17 Median Value | '17 p '18 Median Value | \% Chg <br> Median | '17 Average Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sunray-Battlecreek | 1 | 159 | 159 | 0.0\% | 108,600 | 114,000 | 5.0\% | 114,845 |
| Greater East Side | 2 | 152 | 152 | 0.0\% | 116,300 | 128,200 | 10.2\% | 133,284 |
| West Side | 3 | 107 | 107 | 0.0\% | 118,800 | 124,700 | 5.0\% | 121,041 |
| Dayton'S Bluff | 4 | 44 | 44 | 0.0\% | 158,000 | 165,900 | 5.0\% | 147,766 |
| Payne-Phalen | 5 | 60 | 60 | 0.0\% | 129,700 | 136,200 | 5.0\% | 146,097 |
| North End | 6 | 143 | 143 | 0.0\% | 120,500 | 126,500 | 5.0\% | 142,599 |
| Thomas Dale | 7 | 45 | 45 | 0.0\% | 134,800 | 148,800 | 10.4\% | 146,071 |
| Summit-University | 8 | 189 | 191 | 1.1\% | 170,600 | 186,400 | 9.3\% | 229,743 |
| West Seventh | 9 | 141 | 143 | 1.4\% | 193,600 | 206,600 | 6.7\% | 241,459 |
| Como | 10 | 40 | 40 | 0.0\% | 170,100 | 185,800 | 9.2\% | 185,643 |
| Hamline-Midway | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| St Anthony Park | 12 | 85 | 85 | 0.0\% | 145,700 | 153,000 | 5.0\% | 154,192 |
| Merriam | 13 | 16 | 10 | -37.5\% | 360,250 | 287,950 | -20.1\% | 262,460 |
| Macalester-Groveland | 14 | 80 | 80 | 0.0\% | 247,800 | 265,500 | 7.1\% | 261,748 |
| Highland | 15 | 134 | 134 | 0.0\% | 176,700 | 199,800 | 13.1\% | 242,284 |
| Summit Hill | 16 | 36 | 36 | 0.0\% | 373,600 | 373,600 | 0.0\% | 404,494 |
| Downtown | 17 | 11 | 11 | 0.0\% | 402,800 | 402,800 | 0.0\% | 475,782 |
| Airport | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arden Hills | 25 | 349 | 349 | 0.0\% | 133,000 | 139,900 | 5.2\% | 162,506 |
| Blaine | 29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fairgrounds | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Falcon Heights | 33 | 53 | 53 | 0.0\% | 205,000 | 209,000 | 2.0\% | 265,236 |
| Gem Lake | 37 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lauderdale | 47 | 42 | 42 | 0.0\% | 190,250 | 199,750 | 5.0\% | 205,202 |
| Little Canada | 53 | 308 | 308 | 0.0\% | 211,450 | 219,250 | 3.7\% | 206,292 |
| Maplewood | 57 | 1,789 | 1,790 | 0.1\% | 148,500 | 163,300 | 10.0\% | 167,341 |
| Mounds View | 59 | 143 | 143 | 0.0\% | 166,200 | 171,400 | 3.1\% | 171,501 |
| New Brighton | 63 | 714 | 748 | 4.8\% | 163,600 | 172,900 | 5.7\% | 173,749 |
| North Oaks | 67 | 176 | 182 | 3.4\% | 609,400 | 622,200 | 2.1\% | 625,842 |
| North St. Paul | 69 | 111 | 117 | 5.4\% | 152,800 | 150,300 | -1.6\% | 148,403 |
| Roseville | 79 | 867 | 873 | 0.7\% | 190,800 | 197,300 | 3.4\% | 226,085 |
| St. Anthony | 81 | 204 | 204 | 0.0\% | 154,850 | 162,900 | 5.2\% | 175,082 |
| Shoreview | 83 | 2,282 | 2,282 | 0.0\% | 161,000 | 168,000 | 4.3\% | 189,348 |
| Spring Lake Park | 85 | 35 | 35 | 0.0\% | 146,200 | 153,500 | 5.0\% | 148,834 |
| Vadnais Heights | 89 | 904 | 913 | 1.0\% | 145,500 | 156,100 | 7.3\% | 183,115 |
| White Bear Lake | 93 | 1000 | 1003 | 0.3\% | 162,000 | 181,800 | 12.2\% | 196,834 |
| White Bear Town | 97 | 672 | 678 | 0.9\% | 264,800 | 276,500 | 4.4\% | 273,630 |
| Suburbs |  | 9,649 | 9,720 | 0.7\% | 163,300 | 172,300 | 5.5\% | 200,488 |
| City of St. Paul |  | 1,442 | 1,440 | -0.1\% | 145,700 | 153,000 | 5.0\% | 186,438 |
| Countywide |  | 11,091 | 11,160 | 0.6\% | 162,000 | 170,950 | 5.5\% | 198,675 |

*Excludes added improvement from 2017 values, leased public property, exempt property, and vacant land.
**Townhome property include LUCs: 570, 573, 574, 575

Median Estimated Market Value Of Condos/Co-Ops In Ramsey County* 2016 Assessment Payable 2017 to 2017 Assessment Payable 2018

Sorted by St. Paul Planning District or City

| Jurisdiction | $\begin{gathered} \text { MUNI } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2016 \\ \text { \#Parcels } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { \#Parcels } \end{gathered}$ | \% Chg \#Parcels | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { '16 p '17 } \\ \text { Median } \\ \text { Value } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | '17 p '18 Median Value | \% Chg <br> Median | '17 Average Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sunray-Battlecreek | 1 | 111 | 111 | 0.0\% | 79,000 | 86,300 | 9.2\% | 83,444 |
| Greater East Side | 2 | 81 | 86 | 6.2\% | 106,300 | 116,700 | 9.8\% | 110,021 |
| West Side | 3 | 80 | 102 | 27.5\% | 102,300 | 95,200 | -6.9\% | 102,481 |
| Dayton'S Bluff | 4 | 113 | 120 | 6.2\% | 65,800 | 68,800 | 4.6\% | 70,093 |
| Payne-Phalen | 5 | 38 | 38 | 0.0\% | 74,400 | 79,100 | 6.3\% | 65,255 |
| North End | 6 | 164 | 168 | 2.4\% | 81,600 | 87,350 | 7.0\% | 93,968 |
| Thomas Dale | 7 | 183 | 183 | 0.0\% | 57,100 | 62,800 | 10.0\% | 64,514 |
| Summit-University | 8 | 1,048 | 1,053 | 0.5\% | 175,900 | 188,800 | 7.3\% | 216,033 |
| West Seventh | 9 | 413 | 508 | 23.0\% | 224,100 | 210,500 | -6.1\% | 241,717 |
| Como | 10 | 94 | 94 | 0.0\% | 86,400 | 93,750 | 8.5\% | 98,503 |
| Hamline-Midway | 11 | 12 | 16 | 33.3\% | 73,100 | 80,400 | 10.0\% | 80,900 |
| St Anthony Park | 12 | 356 | 356 | 0.0\% | 197,900 | 208,700 | 5.5\% | 211,019 |
| Merriam | 13 | 112 | 118 | 5.4\% | 121,700 | 142,300 | 16.9\% | 189,477 |
| Macalester-Groveland | 14 | 246 | 246 | 0.0\% | 42,700 | 56,500 | 32.3\% | 70,726 |
| Highland | 15 | 461 | 461 | 0.0\% | 148,400 | 159,600 | 7.5\% | 170,505 |
| Summit Hill | 16 | 463 | 476 | 2.8\% | 189,800 | 200,450 | 5.6\% | 239,318 |
| Downtown | 17 | 1,878 | 1,880 | 0.1\% | 143,600 | 150,900 | 5.1\% | 185,627 |
| Airport | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arden Hills | 25 | 72 | 72 | 0.0\% | 84,700 | 89,800 | 6.0\% | 84,846 |
| Blaine | 29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fairgrounds | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Falcon Heights | 33 | 93 | 93 | 0.0\% | 198,600 | 198,600 | 0.0\% | 194,714 |
| Gem Lake | 37 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lauderdale | 47 | 104 | 104 | 0.0\% | 110,400 | 116,950 | 5.9\% | 108,833 |
| Little Canada | 53 | 612 | 612 | 0.0\% | 66,700 | 78,300 | 17.4\% | 78,244 |
| Maplewood | 57 | 512 | 511 | -0.2\% | 108,700 | 122,900 | 13.1\% | 121,982 |
| Mounds View | 59 | 154 | 154 | 0.0\% | 114,750 | 121,000 | 5.4\% | 124,854 |
| New Brighton | 63 | 404 | 402 | -0.5\% | 117,500 | 128,450 | 9.3\% | 125,724 |
| North Oaks | 67 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North St. Paul | 69 | 77 | 77 | 0.0\% | 117,700 | 127,900 | 8.7\% | 129,796 |
| Roseville | 79 | 1,256 | 1,545 | 23.0\% | 76,000 | 86,900 | 14.3\% | 104,203 |
| St. Anthony | 81 | 238 | 238 | 0.0\% | 134,500 | 148,300 | 10.3\% | 151,121 |
| Shoreview | 83 | 515 | 592 | 15.0\% | 77,700 | 91,200 | 17.4\% | 103,570 |
| Spring Lake Park | 85 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vadnais Heights | 89 | 550 | 550 | 0.0\% | 93,900 | 111,600 | 18.8\% | 109,624 |
| White Bear Lake | 93 | 207 | 207 | 0.0\% | 120,100 | 135,500 | 12.8\% | 176,243 |
| White Bear Town | 97 | 277 | 276 | -0.4\% | 98,100 | 111,800 | 14.0\% | 114,955 |
| Suburbs |  | 5,357 | 5,433 | 1.4\% | 91,800 | 102,300 | 11.4\% | 112,699 |
| City of St. Paul |  | 5,853 | 6,016 | 2.8\% | 143,000 | 150,800 | 5.5\% | 180,330 |
| Countywide |  | 11,210 | 11,449 | 2.1\% | 106,800 | 116,300 | 8.9\% | 148,237 |

*Excludes added improvement from 2017 values, leased public property, exempt property, and vacant land.
*Starting with the 2017 report, Residential Co-Ops are included in this chart.
**LUCs: 550 and 560

## Residential Sales Between 10/1/15 and 9/30/16 By District / City

| Jurisdiction | $\begin{gathered} \text { MUNI } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | Sale Count | Median Price | Average Price | Standard Deviation | Minimum Price | Maximum Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sunray-Battlecreek | 1 | 183 | 180,000 | 185,651 | 60,672 | 56,600 | 590,000 |
| Greater East Side | 2 | 238 | 157,464 | 154,968 | 33,134 | 37,000 | 335,000 |
| West Side | 3 | 107 | 156,589 | 157,572 | 47,767 | 40,000 | 315,000 |
| Dayton'S Bluff | 4 | 123 | 145,500 | 148,569 | 51,078 | 43,500 | 330,000 |
| Payne-Phalen | 5 | 273 | 148,847 | 146,658 | 46,364 | 20,000 | 309,000 |
| North End | 6 | 150 | 139,840 | 140,392 | 52,890 | 35,000 | 350,000 |
| Thomas Dale | 7 | 99 | 136,770 | 132,459 | 42,894 | 30,000 | 362,392 |
| Summit-University | 8 | 157 | 219,705 | 250,535 | 119,672 | 78,000 | 720,000 |
| West Seventh | 9 | 103 | 188,000 | 229,441 | 148,615 | 60,000 | 975,625 |
| Como | 10 | 204 | 203,376 | 212,263 | 69,262 | 67,000 | 600,000 |
| Hamline-Midway | 11 | 130 | 178,737 | 184,200 | 51,941 | 87,000 | 532,000 |
| St Anthony | 12 | 82 | 239,850 | 282,324 | 126,586 | 118,000 | 749,000 |
| Merriam | 13 | 152 | 274,075 | 307,148 | 142,686 | 80,000 | 905,000 |
| Macalester-Groveland | 14 | 313 | 306,900 | 336,399 | 179,057 | 37,580 | 1,495,000 |
| Highland | 15 | 330 | 277,500 | 321,848 | 173,818 | 79,000 | 2,245,000 |
| Summit Hill | 16 | 72 | 324,975 | 379,491 | 221,189 | 86,000 | 1,100,000 |
| Downtown | 17 | 181 | 170,000 | 200,300 | 125,639 | 55,000 | 850,000 |
| Arden Hills | 25 | 74 | 263,088 | 307,153 | 183,629 | 75,563 | 1,220,000 |
| Falcon Heights | 33 | 35 | 288,800 | 289,559 | 80,311 | 130,000 | 518,406 |
| Gem Lake | 37 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lauderdale | 47 | 24 | 176,815 | 166,896 | 55,766 | 86,755 | 304,600 |
| Little Canada | 53 | 122 | 213,715 | 216,734 | 130,986 | 51,500 | 740,000 |
| Maplewood | 57 | 432 | 199,330 | 215,347 | 76,120 | 55,900 | 530,000 |
| Mounds View | 59 | 117 | 190,000 | 193,964 | 56,431 | 75,000 | 362,900 |
| New Brighton | 63 | 219 | 232,000 | 254,644 | 109,116 | 78,000 | 805,000 |
| North Oaks | 67 | 71 | 593,000 | 612,946 | 285,287 | 162,300 | 1,690,000 |
| North St. Paul | 69 | 132 | 197,000 | 202,027 | 54,596 | 89,900 | 365,000 |
| Roseville | 79 | 381 | 219,000 | 229,206 | 111,140 | 42,100 | 785,000 |
| St. Anthony | 81 | 34 | 162,000 | 197,801 | 118,333 | 62,900 | 543,510 |
| Shoreview | 83 | 331 | 223,000 | 247,691 | 134,656 | 56,163 | 1,400,000 |
| Spring Lake | 85 | 3 | 147,750 | 164,599 | 31,594 | 145,000 | 201,046 |
| Vadnais | 89 | 146 | 207,200 | 225,645 | 108,471 | 84,000 | 641,000 |
| White Bear | 93 | 248 | 206,075 | 232,398 | 133,505 | 70,000 | 1,500,000 |
| White Bear | 97 | 150 | 240,775 | 259,643 | 170,865 | 50,000 | 1,775,000 |
| City of St. Paul |  | 2,897 | 186,735 | 226,211 | 138,830 | 20,000 | 2,245,000 |
| Suburbs |  | 2,519 | 216,326 | 242,575 | 140,127 | 42,100 | 1,775,000 |
| Countywide |  | 5,416 | 201,000 | 233,822 | 139,661 | 20,000 | 2,245,000 |

[^5]Median Estimated Market Value Of Apartments In Ramsey County* 2016 Assessment Payable 2017 to 2017 Assessment Payable 2018 Sorted by City

| Jurisdiction | $\begin{gathered} \text { MUNI } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | $2016$ <br> \#Parcels | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { \#Parcels } \end{gathered}$ | \% Chg \#Parcels | '16 p '17 Median Value | '17 p '18 <br> Median <br> Value | \% Chg <br> Median | '17 Average Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sunray-Battlecreek | 1 | 30 | 30 | 0.0\% | 7,490,150 | 8,019,700 | 7.1\% | 8,535,017 |
| Greater East Side | 2 | 96 | 96 | 0.0\% | 710,550 | 766,600 | 7.9\% | 1,664,244 |
| West Side | 3 | 69 | 73 | 5.8\% | 304,800 | 335,300 | 10.0\% | 1,450,968 |
| Dayton'S Bluff | 4 | 101 | 105 | 4.0\% | 303,400 | 369,700 | 21.9\% | 989,328 |
| Payne-Phalen | 5 | 151 | 154 | 2.0\% | 303,400 | 326,000 | 7.4\% | 1,040,648 |
| North End | 6 | 112 | 114 | 1.8\% | 1,229,450 | 1,098,000 | -10.7\% | 1,565,351 |
| Thomas Dale | 7 | 74 | 79 | 6.8\% | 278,600 | 330,800 | 18.7\% | 807,958 |
| Summit-University | 8 | 205 | 216 | 5.4\% | 526,500 | 579,850 | 10.1\% | 1,288,029 |
| West Seventh | 9 | 65 | 68 | 4.6\% | 424,500 | 482,350 | 13.6\% | 3,840,890 |
| Como | 10 | 46 | 49 | 6.5\% | 790,900 | 846,000 | 7.0\% | 4,041,265 |
| Hamline-Midway | 11 | 85 | 86 | 1.2\% | 384,600 | 453,050 | 17.8\% | 847,994 |
| St Anthony Park | 12 | 75 | 82 | 9.3\% | 702,300 | 850,600 | 21.1\% | 3,045,006 |
| Merriam | 13 | 240 | 247 | 2.9\% | 493,150 | 550,800 | 11.7\% | 1,203,123 |
| Macalester-Groveland | 14 | 122 | 123 | 0.8\% | 799,450 | 848,500 | 6.1\% | 1,156,773 |
| Highland | 15 | 144 | 151 | 4.9\% | 1,246,050 | 1,341,800 | 7.7\% | 3,721,437 |
| Summit Hill | 16 | 112 | 111 | -0.9\% | 770,150 | 827,800 | 7.5\% | 1,169,079 |
| Downtown | 17 | 41 | 49 | 19.5\% | 4,819,400 | 5,440,900 | 12.9\% | 10,565,624 |
| Airport | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arden Hills | 25 | 5 | 5 | 0.0\% | 5,615,700 | 6,264,000 | 11.5\% | 8,725,060 |
| Blaine | 29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fairgrounds | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Falcon Heights | 33 | 24 | 24 | 0.0\% | 753,250 | 821,850 | 9.1\% | 2,354,908 |
| Gem Lake | 37 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lauderdale | 47 | 17 | 17 | 0.0\% | 1,029,900 | 1,124,600 | 9.2\% | 2,284,582 |
| Little Canada | 53 | 37 | 38 | 2.7\% | 322,600 | 379,100 | 17.5\% | 3,787,339 |
| Maplewood | 57 | 87 | 94 | 8.0\% | 2,089,400 | 2,392,450 | 14.5\% | 4,181,372 |
| Mounds View | 59 | 62 | 64 | 3.2\% | 335,650 | 500,800 | 49.2\% | 1,953,780 |
| New Brighton | 63 | 61 | 64 | 4.9\% | 1,768,800 | 2,038,450 | 15.2\% | 4,056,339 |
| North Oaks | 67 |  | 4 |  |  | 10695900 |  | 15127450 |
| North St. Paul | 69 | 63 | 64 | 1.6\% | 359,000 | 418,100 | 16.5\% | 1,592,497 |
| Roseville | 79 | 98 | 102 | 4.1\% | 1,520,850 | 1,669,850 | 9.8\% | 4,409,800 |
| St. Anthony | 81 | 24 | 25 | 4.2\% | 1,339,900 | 1,470,600 | 9.8\% | 5,920,968 |
| Shoreview | 83 | 16 | 16 | 0.0\% | 5,882,900 | 6,456,800 | 9.8\% | 8,807,594 |
| Spring Lake Park | 85 | 1 | 1 | 0.0\% | 810,200 | 675,800 | -16.6\% | 675,800 |
| Vadnais Heights | 89 | 28 | 29 | 3.6\% | 1,397,400 | 1,552,600 | 11.1\% | 3,034,797 |
| White Bear Lake | 93 | 53 | 59 | 11.3\% | 2,970,000 | 3,038,900 | 2.3\% | 5,153,188 |
| White Bear Twp | 97 | 1 | 1 | 0.0\% | 6,342,000 | 7,046,700 | 11.1\% | 7,046,700 |
| Suburbs |  | 577 | 607 | 5.2\% | 1,255,700 | 1,463,200 | 16.5\% | 3,890,513 |
| City of St. Paul |  | 1,768 | 1,833 | 3.7\% | 650,950 | 714,000 | 9.7\% | 2,038,770 |
| Countywide |  | 2,345 | 2,440 | 4.1\% | 723,600 | 790,000 | 9.2\% | 2,499,429 |

*Excludes added improvement in 2017 values, and leased public property and vacant land..

| Median Estimated Market Value of Apartments in City Of St. Paul* <br> 2016 Assessment Payable 2017 to 2017 Assessment Payable 2018, Sorted by LUC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Property Desc. | LUC | $2016$ <br> \#Parcels | $2017$ <br> \#Parcels | \% Chg \#Parcels | $\begin{gathered} 16 \text { p '17 } \\ \text { Median Value } \end{gathered}$ | 17 p '18 <br> Median Value | \% Chg Median |
| 4-6 Units**** | 401 | 670 | 796 | 18.8\% | 293,900 | 336,300 | 14.4\% |
| 7-19 Units**** | 402 | 652 | 668 | 2.5\% | 726,000 | 785,300 | 8.2\% |
| 20-49 Units | 403 | 257 | 279 | 8.6\% | 1,873,000 | 1,979,900 | 5.7\% |
| 50-99 Units | 404 | 86 | 99 | 15.1\% | 4,808,400 | 5,457,600 | 13.5\% |
| 100+ Units | 408 | 106 | 145 | 36.8\% | 11,119,500 | 13,797,200 | 24.1\% |
| Vacant Land** | 405 | 172 | 189 | 9.9\% | 43,600 | 51,000 | 17.0\% |
| Apt Misc. Improv | 406 | 16 | 16 | 0.0\% | 129,200 | 142,100 | 10.0\% |
| Fraternity/Sorority | 407 | 7 | 7 | 0.0\% | 426,500 | 469,200 | 10.0\% |
| Bed And Breakfast | 409 | 2 | 3 | 50.0\% | 411,300 | 412,200 | 0.2\% |
| Nursing Home | 412 | 17 | 15 | -11.8\% | 1,277,800 | 1,887,300 | 47.7\% |
| Assisted Living Apt. | 413 | 8 | 9 | 12.5\% | 2,050,850 | 4,835,500 | 135.8\% |
| All City |  | 1,993 | 2,226 | 11.7\% | 552,200 | 609,950 | 10.5\% |

*Excludes added improvement in 2017 values, leased public property, exempt property.
** \#Parcels include vacant land parcels (405)
****For the 2017 report, LUC 412 and 413 data was added to this chart. 16P17 figures were updated as well.

Median Estimated Market Value of Apartments in Suburbs* 2016 Assessment Payable 2017 to 2017 Assessment Payable 2018, Sorted by LUC

| Property Desc. | LUC | $2016$ <br> \#Parcels | $2017$ <br> \#Parcels | \% Chg \#Parcels | 16 p '17 <br> Median Value | 17 p '18 Median Value | \% Chg <br> Median |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4-6 Units**** | 401 | 137 | 147 | 7.3\% | 286,600 | 338,400 | 18.1\% |
| 7-19 Units**** | 402 | 177 | 179 | 1.1\% | 984,000 | 1,116,800 | 13.5\% |
| 20-49 Units | 403 | 109 | 113 | 3.7\% | 2,422,900 | 2,735,700 | 12.9\% |
| $50-99$ Units | 404 | 85 | 91 | 7.1\% | 6,022,900 | 6,825,100 | 13.3\% |
| 100+ Units | 408 | 67 | 77 | 14.9\% | 11,120,500 | 12,728,600 | 14.5\% |
| Vacant Land** | 405 | 68 | 73 | 7.4\% | 55,950 | 58,300 | 4.2\% |
| Apt Misc. Improv | 406 | 5 | 6 | 20.0\% | 69,300 | 111,400 | 60.8\% |
| Fraternity/Sorority | 407 | - | - | - |  |  | - |
| Bed And Breakfast | 409 | - | - | - |  |  | - |
| Nursing Home | 412 | 9 | 8 | -11.1\% | 2,853,300 | 2,450,000 | -14.1\% |
| Assisted Living Apt. | 413 | 12 | 14 | 16.7\% | 5,908,000 | 7,411,450 | 25.4\% |
| All Suburban*** |  | 669 | 708 | 5.8\% | 1,130,800 | 1,286,100 | 13.7\% |

*Excludes added improvement in 2017 values, leased public property, exempt property.
** \#Parcels include vacant land parcels (405)
****For the 2017 report, LUC 412 and 413 data was added to this chart. 16P17 figures were updated as well.

Median Estimated Market Value Of Commercial Property In Ramsey County* 2016 Assessment Payable 2017 to 2017 Assessment Payable 2018 Sorted by City I District

| Jurisdiction | MUNI \# | 2016 \#Parcels | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { \#Parcels } \end{gathered}$ | \% Chg \#Parcels | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 16 \text { p '17 } \\ & \text { Median } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | '17 p '18 <br> Median Value | \% Chg <br> Median | Maximum Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sunray-Battlecreek | 1 | 68 | 65 | -4.41\% | 840,850 | 934,000 | 11.08\% | 23,859,100 |
| Greater East Side | 2 | 102 | 102 | 0.00\% | 286,400 | 318,200 | 11.10\% | 21,711,100 |
| West Side | 3 | 206 | 206 | 0.00\% | 391,850 | 448,600 | 14.48\% | 23,560,000 |
| Dayton'S Bluff | 4 | 151 | 156 | 3.31\% | 194,600 | 234,550 | 20.53\% | 19,800,000 |
| Payne-Phalen | 5 | 306 | 308 | 0.65\% | 206,050 | 251,350 | 21.98\% | 24,464,700 |
| North End | 6 | 285 | 282 | -1.05\% | 282,800 | 336,750 | 19.08\% | 8,085,100 |
| Thomas Dale | 7 | 179 | 184 | 2.79\% | 375,400 | 456,100 | 21.50\% | 7,589,400 |
| Summit-University | 8 | 154 | 163 | 5.84\% | 363,850 | 408,500 | 12.27\% | 9,830,200 |
| West Seventh | 9 | 227 | 232 | 2.20\% | 402,000 | 476,150 | 18.45\% | 32,285,300 |
| Como | 10 | 82 | 86 | 4.88\% | 356,750 | 374,000 | 4.84\% | 19,750,400 |
| Hamline-Midway | 11 | 164 | 167 | 1.83\% | 431,800 | 495,300 | 14.71\% | 17,365,100 |
| St Anthony Park | 12 | 245 | 249 | 1.63\% | 739,200 | 858,800 | 16.18\% | 20,134,000 |
| Merriam | 13 | 221 | 221 | 0.00\% | 455,200 | 554,300 | 21.77\% | 27,581,400 |
| Macalester-Groveland | 14 | 144 | 144 | 0.00\% | 434,050 | 509,200 | 17.31\% | 3,563,500 |
| Highland | 15 | 137 | 136 | -0.73\% | 650,000 | 728,350 | 12.05\% | 13,417,900 |
| Summit Hill | 16 | 111 | 111 | 0.00\% | 634,900 | 756,000 | 19.07\% | 11,175,300 |
| Downtown | 17 | 251 | 253 | 0.80\% | 397,950 | 499,900 | 25.62\% | 84,142,400 |
| Airport | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arden Hills | 25 | 93 | 96 | 3.23\% | 1,675,200 | 1,825,650 | 8.98\% | 54,720,000 |
| Blaine | 29 | 24 | 24 | 0.00\% | 932,850 | 1,239,800 | 32.90\% | 6,318,700 |
| Fairgrounds | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Falcon Heights | 33 | 18 | 18 | 0.00\% | 708,350 | 801,200 | 13.11\% | 3,311,400 |
| Gem Lake | 37 | 34 | 34 | 0.00\% | 470,700 | 557,700 | 18.48\% | 3,912,400 |
| Lauderdale | 47 | 16 | 16 | 0.00\% | 759,850 | 866,800 | 14.08\% | 3,300,000 |
| Little Canada | 53 | 233 | 236 | 1.29\% | 389,800 | 448,100 | 14.96\% | 20,973,700 |
| Maplewood | 57 | 386 | 393 | 1.81\% | 832,200 | 958,000 | 15.12\% | 142,500,000 |
| Mounds View | 59 | 83 | 83 | 0.00\% | 932,100 | 1,100,000 | 18.01\% | 123,088,600 |
| New Brighton | 63 | 202 | 203 | 0.50\% | 740,200 | 862,500 | 16.52\% | 16,100,000 |
| North Oaks | 67 | 17 | 14 | -17.65\% | 2,593,900 | 2,427,750 | -6.41\% | 16,466,600 |
| North St. Paul | 69 | 106 | 105 | -0.94\% | 370,200 | 421,100 | 13.75\% | 10,146,000 |
| Roseville | 79 | 427 | 424 | -0.70\% | 1,501,000 | 1,647,050 | 9.73\% | 123,935,900 |
| St. Anthony | 81 | 41 | 40 | -2.44\% | 1,006,200 | 1,154,950 | 14.78\% | 12,150,000 |
| Shoreview | 83 | 127 | 129 | 1.57\% | 1,081,600 | 1,144,000 | 5.77\% | 38,743,400 |
| Spring Lake Park | 85 | 2 | 2 | 0.00\% | 214,950 | 257,950 | 20.00\% | 304,700 |
| Vadnais Heights | 89 | 180 | 180 | 0.00\% | 874,750 | 1,021,450 | 16.77\% | 17,780,900 |
| White Bear Lake | 93 | 356 | 351 | -1.40\% | 447,500 | 480,000 | 7.26\% | 13,769,500 |
| White Bear Twp | 97 | 72 | 76 | 5.56\% | 817,350 | 938,150 | 14.78\% | 9,606,000 |
| Suburbs |  | 2,417 | 2,424 | 0.29\% | 772,200 | 872,850 | 13.03\% | 142,500,000 |
| City of St. Paul |  | 3,033 | 3,065 | 1.06\% | 397,100 | 466,750 | 17.54\% | 84,142,400 |
| Countywide |  | 5,450 | 5,489 | 0.72\% | 513,100 | 590,150 | 15.02\% | 142,500,000 |

[^6]All Ramsey County Commercial Property By Land Use Code
2016 Payable 2017 Assessment vs. 2017 Payable 2018 Assessment
By Land Use Code (LUC) -COUNTYWIDE

| LUC | Property Use - Land use | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 2016 \\ \text { \#Parcels } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 2017 \\ \text { \#Parcels } \end{array}$ | \% Chg \#Parcels | $\begin{gathered} \hline 16 \mathrm{p} \cdot 17 \\ \text { Median } \\ \text { Value } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | '17 p '18 Median Value | \% Chg Median | '17 <br> Average Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 310 | Food \& Drink Process Plants \& Storage | 14 | 15 | 7.14\% | 1,200,550 | 1,696,700 | 41.33\% | 2,695,947 |
| 320 | Foundries \& Heavy Manufact Plants | 16 | 15 | -6.25\% | 1,450,650 | 1,452,600 | 0.13\% | 3,655,920 |
| 340 | Manufacturing \& Assembly Light | 268 | 270 | 0.75\% | 1,102,600 | 1,307,050 | 18.54\% | 1,986,360 |
| 398 | Industrial - Minumum Improvement | 9 | 6 | -33.33\% | 553,100 | 1,392,350 | -151.74\% | 1,605,367 |
| 399 | Other Industrial Structures | 24 | 27 | 12.50\% | 236,300 | 273,000 | 15.53\% | 827,200 |
| 410 | Motels \& Tourist Cabins | 16 | 15 | -6.25\% | 1,843,750 | 2,137,800 | 15.95\% | 2,604,653 |
| 411 | Hotels | 24 | 28 | 16.67\% | 5,356,450 | 6,635,550 | 23.88\% | 7,991,307 |
| 415 | Trailer/ Mobile Home Park | 26 | 27 | 3.85\% | 2,909,200 | 3,519,800 | 20.99\% | 4,026,289 |
| 420 | Small Detached Retail (Under 10,000 Sf) | 487 | 492 | 1.03\% | 315,000 | 378,000 | 20.00\% | 457,941 |
| 421 | Supermarkets | 31 | 32 | 3.23\% | 2,834,900 | 2,981,050 | 5.16\% | 3,600,834 |
| 422 | Discount Stores \& Jr Dept Stores | 18 | 18 | 0.00\% | 10,483,950 | 10,483,950 | 0.00\% | 11,025,661 |
| 423 | Medium Detached Retail | 103 | 107 | 3.88\% | 1,633,000 | 1,850,000 | 13.29\% | 2,156,133 |
| 424 | Full Line Department Stores | 9 | 10 | 11.11\% | 8,050,100 | 7,240,250 | -10.06\% | 6,888,260 |
| 425 | Neighborhood Shopping Center | 77 | 75 | -2.60\% | 2,769,300 | 3,303,100 | 19.28\% | 4,273,460 |
| 426 | Community Shopping Center | 25 | 25 | 0.00\% | 8,548,000 | 12,033,200 | 40.77\% | 13,445,276 |
| 427 | Regional Shopping Center | 4 | 3 | -25.00\% | 56,500,000 | 78,000,000 | 38.05\% | 76,497,600 |
| 428 | Veterinary Clinic | 27 | 27 | 0.00\% | 519,700 | 603,800 | 16.18\% | 631,085 |
| 429 | Mixed Residentia//Commercial | 596 | 606 | 1.68\% | 275,750 | 326,750 | 18.50\% | 469,132 |
| 430 | Restaurant, Cafeteria, And/Or Bar | 203 | 209 | 2.96\% | 467,700 | 543,400 | 16.19\% | 849,978 |
| 431 | Small Strip Center | 82 | 84 | 2.44\% | 906,650 | 1,033,350 | 13.97\% | 1,262,851 |
| 432 | Convenience Store | 134 | 132 | $-1.49 \%$ | 579,350 | 693,350 | 19.68\% | 804,039 |
| 433 | Mixed Retail /Commercial | 45 | 54 | 20.00\% | 715,000 | 921,100 | 28.83\% | 1,434,567 |
| 434 | Retail Condo | 6 | 5 | -16.67\% | 137,350 | 157,600 | 14.74\% | 309,660 |
| 435 | Drive-In Restaurant/Food Service Facility | 131 | 131 | 0.00\% | 663,400 | 763,000 | 15.01\% | 808,049 |
| 437 | Daycare Centers | 38 | 43 | 13.16\% | 816,900 | 914,900 | 12.00\% | 964,216 |
| 441 | Funeral Homes | 30 | 30 | 0.00\% | 712,250 | 819,100 | 15.00\% | 931,880 |
| 442 | Medical Clinics \& Offices | 103 | 104 | 0.97\% | 499,200 | 586,650 | 17.52\% | 1,336,414 |
| 443 | Medical Office | 49 | 50 | 2.04\% | 2,927,600 | 3,478,050 | 18.80\% | 5,284,764 |
| 444 | Full Service Banks | 80 | 80 | 0.00\% | 1,273,000 | 1,428,850 | 12.24\% | 1,784,531 |
| 446 | Corporate Campus | 7 | 7 | 0.00\% | 13,500,000 | 13,500,000 | 0.00\% | -51,739,529 |
| 447 | Office Buildings (1-2 Stories) | 477 | 505 | 5.87\% | 485,600 | 544,400 | 12.11\% | 1,220,004 |
| 449 | Office Buildings (3 Or More Stories) | 122 | 131 | 7.38\% | 3,675,300 | 3,306,800 | -10.03\% | 7,684,044 |
| 450 | Condominium Office Units | 457 | 452 | -1.09\% | 197,100 | 203,450 | 3.22\% | 284,031 |
| 451 | Gas Station | 27 | 27 | 0.00\% | 435,200 | 494,700 | 13.67\% | 558,974 |
| 452 | Automotive Service Station | 322 | 321 | -0.31\% | 404,450 | 476,500 | 17.81\% | 767,190 |
| 453 | Car Washes | 18 | 19 | 5.56\% | 466,600 | 471,900 | 1.14\% | 608,889 |
| 454 | Auto Car Sales \& Service | 72 | 74 | 2.78\% | 843,450 | 1,063,550 | 26.10\% | 1,986,949 |
| 456 | Parking Garage Structure \& Lots | 8 | 7 | $-12.50 \%$ | 223,150 | 301,900 | 35.29\% | 765,229 |
| 457 | Parking Ramp | 57 | 60 | 5.26\% | 12,600 | 14,500 | 15.08\% | 1,157,267 |
| 460 | Theaters | 5 | 5 | 0.00\% | 800,000 | 920,000 | 15.00\% | 2,584,060 |
| 463 | Golf Courses | 23 | 24 | 4.35\% | 569,900 | 554,600 | -2.68\% | 3,317,942 |
| 464 | Bowling Alleys | 4 | 4 | 0.00\% | 1,605,400 | 1,710,400 | 6.54\% | 2,220,050 |
| 465 | Lodge Halls \& Amusement Parks | 26 | 28 | 7.69\% | 381,950 | 401,250 | 5.05\% | 527,989 |
| 470 | Fitness Center | 2 | 1 | -50.00\% | 5,178,200 | 9,539,000 | 84.21\% | 9,539,000 |
| 479 | Flex Industrial Buildings | 216 | 221 | 2.31\% | 2,375,400 | 2,690,900 | 13.28\% | 3,442,085 |
| 480 | Commercial Warehouses | 655 | 660 | 0.76\% | 642,600 | 739,650 | 15.10\% | 1,524,794 |
| 481 | Mini Warehouse | 27 | 29 | 7.41\% | 2,449,000 | 2,820,000 | 15.15\% | -3,142,786 |
| 482 | Commercial Truck Terminals | 14 | 16 | 14.29\% | 2,796,300 | 2,921,750 | 4.49\% | 3,447,931 |
| 483 | Condo Warehouse | 39 | 37 | -5.13\% | 268,800 | 260,900 | -2.94\% | 341,308 |
| 485 | Research \& Development Facility | 8 | 8 | 0.00\% | 6,790,150 | 7,484,450 | 10.23\% | -2,802,363 |
| 498 | Commercial Minimum Improvement | 43 | 32 | -25.58\% | 420,000 | 489,350 | 16.51\% | 871,056 |
| 499 | Other Commercial Structures | 109 | 101 | -7.34\% | 288,800 | 332,100 | 14.99\% | 912,101 |
| All Suburbs |  | 2,417 | 2,424 | 0.29\% | 772,200 | 872,850 | 13.03\% | 2,130,235 |
| All City of St. Paul |  | 3,033 | 3,065 | 1.06\% | 397,100 | 466,750 | 17.54\% | 1,295,731 |
| All Countywide |  | 5,450 | 5,489 | 0.72\% | 513,100 | 590,150 | 15.02\% | 1,664,190 |

[^7]City Of St. Paul Commercial Property By Land Use Code 2016 Payable 2017 Assessment vs. 2017 Payable 2018 Assessment

By Land Use Code (LUC) -City of St. Paul only

| LUC | Property Use - Land use | $\begin{gathered} 2016 \\ \text { \#Parcels } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { \#Parcels } \end{gathered}$ | \% Chg \#Parcels | '16 p '17 Median Value | '17 p '18 Median Value | \% Chg <br> Median | '17 Average Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 310 | Food \& Drink Process Plants \& Storage | 7 | 8 | 14.29\% | 897,600 | 857,950 | -4.42\% | 1,904,075 |
| 320 | Foundries \& Heavy Manufact Plants | 13 | 12 | -7.69\% | 932,000 | 1,003,850 | 7.71\% | 3,082,133 |
| 340 | Manufacturing \& Assembly Light | 122 | 121 | -0.82\% | 692,850 | 799,500 | 15.39\% | 1,572,390 |
| 398 | Industrial - Minumum Improvement | 8 | 5 | -37.50\% | 481,300 | 1,120,300 | **132.77\% | 1,593,560 |
| 399 | Other Industrial Structures | 15 | 17 | 13.33\% | 198,800 | 265,700 | 33.65\% | 612,565 |
| 410 | Motels \& Tourist Cabins | 6 | 6 | 0.00\% | 1,588,850 | 1,906,600 | 20.00\% | 2,360,767 |
| 411 | Hotels | 7 | 10 | 42.86\% | 8,900,000 | 9,157,700 | 2.90\% | 10,348,240 |
| 415 | Trailer/ Mobile Home Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 420 | Small Detached Retail (Under 10,000 Sf) | 364 | 369 | 1.37\% | 295,200 | 362,200 | 22.70\% | 428,450 |
| 421 | Supermarkets | 19 | 19 | 0.00\% | 2,307,500 | 2,538,300 | 10.00\% | 2,539,453 |
| 422 | Discount Stores \& Jr Dept Stores | 5 | 6 | 20.00\% | 8,548,300 | 7,994,200 | -6.48\% | 8,323,767 |
| 423 | Medium Detached Retail | 48 | 48 | 0.00\% | 1,051,950 | 1,307,600 | 24.30\% | 1,732,967 |
| 424 | Full Line Department Stores | 2 | 2 | 0.00\% | 10,464,800 | 10,464,800 | 0.00\% | 10,464,800 |
| 425 | Neighborhood Shopping Center | 23 | 22 | -4.35\% | 1,927,800 | 2,801,350 | 45.31\% | 4,045,586 |
| 426 | Community Shopping Center | 10 | 10 | 0.00\% | 7,786,150 | 8,306,250 | 6.68\% | 10,780,700 |
| 427 | Regional Shopping Center |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 428 | Veterinary Clinic | 12 | 12 | 0.00\% | 417,700 | 492,400 | 17.88\% | 516,867 |
| 429 | Mixed Residential/Commercial | 525 | 532 | 1.33\% | 263,300 | 311,100 | 18.15\% | 449,647 |
| 430 | Restaurant, Cafeteria, And/Or Bar | 126 | 128 | 1.59\% | 369,700 | 412,450 | 11.56\% | 648,214 |
| 431 | Small Strip Center | 31 | 33 | 6.45\% | 915,800 | 1,096,200 | 19.70\% | 1,285,809 |
| 432 | Convenience Store | 69 | 69 | 0.00\% | 525,100 | 637,400 | 21.39\% | 709,371 |
| 433 | Mixed Retail /Commercial | 29 | 36 | 24.14\% | 647,400 | 755,950 | 16.77\% | 1,340,583 |
| 434 | Retail Condo | 6 | 5 | -16.67\% | 137,350 | 157,600 | 14.74\% | 309,660 |
| 435 | Drive-In Restaurant/Food Service Facility | 61 | 63 | 3.28\% | 603,200 | 710,200 | 17.74\% | 718,337 |
| 437 | Daycare Centers | 17 | 21 | 23.53\% | 577,500 | 681,100 | 17.94\% | 779,948 |
| 441 | Funeral Homes | 19 | 19 | 0.00\% | 571,500 | 697,200 | 21.99\% | 838,005 |
| 442 | Medical Clinics \& Offices | 66 | 67 | 1.52\% | 473,950 | 590,200 | 24.53\% | 1,144,019 |
| 443 | Medical Office | 19 | 19 | 0.00\% | 3,748,500 | 4,498,200 | 20.00\% | 7,968,826 |
| 444 | Full Service Banks | 32 | 32 | 0.00\% | 1,324,150 | 1,499,500 | 13.24\% | 2,084,747 |
| 446 | Corporate Campus |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 447 | Office Buildings (1-2 Stories) | 262 | 279 | 6.49\% | 404,000 | 460,000 | 13.86\% | 886,047 |
| 449 | Office Buildings (3 Or More Stories) | 82 | 87 | 6.10\% | 3,244,150 | 3,253,000 | 0.27\% | 9,184,020 |
| 450 | Condominium Office Units | 146 | 143 | -2.05\% | 230,000 | 258,000 | 12.17\% | 437,824 |
| 451 | Gas Station | 15 | 14 | -6.67\% | 450,000 | 526,200 | 16.93\% | 517,421 |
| 452 | Automotive Service Station | 188 | 188 | 0.00\% | 325,750 | 391,750 | 20.26\% | 548,834 |
| 453 | Car Washes | 8 | 9 | 12.50\% | 516,100 | 500,000 | -3.12\% | 593,811 |
| 454 | Auto Car Sales \& Service | 28 | 28 | 0.00\% | 260,350 | 319,600 | 22.76\% | 364,096 |
| 456 | Parking Garage Structure \& Lots | 8 | 7 | -12.50\% | 223,150 | 301,900 | 35.29\% | 765,229 |
| 457 | Parking Ramp | 57 | 60 | 5.26\% | 12,600 | 14,500 | 15.08\% | 1,157,267 |
| 460 | Theaters | 2 | 2 | 0.00\% | 650,000 | 747,500 | 15.00\% | 747,500 |
| 463 | Golf Courses | 13 | 13 | 0.00\% | 539,300 | 539,300 | 0.00\% | 2,789,969 |
| 464 | Bowling Alleys | 1 | 1 | 0.00\% | 1,354,500 | 1,475,800 | 8.96\% | 1,475,800 |
| 465 | Lodge Halls \& Amusement Parks | N/A | 14 | N/A | N/A | 301,150 | N/A | 475,721 |
| 470 | Fitness Center | 2 | 1 | -50.00\% | 5,178,200 | 9,539,000 | **4.21\% | 9,539,000 |
| 479 | Flex Industrial Buildings | 42 | 47 | 11.90\% | 2,566,600 | 2,932,600 | 14.26\% | 4,242,798 |
| 480 | Commercial Warehouses | 380 | 379 | -0.26\% | 549,550 | 625,100 | 13.75\% | 1,354,411 |
| 481 | Mini Warehouse | 13 | 14 | 7.69\% | 2,200,000 | 2,807,000 | 27.59\% | 3,024,221 |
| 482 | Commercial Truck Terminals | 4 | 4 | 0.00\% | 1,707,000 | 1,843,600 | 8.00\% | 2,005,650 |
| 483 | Condo Warehouse | 11 | 11 | 0.00\% | 400,000 | 460,000 | 15.00\% | 549,309 |
| 485 | Research \& Development Facility | 1 | 1 | 0.00\% | 9,180,300 | 9,948,300 | 8.37\% | 9,948,300 |
| 498 | Commercial Minimum Improvement | 13 | 10 | -23.08\% | 331,800 | 317,100 | -4.43\% | 885,000 |
| 499 | Other Commercial Structures | 65 | 62 | -4.62\% | 160,500 | 180,700 | 12.59\% | 632,519 |
|  | All City Of Saint Paul Commercial | 3,033 | 3,065 | 1.06\% | 372,150 | 466,750 | 25.42\% | 1,295,731 |

[^8]
## Suburban Commercial Property By Land Use Code 2016 Payable 2017 Assessment vs. 2017 Payable 2018 Assessment By Land Use Code (LUC) -SUBURBAN ONLY

| LUC | Property Use - Land Use | $\begin{gathered} 2016 \\ \text { \#Parcels } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { \#Parcels } \end{gathered}$ | \% Chg \#Parcels | '16p '17 Median Value | '17 p '18 <br> Median Value | \% Chg <br> Median | '17 <br> Average Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 310 | Food \& Drink Process Plants \& Storage | 7 | 7 | 0.00\% | 3,029,600 | 3,484,000 | 15.00\% | 3,600,943 |
| 320 | Foundries \& Heavy Manufact Plants | 3 | 3 | 0.00\% | 2,817,500 | 2,901,600 | 2.98\% | 5,951,067 |
| 340 | Manufacturing \& Assembly Light | 146 | 149 | 2.05\% | 1,337,700 | 1,517,300 | 13.43\% | 2,322,536 |
| 398 | Industrial - Minumum Improvement | 1 | 1 | 0.00\% | 1,447,300 | 1,664,400 | 15.00\% | 1,664,400 |
| 399 | Other Industrial Structures | 9 | 10 | 11.11\% | 472,500 | 466,750 | -1.22\% | 1,192,080 |
| 410 | Motels \& Tourist Cabins | 10 | 9 | -10.00\% | 1,843,750 | 2,137,800 | 15.95\% | 2,767,244 |
| 411 | Hotels | 17 | 18 | 5.88\% | 4,427,500 | 5,703,000 | 28.81\% | 6,681,900 |
| 415 | Trailer/ Mobile Home Park | 26 | 27 | 3.85\% | 2,909,200 | 3,519,800 | 20.99\% | 4,026,289 |
| 420 | Small Detached Retail (Under 10,000 Sf) | 123 | 123 | 0.00\% | 386,500 | 446,000 | 15.39\% | 546,416 |
| 421 | Supermarkets | 12 | 13 | 8.33\% | 5,776,750 | 5,539,000 | -4.12\% | 5,152,085 |
| 422 | Discount Stores \& Jr Dept Stores | 13 | 12 | -7.69\% | $11,481,000$ | 11,815,500 | 2.91\% | 12,376,608 |
| 423 | Medium Detached Retail | 55 | 59 | 7.27\% | 2,228,100 | 2,394,100 | 7.45\% | 2,500,403 |
| 424 | Full Line Department Stores | 7 | 8 | 14.29\% | 7,500,000 | 7,177,750 | -4.30\% | 5,994,125 |
| 425 | Neighborhood Shopping Center | 54 | 53 | -1.85\% | 3,005,450 | 3,388,400 | 12.74\% | 4,368,049 |
| 426 | Community Shopping Center | 15 | 15 | 0.00\% | 13,099,900 | 14,409,900 | 10.00\% | 15,221,660 |
| 427 | Regional Shopping Center | 4 | 3 | -25.00\% | 56,500,000 | 78,000,000 | 38.05\% | 76,497,600 |
| 428 | Veterinary Clinic | 15 | 15 | 0.00\% | 602,000 | 676,900 | 12.44\% | 722,460 |
| 429 | Mixed Residential/Commercial | 71 | 74 | 4.23\% | 330,000 | 383,000 | 16.06\% | 609,212 |
| 430 | Restaurant, Cafeteria, And/Or Bar | 77 | 81 | 5.19\% | 877,000 | 889,600 | 1.44\% | 1,168,816 |
| 431 | Small Strip Center | 51 | 51 | 0.00\% | 877,100 | 975,200 | 11.18\% | 1,247,996 |
| 432 | Convenience Store | 65 | 63 | -3.08\% | 653,700 | 781,800 | 19.60\% | 907,722 |
| 433 | Mixed Retail/Commercial | 16 | 18 | 12.50\% | 1,059,750 | 1,435,850 | 35.49\% | 1,622,533 |
| 434 | Retail Condo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 435 | Drive-In Restaurant/Food Service Facility | 70 | 68 | -2.86\% | 766,300 | 866,850 | 13.12\% | 891,165 |
| 437 | Daycare Centers | 21 | 22 | 4.76\% | 945,200 | 1,074,500 | 13.68\% | 1,140,109 |
| 441 | Funeral Homes | 11 | 11 | 0.00\% | 914,800 | 874,000 | -4.46\% | 1,094,027 |
| 442 | Medical Clinics \& Offices | 37 | 37 | 0.00\% | 520,900 | 583,100 | 11.94\% | 1,684,805 |
| 443 | Medical Office | 30 | 31 | 3.33\% | 2,907,450 | 3,390,000 | 16.60\% | 3,639,694 |
| 444 | Full Service Banks | 48 | 48 | 0.00\% | 1,268,050 | 1,394,850 | 10.00\% | 1,584,388 |
| 446 | Corporate Campus | 7 | 7 | 0.00\% | 13,500,000 | 13,500,000 | 0.00\% | 51,739,529 |
| 447 | Office Buildings (1-2 Stories) | 215 | 226 | 5.12\% | 671,600 | 733,400 | 9.20\% | 1,632,279 |
| 449 | Office Buildings (3 Or More Stories) | 40 | 44 | 10.00\% | 4,305,750 | 3,581,200 | -16.83\% | 4,718,184 |
| 450 | Condominium Office Units | 311 | 309 | -0.64\% | 195,000 | 198,900 | 2.00\% | 212,858 |
| 451 | Gas Station | 12 | 13 | 8.33\% | 381,200 | 448,600 | 17.68\% | 603,723 |
| 452 | Automotive Service Station | 134 | 133 | -0.75\% | 588,200 | 693,300 | 17.87\% | 1,075,843 |
| 453 | Car Washes | 10 | 10 | 0.00\% | 355,150 | 399,300 | 12.43\% | 622,460 |
| 454 | Auto Car Sales \& Service | 44 | 46 | 4.55\% | 2,282,550 | 2,597,450 | 13.80\% | 2,974,772 |
| 456 | Parking Garage Structure \& Lots |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 457 | Parking Ramp |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 460 | Theaters |  | 3 | N/A |  | 4250000 | N/A | 3,808,433 |
| 463 | Golf Courses | 10 | 11 | 10.00\% | 666,350 | 651,900 | -2.17\% | 3,941,909 |
| 464 | Bowling Alleys | 3 | 3 | 0.00\% | 1,856,300 | 1,945,000 | 4.78\% | 2,468,133 |
| 465 | Lodge Halls \& Amusement Parks | 14 | 14 | 0.00\% | 556,000 | 608,000 | 9.35\% | 580,257 |
| 470 | Fitness Center |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 479 | Flex Industrial Buildings | 174 | 174 | 0.00\% | 2,337,200 | 2,653,250 | 13.52\% | 3,225,800 |
| 480 | Commercial Warehouses | 275 | 281 | 2.18\% | 821,500 | 923,700 | 12.44\% | 1,754,599 |
| 481 | Mini Warehouse | 14 | 15 | 7.14\% | 2,544,100 | 3,016,800 | 18.58\% | 3,253,447 |
| 482 | Commercial Truck Terminals | 10 | 12 | 20.00\% | 3,795,550 | 3,146,050 | -17.11\% | 3,928,692 |
| 483 | Condo Warehouse | 28 | 26 | -7.14\% | 225,950 | 255,800 | 13.21\% | 253,308 |
| 485 | Research \& Development Facility | 7 | 7 | 0.00\% | 4,400,000 | 4,870,600 | 10.70\% | 13,210,086 |
| 498 | Commercial Minimum Improvement | 30 | 22 | -26.67\% | 522,100 | 561,600 | 7.57\% | 864,718 |
| 499 | Other Commercial Structures | 44 | 39 | -11.36\% | 529,150 | 554,500 | 4.79\% | 1,356,564 |
| All S | uburban Commercial | 2,396 | 2,424 | 1.17\% | 772,200 | 872,850 | 13.03\% | 2,130,235 |

*Excludes added improvement, and State assessed railroad and utility property
*Excludes Vacant Commercial and Industrial Land Parcels
**2016 median value updated for LUCs: 485 due to an open book value adjustment. 2016 Payable 2017 vs. 2017 Payable 2018

| LUC | Property Use - Land use | 2016 \#Parcels | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { \#Parcels } \end{gathered}$ | \% Chg \#Parcels | '16 p '17 Total Value | '17 p '18 Total Value | Aggregate Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 300 | Industrial, Vacant Land | 503 | 474 | -5.77\% | 92,336,600 | 98,708,100 | 6.90\% |
| 310 | Food \& Drink Process Plants \& Storage | 14 | 15 | 7.14\% | 26,621,000 | 40,439,200 | 51.91\% |
| 320 | Foundries \& Heavy Manufact Plants | 16 | 15 | -6.25\% | 49,979,900 | $54,838,800$ | 9.72\% |
| 340 | Manufacturing \& Assembly Light | 268 | 270 | 0.75\% | 460,521,800 | 536,317,100 | 16.46\% |
| 398 | Industrial - Minumum Improvement | 9 | 6 | -33.33\% | 9,148,300 | 9,632,200 | 5.29\% |
| 399 | Other Industrial Structures | 24 | 27 | 12.50\% | 18,412,700 | 22,334,400 | 21.30\% |
| 400 | Commercial, Vacant Land | 1188 | 1212 | 2.02\% | 258,290,800 | 310,925,400 | 20.38\% |
| 410 | Motels \& Tourist Cabins | 16 | 15 | -6.25\% | 39,987,600 | 39,069,800 | -2.30\% |
| 411 | Hotels | 24 | 28 | 16.67\% | 148,534,400 | 223,756,600 | 50.64\% |
| 415 | Trailer/ Mobile Home Park | 26 | 27 | 3.85\% | 90,088,900 | 108,709,800 | 20.67\% |
| 420 | Small Detached Retail (Under 10,000 Sf) | 487 | 492 | 1.03\% | 188,203,500 | 225,307,100 | 19.71\% |
| 421 | Supermarkets | 31 | 32 | 3.23\% | 101,887,100 | 115,226,700 | 13.09\% |
| 422 | Discount Stores \& Jr Dept Stores | 18 | 18 | 0.00\% | 199,705,800 | 198,461,900 | -0.62\% |
| 423 | Medium Detached Retail | 103 | 107 | 3.88\% | 194,522,600 | 230,706,200 | 18.60\% |
| 424 | Full Line Department Stores | 9 | 10 | 11.11\% | 62,438,600 | 68,882,600 | 10.32\% |
| 425 | Neighborhood Shopping Center | 77 | 75 | -2.60\% | 277,997,500 | 320,509,500 | 15.29\% |
| 426 | Community Shopping Center | 25 | 25 | 0.00\% | 296,565,600 | 336,131,900 | 13.34\% |
| 427 | Regional Shopping Center | 4 | 3 | -25.00\% | 230,500,000 | 229,492,800 | -0.44\% |
| 428 | Veterinary Clinic | 27 | 27 | 0.00\% | 14,990,600 | 17,039,300 | 13.67\% |
| 429 | Mixed Residential/Commercial | 596 | 606 | 1.68\% | 231,644,900 | 284,293,900 | 22.73\% |
| 430 | Restaurant, Cafeteria, And/Or Bar | 203 | 209 | 2.96\% | 149,988,500 | 177,645,500 | 18.44\% |
| 431 | Small Strip Center | 82 | 84 | 2.44\% | 89,092,100 | 106,079,500 | 19.07\% |
| 432 | Convenience Store | 134 | 132 | -1.49\% | 89,915,000 | 106,133,100 | 18.04\% |
| 433 | Mixed Retail/Commercial | 45 | 54 | 20.00\% | 56,269,900 | 77,466,600 | 37.67\% |
| 434 | Retail Condo | 6 | 5 | -16.67\% | 1,529,600 | 1,548,300 | 1.22\% |
| 435 | Drive-In Restaurant/Food Service Facility | 131 | 131 | 0.00\% | 94,161,500 | 105,854,400 | 12.42\% |
| 437 | Daycare Centers | 38 | 43 | 13.16\% | 32,332,300 | 41,461,300 | 28.23\% |
| 441 | Funeral Homes | 30 | 30 | 0.00\% | 24,609,300 | 27,956,400 | 13.60\% |
| 442 | Medical Clinics \& Offices | 103 | 104 | 0.97\% | 115,294,600 | 138,987,100 | 20.55\% |
| 443 | Medical Office | 49 | 50 | 2.04\% | 236,842,800 | 264,238,200 | 11.57\% |
| 444 | Full Service Banks | 80 | 80 | 0.00\% | 126,783,600 | 142,762,500 | 12.60\% |
| 446 | Corporate Campus | 7 | 7 | 0.00\% | 362,228,000 | 362,176,700 | -0.01\% |
| 447 | Office Buildings (1-2 Stories) | 477 | 505 | 5.87\% | 544,437,300 | 616,102,100 | 13.16\% |
| 449 | Office Buildings (3 Or More Stories) | 122 | 131 | 7.38\% | 866,108,500 | 1,006,609,800 | 16.22\% |
| 450 | Condominium Office Units | 457 | 452 | -1.09\% | 123,433,600 | 128,381,800 | 4.01\% |
| 451 | Gas Station | 27 | 27 | 0.00\% | 13,576,800 | 15,092,300 | 11.16\% |
| 452 | Automotive Service Station | 322 | 321 | -0.31\% | 207,456,800 | 246,267,900 | 18.71\% |
| 453 | Car Washes | 18 | 19 | 5.56\% | 9,787,700 | 11,568,900 | 18.20\% |
| 454 | Auto Car Sales \& Service | 72 | 74 | 2.78\% | 119,768,500 | 147,034,200 | 22.77\% |
| 456 | Parking Garage Structure \& Lots |  | 7 |  |  | 5,356,600 |  |
| 457 | Parking Ramp | 57 | 60 | 5.26\% | 55,595,400 | 69,436,000 | 24.90\% |
| 460 | Theaters | 5 | 5 | 0.00\% | 14,367,200 | 12,920,300 | -10.07\% |
| 463 | Golf Courses | 23 | 24 | 4.35\% | 79,403,200 | 79,630,600 | 0.29\% |
| 464 | Bowling Alleys | 4 | 4 | 0.00\% | 7,958,100 | 8,880,200 | 11.59\% |
| 465 | Lodge Halls \& Amusement Parks | 26 | 28 | 7.69\% | 12,473,100 | 14,783,700 | 18.52\% |
| 470 | Fitness Center | 2 | 1 | -50.00\% | 10,356,400 | 9,539,000 | -7.89\% |
| 479 | Flex Industrial Buildings | 215 | 221 | 2.79\% | 644,962,900 | 760,700,700 | 17.94\% |
| 480 | Commercial Warehouses | 655 | 660 | 0.76\% | 871,908,100 | 1,006,364,000 | 15.42\% |
| 481 | Mini Warehouse | 27 | 29 | 7.41\% | 69,481,100 | 91,140,800 | 31.17\% |
| 482 | Commercial Truck Terminals | 14 | 16 | 14.29\% | 46,629,100 | 55,166,900 | 18.31\% |
| 483 | Condo Warehouse | 39 | 37 | -5.13\% | 13,292,700 | 12,628,400 | -5.00\% |
| 485 | Research \& Development Facility | 8 | 8 | 0.00\% | 95,517,100 | 102,418,900 | 7.23\% |
| 498 | Commercial Minimum Improvement | 43 | 32 | -25.58\% | 34,457,400 | 27,873,800 | -19.11\% |
| 499 | Other Commercial Structures | 109 | 101 | -7.34\% | 85,956,400 | 92,122,200 | 7.17\% |
| Total |  | 7095 | 7,175 | 1.13\% | 8,298,352,800 | 9,543,112,000 | 15.00\% |

[^9]
## ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE PERCENT CHANGES FROM 2016 TO 2017 (SINGLE FAMILY - RAMSEY COUNTY)



## ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE PERCENT CHANGES FROM 2016 TO 2017

 (SINGLE FAMILY - CITY OF SAINT PAUL)

## ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE PERCENT CHANGES FROM 2016 TO 2017 (SINGLE FAMILY - SUBURBAN RAMSEY COUNTY)



## APARTMENT GROWTH RATES 2016 TO 2017 ASSESSMENTS (RAMSEY COUNTY)



## APARTMENT GROWTH RATES 2016 TO 2017 ASSESSMENTS (CITY OF SAINT PAUL)



## APARTMENT GROWTH RATES 2016 TO 2017 ASSESSMENTS

 (SUBURBAN RAMSEY COUNTY)300

261
$\square$
250

200

150

100

50


COMMERCIALIINDUSTRIAL GROWTH RATES 2016 TO 2017 ASSESSMENTS (RAMSEY COUNTY)


COMMERCIALIINDUSTRIAL GROWTH RATES 2016 TO 2017 ASSESSMENTS (CITY OF SAINT PAUL)


COMMERCIALIINDUSTRIAL GROWTH RATES 2016 TO 2017 ASSESSMENTS (SUBURBAN RAMSEY COUNTY)


|  | Change 2007 to 2017 | 2017 Assessment |  | 2007 Assessment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| City St. Paul | Assessed value change in the ten years since the 2007 assessment | 2017 pay 2018 ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE TOTALS (with Added Improvement) | Pecentage Value Change '16 to '17 Asmt | 2007 pay 2008 Est. Market Value Totals (with Added Improvement) | Pecentage Value Change '07 to '08 Asmt |
| RESIDENTIAL | -1,798,109,400 | 15,352,053,200 | 7.06\% | 17,150,162,600 | -7.31\% |
| AGRICULTURAL HIGH VALUE | -4,177,500 | 1,162,500 | 0.00\% | 5,340,000 | -0.56\% |
| APARTMENT | 1,691,357,200 | 3,968,856,900 | 17.38\% | 2,277,499,700 | 1.82\% |
| COMMERCIAL/ INDUSTRIAL | 152,185,100 | 4,250,825,300 | 13.74\% | 4,098,640,200 | 5.25\% |
| TOTAL | 41,255,400 | 23,572,897,900 | 9.85\% | 23,531,642,500 | -4.26\% |
| Suburbs | Assessed value change in the ten years since the 2007 assessment | 2017 pay 2018 ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE TOTALS (with Added Improvement) | Pecentage <br> Value Change <br> '16 to ' 17 <br> Asmt | 2007 pay 2008 Est. Market Value Totals (with Added Improvement) | Pecentage Value Change '07 to '08 Asmt |
| RESIDENTIAL | -1,282,801,700 | 18,028,055,100 | 5.67\% | 19,310,856,800 | -4.70\% |
| AGRICULTURAL HIGH VALUE | -38,136,000 | 36,584,900 | -0.53\% | 74,720,900 | -16.19\% |
| APARTMENT | 986,697,400 | 2,447,301,500 | 11.81\% | 1,460,604,100 | -0.98\% |
| COMMERCIAL/ INDUSTRIAL | 47,113,500 | 5,405,615,800 | 8.86\% | 5,358,502,300 | 4.78\% |
| TOTAL | -287,126,800 | 25,917,557,300 | 6.87\% | 26,204,684,100 | -2.60\% |
| County-wide | Assessed value change in the ten years since the 2007 assessment | 2017 pay 2018 ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE TOTALS (with Added Improvement) | Pecentage <br> Value Change <br> '16 to 17 <br> Asmt | 2007 pay 2008 Est. Market Value Totals (with Added Improvement) | Pecentage Value Change '07 to '08 Asmt |
| RESIDENTIAL | -3,080,911,100 | 33,380,108,300 | 6.30\% | 36,461,019,400 | -5.93\% |
| AGRICULTURAL HIGH VALUE | -42,313,500 | 37,747,400 | -0.51\% | 80,060,900 | -15.06\% |
| APARTMENT | 2,678,054,600 | 6,416,158,400 | 15.19\% | 3,738,103,800 | 0.72\% |
| COMMERCIAL/ INDUSTRIAL | 199,298,600 | 9,656,441,100 | 10.96\% | 9,457,142,500 | 4.98\% |
| TOTAL | -245,871,400 | 49,490,455,200 | 8.27\% | 49,736,326,600 | -3.38\% |

Per capita value change in ten years (2007 to 2017) in 1 -
3 unit residential property-
The total estimated market value for Ramsey County was highest in the 2007 Assessment.
U.S Census Population estimates, July 1, 2015, (V2015)

538,133

FIVE YEAR CHANGE IN ASSESSED VALUE 2012-2017 (2012 was Value Low Point of Real Estate Cycle)

|  | Change 2012 to 2017 | 2017 Assessment |  | 2012 Assessment <br> (Low Point for Total Value) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| City St. Paul | Assessed value change in the five years since the low point of the 2012 assessment | 2017 pay 2018 ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE TOTALS (with Added Improvement) | Pecentage Value Change '16 to '17 Asmt | 2012 pay 2013 Est. Market Value Totals (with Added Improvement) | Pecentage Value Change '12 to '13 Asmt |
| RESIDENTIAL | 3,247,655,200 | 15,352,053,200 | 7.06\% | 12,104,398,000 | -0.48\% |
| AGRICULTURAL HIGH VALUE | -4,170,500 | 1,162,500 | 0.00\% | 5,333,000 | -5.94\% |
| APARTMENT | 1,694,457,100 | 3,968,856,900 | 17.38\% | 2,274,399,800 | 6.21\% |
| COMMERCIAL/ INDUSTRIAL | 739,280,300 | 4,250,825,300 | 13.74\% | 3,511,545,000 | -0.66\% |
| TOTAL | 5,677,222,100 | 23,572,897,900 | 9.85\% | 17,895,675,800 | 0.33\% |
| Suburbs | Assessed value change in the five years since the low point of the 2012 assessment | 2017 pay 2018 ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE TOTALS (with Added Improvement) | Pecentage Value Change '16 to '17 Asmt | 2012 pay 2013 Est. Market Value Totals (with Added Improvement) | Pecentage Value Change '12 to '13 Asmt |
| RESIDENTIAL | 3,627,335,600 | 18,028,055,100 | 5.67\% | 14,400,719,500 | 0.91\% |
| AGRICULTURAL HIGH VALUE | -997,300 | 36,584,900 | -0.53\% | 37,582,200 | 2.06\% |
| APARTMENT | 940,537,000 | 2,447,301,500 | 11.81\% | 1,506,764,500 | 5.86\% |
| COMMERCIAL/ INDUSTRIAL | 609,700,000 | 5,405,615,800 | 8.86\% | 4,795,915,800 | 0.72\% |
| TOTAL | 5,176,575,300 | 25,917,557,300 | 6.87\% | 20,740,982,000 | 1.23\% |
| County-wide | Assessed value change in the five years since the low point of the 2012 assessment | 2017 pay 2018 ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE TOTALS (with Added Improvement) | Pecentage Value Change '16 to '17 Asmt | 2012 pay 2013 Est. Market Value Totals (with Added Improvement) | Pecentage Value Change '12 to '13 Asmt |
| RESIDENTIAL | 6,874,990,800 | 33,380,108,300 | 6.30\% | 26,505,117,500 | 0.27\% |
| AGRICULTURAL HIGH VALUE | -5,167,800 | 37,747,400 | -0.51\% | 42,915,200 | 1.06\% |
| APARTMENT | 2,634,994,100 | 6,416,158,400 | 15.19\% | 3,781,164,300 | 6.07\% |
| COMMERCIAL/ INDUSTRIAL | 1,348,980,300 | 9,656,441,100 | 10.96\% | 8,307,460,800 | 0.14\% |
| TOTAL | 10,853,797,400 | 49,490,455,200 | 8.27\% | 38,636,657,800 | 0.81\% |

Per capita value change over five years (2012 to 2017) in
12,776
1-3 unit residential property-
The total estimated market value for 2012 was was lowest point in current market cycle for Ramsey County.
U.S Census Population estimates, July 1, 2015, (V2015)

538,133

## Ramsey County

Breakdown of 2015 Estimated Market Value and Percent Change from 2014

| 2015 | 2015 Residential Est. Market Value* | \% <br> Change in Resid. Value '14 to '15 | 2015 Apartment Est. Market Value* | \% <br> Change in Apt. Value '14 to '15 | 2015 <br> Commercial I Industrial Est. Market Value* | ```% Change in Comm'l Value '14 to '15``` | $2015$ <br> Agricultural | ```% Change in Ag Value '14 to '15``` | 2015 Total Real Property Est. Market Value (Excludes Utility, Leased Public, Manuf Homes and Railroad) | \% <br> Change in Total Value '14 to '15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arden Hills | 763,531,400 | 2.53\% | 42,664,900 | 19.75\% | 323,214,400 | -0.61\% | - | 0.00\% | 1,129,410,700 | 2.16\% |
| Blaine | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0.00\% | 36,616,800 | 0.21\% | - | 0.00\% | 36,616,800 | 0.21\% |
| Falcon Heights | 333,747,100 | -0.42\% | 43,908,800 | 0.54\% | 21,106,600 | -0.35\% | - | 0.00\% | 398,762,500 | -0.31\% |
| Gem Lake | 73,377,800 | 11.82\% | 0 | 0.00\% | 21,692,400 | 0.19\% | 2,893,600 | -7.74\% | 97,963,800 | 8.36\% |
| Lauderdale | 119,708,500 | 8.00\% | 40,367,600 | 69.71\% | 18,703,300 | 0.22\% | - | 0.00\% | 178,779,400 | 16.63\% |
| Little Canada | 556,284,700 | 3.67\% | 111,279,200 | 9.67\% | 226,264,100 | 2.18\% | 1,111,600 | 0.00\% | 894,939,600 | 3.99\% |
| Maplewood | 2,234,510,800 | 2.61\% | 316,846,500 | 8.54\% | 968,271,500 | 3.82\% | 5,773,900 | -0.12\% | 3,525,402,700 | 3.45\% |
| Mounds View | 572,061,500 | 4.87\% | 88,118,300 | 3.86\% | 269,148,800 | 4.34\% | - | 0.00\% | 929,328,600 | 4.62\% |
| North St Paul | 612,413,800 | 6.12\% | 77,656,400 | 19.46\% | 82,515,400 | -0.05\% | - | 0.00\% | 772,585,600 | 6.61\% |
| New Brighton | 1,372,358,600 | 4.74\% | 204,111,500 | 9.66\% | 320,116,900 | -0.59\% | 1,688,500 | 0.00\% | 1,898,275,500 | 4.29\% |
| North Oaks | 1,130,578,100 | 5.58\% | 53,768,000 | 9.00\% | 43,109,400 | 3.26\% | 9,305,800 | 0.00\% | 1,236,761,300 | 5.60\% |
| Roseville | 2,428,157,200 | 0.83\% | 355,799,100 | 7.30\% | 1,285,808,200 | 0.93\% | 36,700 | 0.00\% | 4,069,801,200 | 1.40\% |
| Shoreview | 2,370,352,700 | 2.55\% | 116,148,800 | 9.40\% | 350,214,500 | 2.43\% | 4,806,000 | 0.00\% | 2,841,522,000 | 2.79\% |
| Spring Lake Park | 11,096,200 | 2.18\% | 675,800 | 2.44\% | 425,900 | 0.00\% | - | 0.00\% | 12,197,900 | 2.12\% |
| St Anthony | 112,569,500 | 8.31\% | 116,415,300 | 24.20\% | 64,988,900 | 1.68\% | - | 0.00\% | 293,973,700 | 12.38\% |
| St Paul | 13,670,997,000 | 4.07\% | 2,790,889,900 | 7.94\% | 3,530,952,300 | 3.22\% | 1,046,400 | -76.02\% | 19,993,885,600 | 4.42\% |
| Vadnais Heights | 984,776,400 | 3.37\% | 62,367,000 | 10.16\% | 335,248,000 | 4.67\% | 2,528,400 | 0.00\% | 1,384,919,800 | 3.96\% |
| White Bear Lake | 1,584,656,100 | 2.83\% | 219,985,800 | 9.86\% | 331,186,300 | 0.78\% | - | -100.00\% | 2,135,828,200 | 3.16\% |
| White Bear Town | 1,092,091,600 | 2.02\% | 6,143,400 | 15.30\% | 141,634,000 | 0.71\% | 5,504,900 | 0.00\% | 1,245,373,900 | 1.92\% |
| Suburban | 16,352,272,000 | 3.02\% | 1,856,256,400 | 10.75\% | 4,840,265,400 | 1.87\% | 33,649,400 | -2.10\% | 23,082,443,200 | 3.35\% |
| Countywide | 30,023,269,000 | 3.50\% | 4,647,146,300 | 9.04\% | 8,371,217,700 | 2.44\% | 34,695,800 | -10.43\% | 43,076,328,800 | 3.84\% |

[^10]
## Ramsey County

Breakdown of 2014 Estimated Market Value and Percent Change from 2013

| 2014 | 2014 Residential Est. Market Value* | \% Change in Resid. Value '13 to '14 | 2014 <br> Apartment Est. Market Value* | $\begin{gathered} \% \text { Change } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { Apartmen } \\ \text { t Value } \\ \text { '13 to '14 } \end{gathered}$ | 2014 <br> Commercial / Industrial Est. Market Value* | $\begin{aligned} & \% \text { Change } \\ & \text { in } \\ & \text { Commerc } \\ & \text { ial Value } \\ & \text { '13 to '14 } \end{aligned}$ | 2014 Total Real Property Est. Market Value (Excludes Utility, Leased Public, Manuf Homes and Railroad) | \% Change in Total Value '13 to '14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ARDEN HILLS | 745,920,500 | 8.63\% | 32,267,200 | 12.93\% | 331,922,200 | 2.48\% | 1,110,109,900 | 6.83\% |
| BLAINE | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0.00 | 36,709,500 | -2.58\% | 36,709,500 | -2.58\% |
| FALCON HEIGHTS | 335,337,600 | 10.59\% | 41,627,800 | 8.55\% | 22,850,200 | -8.60\% | 399,815,600 | 9.06\% |
| GEM LAKE | 65,633,900 | 7.29\% | 0 | 0.00 | 21,650,200 | -2.20\% | 87,284,100 | 4.77\% |
| LAUDERDALE | 110,871,000 | 5.16\% | 23,785,700 | 4.64\% | 18,831,600 | -4.37\% | 153,488,300 | 3.81\% |
| LITTLE CANADA | 537,318,300 | 7.89\% | 101,463,500 | 2.72\% | 222,848,500 | -1.91\% | 861,630,300 | 4.57\% |
| MAPLEWOOD | 2,180,056,300 | 14.81\% | 292,243,600 | 2.61\% | 938,192,200 | 0.30\% | 3,410,492,100 | 9.34\% |
| MOUNDS VIEW | 545,709,000 | 8.24\% | 84,789,000 | 3.63\% | 265,403,100 | 1.14\% | 895,901,100 | 5.60\% |
| NORTH ST PAUL | 578,935,100 | 7.78\% | 64,998,800 | 4.79\% | 82,723,200 | -1.55\% | 726,657,100 | 6.36\% |
| NEW BRIGHTON | 1,311,249,500 | 6.87\% | 185,425,600 | 3.30\% | 323,318,400 | 0.22\% | 1,819,993,500 | 5.26\% |
| NORTH OAKS | 1,075,204,000 | 8.75\% | 49,328,900 | 8.83\% | 41,794,400 | 0.67\% | 1,166,327,300 | 8.44\% |
| ROSEVILLE | 2,410,505,600 | 9.60\% | 328,424,300 | 3.87\% | 1,290,482,000 | -0.33\% | 4,029,411,900 | 5.75\% |
| SHOREVIEW | 2,313,666,100 | 9.35\% | 105,427,200 | 16.75\% | 344,798,000 | 0.69\% | 2,763,891,300 | 8.45\% |
| SPRING LAKE PARK | 10,859,500 | 12.14\% | 659,700 | 0.20 | 425,900 | 0.00\% | 11,945,100 | 12.06\% |
| ST ANTHONY | 103,934,000 | 3.24\% | 93,733,500 | 8.47\% | 64,694,700 | 0.57\% | 262,362,200 | 4.36\% |
| ST PAUL | 13,159,649,550 | 9.41\% | 2,586,795,050 | 7.39\% | 3,483,105,200 | 0.91\% | 19,229,549,800 | 7.50\% |
| VADNAIS HEIGHTS | 953,566,000 | 8.81\% | 56,617,200 | 3.50\% | 323,341,500 | 3.76\% | 1,333,524,700 | 7.31\% |
| WHITE BEAR LAKE | 1,542,211,800 | 7.67\% | 195,042,400 | 5.08\% | 336,116,300 | 0.25\% | 2,073,370,500 | 6.15\% |
| WHITE BEAR TOWN | 1,071,580,400 | 9.91\% | 5,328,000 | 6.64\% | 142,519,500 | 4.09\% | 1,219,427,900 | 9.18\% |
| SUBURBAN | 15,892,558,600 | 9.46\% | 1,661,162,400 | 5.09\% | 4,808,621,400 | 0.45\% | 22,362,342,400 | 7.06\% |
| COUNTYWIDE | 29,052,208,150 | 9.44\% | 4,247,957,450 | 6.48\% | 8,291,726,600 | 0.64\% | 41,591,892,200 | 7.26\% |

* 2014 values are from the 2014 Spring Mini Abstract and are subject to review and change until mid -June at the conclusion of the 2014 Special Board of Appeal and Equalization .
**The 2013 values have been updated since our previous report in March 2013.


## Ramsey County

Breakdown of 2013 Estimated Market Value and Percent Change from 2012

| 2013 | 2013 <br> Residential Estimated Market Value* | \% <br> Change in Resid. Value '12 to '13 | 2013 <br> Apartment Estimated Market Value* | \% Change in <br> Apartment <br> Value '12 to '13 | 2013 <br> Commercial / <br> Industrial <br> Estimated <br> Market Value* | \% Change in Commercial Value '12 to '13 | 2013 Total Real Property Estimated Market Value (Excludes Utility, Leased Public, Manuf Homes and Railroad) | \% Change in Total Value '12 to '13 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ARDEN HILLS | 676,761,500 | 1.78\% | 9,902,200 | 8.43\% | 322,840,800 | -3.69\% | 1,009,504,500 | 0.02\% |
| BLAINE | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0.00 | 37,822,300 | -2.96\% | 37,822,300 |  |
| FALCON HEIGHTS | 299,890,800 | 1.29\% | 40,295,700 | 4.73\% | 21,332,000 | -2.47\% | 361,518,500 | 1.43\% |
| GEM LAKE | 56,740,000 | -7.16\% | 0 | 0.00\% | 24,684,200 | -0.91\% | 81,424,200 |  |
| LAUDERDALE | 105,072,100 | -1.64\% | 22,731,500 | -2.29\% | 17,856,100 | 0.27\% | 145,659,700 | -1.51\% |
| LITTLE CANADA | 493,433,800 | -0.46\% | 102,056,000 | 5.56\% | 232,868,400 | -1.86\% | 828,358,200 | -0.16\% |
| MAPLEWOOD | 1,886,331,000 | 0.35\% | 263,404,200 | -0.63\% | 915,326,300 | 0.29\% | 3,065,061,500 | 0.24\% |
| MOUNDS VIEW | 503,050,900 | -2.69\% | 79,843,400 | 1.28\% | 266,006,400 | 0.89\% | 848,900,700 | -1.23\% |
| NORTH ST PAUL | 533,957,000 | -2.72\% | 61,231,100 | -0.49\% | 85,629,400 | -1.87\% | 680,817,500 | -2.42\% |
| NEW BRIGHTON | 1,223,517,200 | -0.81\% | 166,768,600 | 3.95\% | 326,246,200 | -0.66\% | 1,716,532,000 | -0.34\% |
| NORTH OAKS | 951,484,900 | 0.58\% | 2,392,500 | 0.00\% | 62,956,400 | -17.56\% | 1,016,833,800 | -0.78\% |
| ROSEVILLE | 2,175,922,700 | 1.47\% | 298,397,900 | 7.73\% | 1,280,002,500 | -0.25\% | 3,754,323,100 | 1.34\% |
| SHOREVIEW | 2,108,178,300 | -0.24\% | 74,529,700 | 3.53\% | 345,176,600 | -0.59\% | 2,527,884,600 | -0.18\% |
| SPRING LAKE PARK | 9,683,600 | -4.31\% | 639,300 | 0.00\% | 425,900 | -3.38\% | 10,748,800 | -8.59\% |
| ST ANTHONY | 100,572,400 | -1.08\% | 80,203,100 | 3.38\% | 70,377,400 | -1.02\% | 251,152,900 | 0.32\% |
| ST PAUL | 11,924,748,600 | 3.53\% | 2,276,941,000 | -0.94\% | 3,497,745,900 | -1.38\% | 17,699,435,500 | -3.80\% |
| VADNAIS HEIGHTS | 865,306,600 | -0.84\% | 52,420,300 | 4.70\% | 310,443,700 | -1.49\% | 1,228,170,600 | -0.78\% |
| WHITE BEAR LAKE | 1,425,610,600 | 0.80\% | 179,727,300 | 9.81\% | 342,118,800 | 0.60\% | 1,947,456,700 | 1.53\% |
| WHITE BEAR TOWN | 966,839,700 | -780.00\% | 4,996,100 | 18.95\% | 141,683,700 | 0.26\% | 1,113,519,500 | 3.16\% |
| SUBURBAN | 14,382,353,100 | 0.29\% | 1,439,538,900 | 4.25\% | 4,803,797,100 | -0.81\% | 20,625,689,100 | 0.30\% |
| COUNTYWIDE | 26,307,101,700 | -0.27\% | 3,716,479,900 | 3.66\% | 8,301,543,000 | -1.05\% | 38,325,124,600 | -0.08\% |

[^11]
## Ramsey County

Breakdown of 2012 Estimated Market Value and Percent Change from 2011

| 2012 | $2012$ <br> Residential Estimated Market Value | \% Change <br> in Resid. <br> Value '11 <br> to '12 | 2012 <br> Apartment Estimated Market Value | \% Change in <br> Apartment Value '11 to '12 | 2012 <br> Commercial / <br> Industrial <br> Estimated <br> Market Value | \% Change in Commerci al Value '11 to '12 | 2012 Total Real <br> Property <br> Estimated <br> Market Value <br> (Excludes Utility, <br> Leased Public, <br> Manuf Homes <br> and Railroad) | \% Change <br> in Total Value '11 to '12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ARDEN HILLS | 656,584,400 | -5.90\% | 9,132,200 | -50.86\% | 332,434,500 | -5.41\% | 998,151,100 | -6.52\% |
| BLAINE | 0 |  | 0 |  | 40,609,000 | -7.54\% | 40,609,000 | -7.54\% |
| FALCON HEIGHTS | 298,684,400 | -9.00\% | 27,975,200 | -23.64\% | 32,373,200 | 30.19\% | 359,032,800 | -7.87\% |
| GEM LAKE | 66,062,200 | -10.34\% | 0 | -100.00\% | 24,912,000 | 1.05\% | 90,974,200 | -9.12\% |
| LAUDERDALE | 106,828,000 | -7.56\% | 23,414,400 | 1.65\% | 18,007,600 | 2.85\% | 148,250,000 | -5.04\% |
| LITTLE CANADA | 497,228,800 | -6.19\% | 89,957,000 | -5.18\% | 248,532,200 | -0.62\% | 835,718,000 | -4.49\% |
| MAPLEWOOD | 1,882,039,080 | -11.47\% | 268,248,600 | 10.23\% | 898,802,600 |  | 3,049,090,280 | -8.15\% |
| MOUNDS VIEW | 517,011,770 | -7.33\% | 78,866,900 | -2.86\% | 264,545,300 | -1.24\% | 860,423,970 | -5.13\% |
| NORTH ST PAUL | 547,860,200 | -10.64\% | 60,917,300 | -2.72\% | 84,363,200 | -7.83\% | 693,140,700 | -9.66\% |
| NEW BRIGHTON | 1,236,753,600 | -7.16\% | 152,333,000 | -3.74\% | 322,856,800 | -3.10\% | 1,711,943,400 | -6.12\% |
| NORTH OAKS | 963,200,710 | -6.73\% | 48,277,800 | -2.67\% | 57,094,200 | -0.40\% | 1,068,572,710 | -6.23\% |
| ROSEVILLE | 2,134,635,030 | -8.03\% | 280,939,700 | -2.60\% | 1,200,237,900 | -9.03\% | 3,615,812,630 | -7.97\% |
| SHOREVIEW | 2,114,030,500 | -6.02\% | 73,253,200 | -2.87\% | 338,307,700 | -10.01\% | 2,525,591,400 | -6.49\% |
| SPRING LAKE PARK | 10,119,700 | -4.58\% | 498,500 | 0.00\% | 440,800 | -0.27\% | 11,059,000 | -4.21\% |
| ST ANTHONY | 106,920,300 | -8.45\% | 77,578,600 | -5.09\% | 70,478,000 | 2.86\% | 254,976,900 | -4.52\% |
| ST PAUL | 12,067,800,410 | -7.60\% | 2,116,457,950 | -4.05\% | 3,612,587,925 | -2.07\% | 17,796,846,285 | -6.11\% |
| VADNAIS HEIGHTS | 879,371,930 | -7.63\% | 44,691,800 | -0.22\% | 296,741,700 | -14.75\% | 1,220,805,430 | -9.23\% |
| WHITE BEAR LAKE | 1,414,832,520 | -8.78\% | 174,515,900 | -2.59\% | 331,833,500 | -6.15\% | 1,921,181,920 | -7.80\% |
| WHITE BEAR TOWN | 932,448,800 | -7.93\% | 4,200,000 | -33.88\% | 132,689,600 | -10.12\% | 1,069,338,400 | -8.35\% |
| SUBURBAN | 14,364,611,480 | -8.04\% | 1,419,514,000 | -1.85\% | 4,695,687,100 | -6.58\% | 20,479,812,580 | -7.30\% |
| COUNTYWIDE | 26,432,411,890 | -7.84\% | 3,535,971,950 | -3.18\% | 8,308,275,025 | -4.67\% | 38,276,658,865 | -6.75\% |

## Ramsey County

Breakdown of 2011 Estimated Market Value and Percentage Chage from 2010

| 2011 | 2011 Residential Estimated Market Value | \% Change <br> in Resid. <br> Value '10 <br> to '11 | 2011 Apartment Estimated Market Value | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { \% Change } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { Apartment } \\ \text { Value '10 to } \\ \text { '11 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 2011 Commercial / Industrial Estimated Market Value | \% Change in Commercial Value '10 to '11 | 2011 Total Real Property Estimated Market Value (Excludes Utility, Leased Public, Manuf Homes and Railroad) | \% Change in Total Value '10 to '11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ARDENHILLS | 697,733,300 | -3.58 | 18,582,800 | 1.80 | 351,460,200 | -0.64 | 1,067,776,300 | -2.54 |
| BLAINE | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 43,919,200 | -1.85 | 43,919,200 | -1.85 |
| FALCON HEIGHTS | 328,211,500 | -2.24 | 36,634,700 | 1.40 | 24,866,300 | 1.64 | 389,712,500 | -1.67 |
| GEM LAKE | 73,683,300 | -6.86 | 1,772,100 | 15.39 | 24,652,500 | 0.15 | 100,107,900 | -4.90 |
| LAUDERDALE | 115,568,000 | -4.43 | 23,033,700 | 3.16 | 17,508,900 | -0.70 | 156,110,600 | -2.97 |
| LITTLE CANADA | 530,018,000 | -3.86 | 94,870,000 | 3.89 | 250,084,500 | -1.39 | 874,972,500 | -2.37 |
| MAPLEWOOD | 2,125,923,700 | -6.20 | 243,355,800 | 3.72 | 950,374,100 |  | 3,319,653,600 | -4.39 |
| MOUNDS VIEW | 557,907,000 | -4.28 | 81,186,100 | 3.17 | 267,867,000 | -1.20 | 906,960,100 | -2.75 |
| NORTH ST PAUL | 613,122,400 | -3.80 | 62,618,000 | 1.72 | 91,526,200 | -3.41 | 767,266,600 | -3.33 |
| NEW BRIGHTON | 1,332,193,900 | -5.08 | 158,244,400 | 2.90 | 333,180,600 | -1.88 | 1,823,618,900 | -3.86 |
| NORTH OAKS | 1,032,664,100 | -2.60 | 49,603,400 | -20.10 | 57,322,000 | -3.34 | 1,139,589,500 | -3.55 |
| ROSEVILLE | 2,321,106,300 | -4.00 | 288,440,700 | 2.15 | 1,319,412,900 | -4.35 | 3,928,959,900 | -3.69 |
| SHOREVIEW | 2,249,378,500 | -4.84 | 75,419,400 | 4.78 | 375,960,000 | -4.09 | 2,700,757,900 | -4.49 |
| SPRING LAKE PARK | 10,605,000 | -9.70 | 498,500 | 0.00 | 442,000 | 0.00 | 11,545,500 | -8.98 |
| ST ANTHONY | 116,791,200 | -5.54 | 81,741,300 | 2.89 | 68,520,400 | -3.15 | 267,052,900 | -2.48 |
| ST PAUL | 13,060,644,500 | -4.48 | 2,205,799,700 | 0.56 | 3,689,087,600 | -2.95 | 18,955,531,800 | -3.62 |
| VADNAIS HEIGHTS | 952,018,500 | -4.54 | 44,789,700 | 7.59 | 348,080,200 | -2.43 | 1,344,888,400 | -3.64 |
| WHITE BEAR LAKE | 1,551,027,200 | -4.92 | 179,150,800 | 5.62 | 353,582,200 | -3.78 | 2,083,760,200 | -3.91 |
| WHITE BEAR TOWN | 1,012,801,900 | -5.69 | 6,352,000 | -0.33 | 147,637,700 | -4.26 | 1,166,791,600 | -5.48 |
| SUBURBAN | 15,620,753,800 | -4.64 | 1,446,293,400 | 2.41 | 5,026,396,900 | -2.88 | 22,093,444,100 | -3.81 |
| COUNTYWIDE | 28,681,398,300 | -3.72 | 3,652,093,100 | 1.28 | 8,715,484,500 | -2.91 | 41,048,975,900 | -3.72 |

RAMSEY COUNTY SHERIFF FORECLOSURE SALES (2003-2016)


Sources: Ramsey County Sheriff's Department and Ramsey County Assessor's Office

# R烈SEHHむE <br> REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION 

Date: 05/15/17
Item No.: 7.c
Department Approval
CAttyk K. mith
City Manager Approval
fame /ruegen

Item Description: Receive the 2018-2037 Capital Improvement Plan

## BaCKGROUND

At the March 20, 2017 City Council meeting, the Council endorsed a general timeline for the 2018 budget process with the understanding that the calendar could change. The general timeline is as follows:


| 2018 Budget Process Timeline |  |  | Estimated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Regular or | Discussion |
| Discussion Topic | Date | Worksess. | Time (mins.) |
| Review Ramsey County Assessed Market Value Data | 5/15/2017 | w/s | 15 |
| Receive 2018-2037 Capital Improvement Plan | 5/15/2017 | w/s | 45 |
| Review Impacts from the 2017 Legislative Session | 6/12/2017 | regular | 10 |
| Review Citizen Comments on 2018 Budget Priorities | 6/12/2017 | regular | 30 |
| EDA Budget \& Tax Levy Discussion | 7/17/2017 | w/s | 30 |
| Receive City Council Budgetary Goals | 7/17/2017 | w/s | 30 |
| Receive the 2018 City Manager Recommended Budget | 8/28/2017 | regular | 45 |
| Adopt Preliminary EDA Tax Levy | 9/11/2017 | regular | 10 |
| Receive Budget Recommendations from the Finance Commission | 9/18/2017 | w/s | 30 |
| Adopt Preliminary Budget \& Tax Levy | 9/25/2017 | regular | 20 |
| Review \& Adopt 2018 Proposed Utility Rates | 11/13/2017 | w/s | 30 |
| Review \& Adopt 2018 Proposed Fee Schedule | 11/13/2017 | w/s | 30 |
| Final Budget Hearing (Truth-in-Taxation Hearing) | 12/4/2017 | regular | 20 |
| Adopt Final EDA Tax Levy | 12/11/2017 | regular | 10 |
| Adopt Final Budget, CIP \& Tax Levy | 12/11/2017 | regular | 20 |

The CIP contains assumptions and estimations on asset lifespans and replacement costs. It also assumes that all existing city functions and programs will continue at current service levels and the City's asset and infrastructure needs will remain unchanged moving forward.

In addition, the CIP represents a projection of when asset replacements are likely to occur. Each individual asset is scrutinized prior to replacement to determine whether it's still needed and if so, whether it truly has reached the end of its useful life. It's not uncommon to defer the replacement of assets if they're still in good working condition. Conversely, we sometimes determine that the replacement of an asset needs to be expedited because it's failing sooner than expected.

Because of these uncertainties, we tend to focus on the long-term sustainability of our asset replacement programs rather than committing to a rigid replacement plan.

It is suggested that the CIP be considered in conjunction with the City Council's budget priorities. This is an important consideration given the strong interdependence between the availability of capital assets and the operational decision-making used to achieve desired outcomes. The remainder of this memo addresses the following topics:

- 2018-2037 CIP Summary
- Analysis of Asset Replacement Funds: Property Tax-Supported
- Analysis of Asset Replacement Funds: Fee-Supported
$\square$ Funding Strategies and Impacts
Each of these topics are addressed separately below.


## 2018-2037 CIP Summary

In total, the City's asset replacement needs over the next 20 years is $\$ 188.5$ million. This is summarized by major City function in the table and chart below.

|  | 2018-2037 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| City Function | CIP Amount | \% of Total |
| General Services | $\$, 411,350$ | $4 \%$ |
| Public Safety | $13,953,195$ | $7 \%$ |
| Facilities | $11,584,300$ | $6 \%$ |
| Streets \& Pathways | $62,438,200$ | $33 \%$ |
| Water \& Sewer |  | $72,499,500$ |
| Parks \& Recreation |  | $19,659,620$ |
|  |  | Total |
|  |  | $\$ 188,546,165$ |



In contrast to the projected CIP spending of $\$ 188.5$ million, the City expects to have only $\$ 166.5$ million available over that same time period based on current funding and cash reserve levels; leaving a funding deficit of $\$ 22.0$ million. In comparison, the funding deficit just five years ago was nearly $\$ 70$ million.

For both legal and planning purposes, the City has created a number of separate capital replacement funds to promote greater transparency and accountability. This necessitates a review of individual funds to determine whether they're financially sustainable. Asset replacement funds categorized by property taxsupported and fee-supported are shown below.

## Analysis of Asset Replacement Funds: Property Tax-Supported

The following table summarizes the City's tax-supported asset replacement funds along with their funding status based on current revenues, existing cash balances, and projected expenditures.

|  | 5-Year | 5-Year | 10-Year | 20-Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax-Supported | Funding | Surplus | Funding | Funding |
| Capital Replacement Fund | Status | (Deficit) | Status | Status |
| Administration | 875\% | \$ 38,725 | 99\% | 134\% |
| Finance | 125\% | 25,124 | 113\% | 99\% |
| Central Services | 118\% | 71,775 | 105\% | 99\% |
| Police | 122\% | 373,906 | 108\% | 101\% |
| Fire | 113\% | 312,233 | 112\% | 113\% |
| Public Works | 138\% | 518,907 | 127\% | 102\% |
| Parks \& Recreation | 130\% | 219,411 | 123\% | 136\% |
| General Facility Improvements | 35\% | $(3,589,533)$ | 41\% | 47\% |
| Information Technology | 148\% | 472,181 | 136\% | 114\% |
| Park Improvements | 43\% | $(2,106,045)$ | 32\% | 29\% |
| Street Improvements | 162\% | 6,952,762 | 112\% | 82\% |
| Street Lighting | 116\% | 27,368 | 108\% | 109\% |
| Pathways/Parking Lots (Existing) | 86\% | $(228,440)$ | 95\% | 102\% |

As shown in the table above, there are three tax-supported funds that have less than a $95 \%$ funding level over the next five years and will require near-term corrective measures to bring them closer to financial sustainability. A funding level of $100 \%$ means that it has sufficient cash flows to pay for all items included in the CIP. This is not however representative of what a particular city function needs for day-to-day operations.

It should also be noted that while the Street Improvements Fund has sufficient cash flows to meet its needs over the next decade, it is projected to incur annual deficits throughout this period ranging from $\$ 439,000-\$ 952,000$. A closer look at the General Facility Replacement and Park Improvement Funds are presented below.

## General Facility Replacements

The City's general facilities include; City Hall, Public Works Building, Skating Center, Fire Station, and Community gyms. Over the next 20 years, $\$ 11.6$ million in planned improvements are scheduled with only $\$ 5.0$ million in available funding based on current revenues and cash reserves. This is depicted in the chart below.


As shown in the graph, the General Facilities Replacement Fund is projected to run out of money in 2019 and will have an accumulated deficit of $\$ 6.1$ million by 2037 unless additional funds are appropriated or planned improvements are delayed or scaled back.

By previous Council action, the Council did tentatively commit to re-purposing $\$ 355,000$ of expiring debt levy towards facility improvements beginning in 2019. This will significantly improve the Fund's long-term financial condition, but additional corrective measures will need to be taken before then. Another potential revenue source includes State grant funding for some of the Skating Center's capital needs including the scheduled $\$ 2.9$ million in improvements in 2020.

## Park Improvements (Park Improvement Program)

Over the next 20 years, $\$ 15.5$ million in planned park improvements are scheduled with only $\$ 4.6$ million available based on current revenues and cash reserves. This is depicted in the chart below.


As shown above, the Park Improvement Fund is projected to run out of money in 2019 and will have an accumulated deficit of $\$ 10.9$ million by 2037 unless additional funds are appropriated or planned improvements are delayed or scaled back.

By previous Council action, the Council did tentatively commit to re-purposing $\$ 650,000$ of expiring debt levy towards park improvements beginning in 2020. This will significantly improve the Fund's longterm financial condition, but additional corrective measures will need to be taken before then.

## Street Improvements (Pavement Management Program)

Over the next 20 years, $\$ 51.5$ million in planned street improvements are scheduled with only $\$ 42.5$ million available based on current revenues and cash reserves. This is depicted in the chart below.


As shown above, the Pavement Management Fund is projected to run out of money in 2030 and will have an accumulated deficit of $\$ 9.0$ million by 2037 unless additional funds are appropriated or planned improvements are delayed or scaled back.

By previous Council action, the Council tentatively committed to an additional tax levy of \$160,000 in 2018, and $\$ 200,000$ more in 2019. This will significantly improve the Fund's long-term financial condition, but additional corrective measures will need to be taken at some point in the future.

The Pathway Maintenance Fund is also underfunded over the next several years due to a revised cost estimate for the replacement of the City Hall parking lot. This too will require near-term corrective measures, but it may also be mitigated through other measures.

Analysis of Asset Replacement Funds: Fee Supported
The following table summarizes the City's fee-supported asset replacement funds along with their funding status based on current revenues, existing cash balances, and projected expenditures.

|  | 5-Year | 10-Year | 20-Year |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Fee-Supported | Funding | Funding | Funding |
| Capital Replacement Fund | Status | Status | Status |
| Communications | $611 \%$ | $125 \%$ | $75 \%$ |
| License Center | $587 \%$ | $115 \%$ | $133 \%$ |
| Community Development | $2287 \%$ | $1033 \%$ | $683 \%$ |
| Water | $106 \%$ | $108 \%$ | $98 \%$ |
| Sanitary Sewer | $87 \%$ | $96 \%$ | $108 \%$ |
| Storm Sewer | $96 \%$ | $92 \%$ | $92 \%$ |
| Golf Course | $87 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $16 \%$ |

As shown in the table above, most fee-supported capital funds are in good financial condition with the exception of the Sanitary Sewer and Golf Course Fund. The Golf Course Fund will be unable to provide for the scheduled replacement of the clubhouse and maintenance building improvements. A graphical depiction of the Golf Course's capital replacement fund excluding the Clubhouse is shown below.


The City Council is currently evaluating options for replacing the clubhouse and perhaps maintenance building.

The city's water, sanitary sewer, and storm sewer funds will continue to require regular rate increases to provide for infrastructure replacement needs. In particular, the Sanitary Sewer Fund will likely require a base rate increase of $9-10 \%$ over the next few years.

## Funding Strategies and Impacts

As noted earlier, most of the city's asset replacement funds are at or near financially sustainability as long as property tax and fee revenue increases commensurate with projected costs. However, there are four asset replacement programs that will require corrective measures in the near term including:

- General Facility Replacement Fund
- Park Improvement Fund (PIP)
- Street Improvement Fund (PMP)
- Golf Course Fund

The projected deficits in these areas have long been identified as a funding need. On November 19, 2012 the City Council adopted Resolution \#11027 which, along with an accompanying staff memo, outlined the following CIP-related funding recommendations for 2018 and beyond:

| Year | Amount | Program | Description |
| :---: | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 2018 | 160,000 | Pavement Management Program | Add additional tax levy |
| 2019 | 355,000 | General Facilities | Repurpose levy from Arena Bond issue \#28 |
| 2019 | 200,000 | Pavement Management Program | Add additional tax levy |
| 2020 | 650,000 | Park Improvement Program | Repurpose levy (partial) from Bond issue \#27 |

In adopting the resolution, it was noted that the referenced amounts did not account for inflationary-type impacts and may need to be adjusted in future years. It was also recognized that the CIP projections will fluctuate from year-to-year due to changing operational priorities and market conditions.

Given these considerations and revised CIP cost projections, Staff recommends the city continue with previous Council's funding recommendations including the following for 2018.

## Funding Recommendation \#1

In 2018, enact a $\$ 160,000$ tax levy increase towards the Pavement Management Program as originally recommended by the Council in 2012.

## Funding Recommendation \#2

Take the one-time measure of dedicating $\$ 500,000$ of the $\$ 1.1$ million in excess TIF District \#13 funds that were returned to the City in 2016; towards General Facility Replacements.

## Funding Recommendation \#3

For 2017, continue to adjust the base rates for the water, sanitary sewer, and storm sewer as needed to accommodate planned capital replacements. A more specific recommendation will be forthcoming after the annual utility rate analysis is complete.

## Funding Recommendation \#4

For the $\$ 2$ million in OVAL improvements scheduled for 2020, assume that the City will receive an equivalent appropriation from a future State Bonding Bill.

With these funding recommendations, along with those prescribed by the Council in 2012 that impact future years, the revised funding status for the tax-supported asset replacement funds will be as follows:

|  | Revised |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | 5-Year |
| Tax-Supported | Funding |
| Capital Replacement Fund | Status |
| Administration | $875 \%$ |
| Finance | $125 \%$ |
| Central Services | $118 \%$ |
| Police | $122 \%$ |
| Fire | $113 \%$ |
| Public Works | $137 \%$ |
| Parks \& Recreation | $130 \%$ |
| General Facility Improvements | $97 \%$ |
| Information Technology | $140 \%$ |
| Park Improvements | $96 \%$ |
| Street Improvements | $176 \%$ |
| Street Lighting | $116 \%$ |
| Pathways (Existing) | $86 \%$ |

Although the table above depicts all tax-supported replacement funds except Pathways as being at least $95 \%$ funded, it should be noted that the City's Street Improvements Fund (Pavement Management Program) relies on the consistent spend-down of cash reserves over the next 20 years. Even with the planned additional monies noted above, it will continue to have a deficit of approximately $\$ 1$ million per year in 2037.

If we employ the funding strategies noted above, the General Facilities, Park Improvement, and Street Improvement Funds will look as follows:




## Property Tax Impacts

Based on the funding recommendations set forth above, the monthly CIP impact on a median-valued single family home would rise from the current $\$ 9.88$ per month to $\$ 10.51$ in 2018 holding all other factors constant.

If we factor in all planned levy increases referenced in Resolution \#11027, the impact would be as follows:


Under this scenario, the impact would rise from the current $\$ 9.88$ per month to $\$ 11.29$ in 2019 before it starts to level off. Again, this assumes that all other factors remain constant, and no additional tax levies are enacted. In all likelihood, additional repurposing of expired debt levies will be a consideration in future years to address remaining funding shortfalls.

## Final Comments

From time to time, it has been suggested that the city consider alternative revenue sources to help bridge the funding gaps described above. State or regional grants, local option sales tax, street utility, increased special assessments, and issuing bonds have all been discussed over the past several years.

While any of these avenues may prove viable in the future, only special assessments and the local bonding options are currently within the City's control. Special Assessments could potentially be utilized to a greater extent, however under State Law the amount of the assessment must be equal to or greater than the property's market value increase that results from the associated public improvements. This has proven to be problematic at times as it is sometimes difficult to demonstrate this nexus.

The bonding option can provide a significant revenue source especially as a means of financing improvements that have been deferred due to lack of funding. However, these bonds need to be repaid over time. As a result, the tax burden on property owners is not avoided and in fact is larger due the interest that has to be paid on the bonds.

## Policy Objective

The establishment and review of the City's CIP is consistent with industry-recommended practices as well as the City's Financial Policies.

## Financial Impacts

See 'Funding Strategies \& Impacts' section above.

## Staff Recommendation

## Not applicable.

245 Requested Council Action

For information purposes only. No formal Council action is requested, however Staff is seeking comment and guidance on the 2018-2037 CIP and its Budget Impact.

Prepared by: Chris Miller, Finance Director
Attachments: A: 2018 Project / Initiative Summary
B: 2018-2022 Summary of CIP Scheduled Items
C: 2018-2037 Capital Improvement Plan Detailed Worksheets
D: 2018 Scheduled Items: Summary of Changes
E: 2018 CIP Utility Maps

# City of <br>  

## 2018 <br> Capital Improvement Plan <br> Project / Initiative Summary

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Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

The Finance Department utilizes the Springbrook/Accela financial application suite to perform various accounting and financial reporting functions. The current version (purchased in 2010) will no longer be supported and the City will need to upgrade to the most current version.

Upgrading to the newest version represents the most cost-effective means to continue providing the same level of accounting \& financial reporting capabilities. Purchasing a new, yet comparable software system is estimated to cost at least $\$ 150,000$.

Location:
Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

The Postage Machine is currently in the second year of a 5 -year lease cycle and is used by all City Departments. The amount shown above represents the annual lease amount, and does not include postage.

## Location:

Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

The multi-function copier/printer/scanner units are currently in the first year of a 3-year lease cycle and are used by all City Departments. The City leases 12 units to serve the needs of City Hall, Maintenance Building, Fire Station, Skating Center, License Center, and Nature Center. The amount shown above represents the annual lease amount including all copy charges.

Location:
Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact:

Police Department
Vehicle Replacements
\$165,000
Police Vehicle \& Equipment Fund (Property Taxes) N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

The Police Department generally replaces marked squad cars every three years and unmarked vehicles every 10 years. The decision on whether to replace a vehicle is based on each individual vehicle's age, mileage, overall condition, and potential re-sale value.

For 2018, a total of five marked squads and one unmarked vehicle are scheduled for replacement. Money recouped from selling retired police vehicles is the funding source used to purchase the unmarked vehicle and not the current CIP.

Location:
Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact:

Police Department
Vehicle Equipment
\$70,645
Police Vehicle \& Equipment Fund (Property Taxes) N/A

Project/Initiative Description:
Police vehicles are equipped with a variety of technology, tools and other items to perform their assigned duties.

1) Radar equipment
2) Stop sticks
3) Rear transport seats
4) Control boxes
5) Visabars
6) Computer equipment
7) Squad surveillance cameras
8) Defibrillators
9) Police Radios and equipment

Location:
Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

Project/Initiative Description:

1) Interview rooms
2) Evidence room
3) Report room
4) Roll call equipment
5) Conference rooms
6) Furniture, appliances, etc.
7) Computer replacements

Location:
Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: Not applicable

1) Bullet resistant vests
2) Less Lethal equipment
3) Lethal weapon parts and equipment

Location:
Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact:

## Fire Department

ImageTrend Integration Reporting Software \$11,000
Fire Vehicle \& Equipment Fund (property tax)
\$1,500 starting in 2019

## Project/Initiative Description:

To upgrade the current state exporting software to a mobile Field Bridge to better document and collect data on EMS calls. The mobile field bridge will collect live data and times with CAD integration. Current Medical Direction through Regions Hospital EMS will be able to pull data for training and quality assurance. The data collection will assist in our progression toward more advanced EMS skills to provide the best patient care to the community.

Location:
Not applicable.

Department/Division: Fire Department

Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: Not applicable.

## Project/Initiative Description:

Firefighting is a very physically demanding job. A leading cause of death of firefighters is sudden cardiac arrest. Being physically fit helps to ward off the effects of stress on the brain and heart that firefighters have to endure.

In an effort to continue to support the wellbeing of the firefighters, it is important to replace the equipment that is worn. We would like to add additional low-impact equipment that will be beneficial to all firefighters.

## Location:

Not Applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: Not Applicable

## Project/Initiative Description:

The fire department replaces vehicles on a rotating basis based on each individual vehicles need. The Command Response Vehicle will be utilized by Fire Department Command Staff to respond to emergency incidents 24 hours a day 365 days per year to provide adequate incident command and support.

Location:
Not Applicable.

| Department/Division: | Fire Department |
| :--- | :--- |
| Project/Initiative Title: | Furniture Replacement |
| Total Estimated Cost: | $\$ 1,500$ |
| Funding Source: | Fire Vehicle \& Equipment Fund (property tax) |
| Annual Operating Budget Impact: | N/A |

## Project/Initiative Description:

Furniture replacement for the kitchen area of the fire station. Currently the chairs are worn and in need of replacement. The legs and seat are loose and not stable.

## Location:

Roseville Fire Department

| Department/Division: | Fire Department |
| :--- | :--- |
| Project/Initiative Title: | Personal Protective Equipment |
| Total Estimated Cost: | $\$ 40,000$ |
| Funding Source: | Fire Vehicle \& Equipment Fund (property tax) |
| Annual Operating Budget Impact: | Not Applicable |

## Project/Initiative Description:

The fire department replaces firefighting gear in accordance with NFPA standards. The standard that covers firefighter protective gear is NFPA 1851. Within this standard there are mandates that specify when firefighter personal protective gear should be replaced.

It has been found that the particles within smoke contain carcinogens, which are believed to play a key role in the high rate of firefighter cancer relative to the general population. Replacing gear on a regular basis is a relatively inexpensive way to keep firefighters safe and healthy.

Location:
Not Applicable.

| Department/Division: | Fire Department |
| :--- | :--- |
| Project/Initiative Title: | East Metro SWAT Medic Program |
| Total Estimated Cost: | $\$ 10,000$ |
| Funding Source: | Fire Vehicle \& Equipment Fund (property tax) |
| Annual Operating Budget Impact: | Not Applicable |

## Project/Initiative Description:

Roseville Fire Department works in cooperation with the East Metro SWAT team in the capacity of tactical medics. Currently two active members are equipped to respond and train with the team. The goal is to appoint and equip two more SWAT medics and add replacement funds for current or expired equipment. There is a heavy focus on current and new personal protective equipment to handle the everchanging tasks and dangers of the SWAT program. Some items may need to be customized to meet the needs of the individual or the team.

## Location:

Not applicable.

| Department/Division: | Fire Department |
| :--- | :--- |
| Project/Initiative Title: | 800 MHz Radios |
| Total Estimated Cost: | $\$ 20,000$ |
| Funding Source: | Fire Vehicle \& Equipment Fund (property tax) |
| Annual Operating Budget Impact: | Not Applicable |

## Project/Initiative Description:

The fire department utilizes 800 MHz radios in nearly every aspect of our emergency response. These radios provide a key link between the firefighter and dispatch center. Each year the Fire Department replaces radios that have failed, or are exhibiting signs of excessive wear and tear.

Location:
Not Applicable.

| Department/Division: | Fire Department |
| :--- | :--- |
| Project/Initiative Title: | Training Equipment |
| Total Estimated Cost: | $\$ 1,500$ |
| Funding Source: | Fire Vehicle \& Replacement Fund (property tax) |
| Annual Operating Budget Impact: | N/A |

## Project/Initiative Description:

Firefighters are faced with an ever changing world and environment in which they respond to calls for service. Because of this, they are lifelong learners. In order to facilitate the training, there is a need to keep the training equipment up to date. This includes things such as software, hardware, and training props.

Location:
Roseville Fire Department.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

Continuing with the practice of replacing vehicles and equipment in a timely manner to reduce maintenance costs and down time and to maximize the trade in or resale value of the asset, Public Works is proposing to replace the following:

- Boom Truck
- 5-ton Roller
- Bobcat attachments: bucket, 18" millhead, sweeper broom
- Engineering Technician Pickup truck


## Location:

Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

Based on equipment age and wear and tear on the existing assets, staff is recommending the replacement of a brake lathe and band saw for a total cost of $\$ 15,500$.

Location:
Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact:

Parks and Recreation Maintenance
Replacement of \#512 Ford Tractor with a Skid Steer
\$ 41,000
P\&R Vehicle \& Equip. Replacement Fund (property taxes) N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

This is replacing unit \#512, the 1996 New Holland/Ford Tractor with a Skid Steer Unit \#512 will be traded for a Skid Steer which is more appropriate and in line with the needs of the Department at this time. This piece of equipment would be used by both the Skating Center and Parks and Recreation Maintenance. This multi-function piece of equipment will be able to serve multiple department functions over the year.

Staff is proposing to use the lease option program that Streets and Utilities use for similar pieces of equipment. This would allow us to replace this piece of equipment every couple of years.

## Location:

The Skid-Steer will be stored in the Parks and Recreation Maintenance garage.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact:

Parks and Recreation Maintenance
Replacement of \#511 Toolcat
\$55,000
P\&R Vehicle \& Equip. Replacement Fund (property taxes) N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

This is replacement of the 2006 Toolcat unit \#511. This Toolcat is an important part of both the Skating Center Winter Operations and Parks and Recreation Summer Maintenance. During the winter months it is used heavily by Skating Center for the OVAL snow removal. In the summer this multi-purpose vehicle is used for a variety of turf and landscaping maintenance functions by Parks and Recreation Maintenance.

## Location:

This vehicle during the winter months is stored at the Skating Center and at the Parks and Recreation Maintenance garage in the summer.

| Department/Division: | Parks and Recreation Maintenance |
| :--- | :--- |
| Project/Initiative Title: | Replacement of \#553 2007 John Deere Tractor |
| Total Estimated Cost: | $\$ 80,000$ |
| Funding Source: | P\&R Vehicle \& Equip. Replacement Fund (property taxes) |
| Annual Operating Budget Impact: | N/A |

## Project/Initiative Description:

This is the replacement of unit \#553, a 2007 John Deere Tractor Loader. The John Deere Tractor Loader is an integral part of both the Skating Center Operation and Parks and Recreation Maintenance. The John Deere is used for snow removal, installation and removal of hockey boards, playground removals, skate park removal and installation, and many other day to day operations. With the replacement of \#512 with a skid steer this will give us more flexibility to have two different size pieces of equipment to accomplish our projects. Without this piece of equipment it will limit us with being able to accomplish larger jobs inhouse.

## Location:

This vehicle is stored in the Parks and Recreation Maintenance Garage all year.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact:

General Facilities: Skating Center
Replace One of Three OVAL Micro Processors
\$20,000
General Facilities Fund (property tax)
N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

Microprocessors are automatic control mechanisms for the OVAL compressors. The replacement of the microprocessor is important to help run the compressors more efficiently. The original control pads are outdated and are nearing the end of their useful life. This mechanism works to control the operation of the compressors. There is one processor on each of the three compressors. One has been replaced. The goal is to replace the other two over the next couple of years. These were originals in 1993, parts are becoming more difficult and expensive to obtain.

## Location:

OVAL Mechanical Room.

| Department/Division: | General Facilities: Skating Center |
| :--- | :--- |
| Project/Initiative Title: | Arena Bathroom Remodel |
| Total Estimated Cost: | $\$ 75,000$ |
| Funding Source: | General Facilities Fund (property tax) |
| Annual Operating Budget Impact: | N/A |

## Project/Initiative Description:

The arena bathrooms are original to the building in 1969 and are in need of a remodel. The goal is bring them up to accessibility code as well as address a general need to accommodate more people during large events. The project is anticipated to improve and expand restroom facility conditions as possible for all users.

Location:
Indoor Arena.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

The Arena Dehumidification System was installed in 1987 and is nearing the end of its useful life. The Dehumidification System serves to improve energy efficiencies, improve comfort level of facility users and prevent moisture loads in the indoor facility. A Dehumidification System prevents a number of undesirable conditions including: fog from above the ice surface, frosting up situations, poor ice condition, hindered views of events, facility and mechanical systems corrosion, mold and the overall discomfort of users.

## Location:

Indoor Ice Arena.

| Department/Division: | General Facilities: Skating Center |
| :--- | :--- |
| Project/Initiative Title: | Banquet Center Wall Coverings |
| Total Estimated Cost: | $\$ 25,000$ |
| Funding Source: | General Facilities Fund (property tax) |
| Annual Operating Budget Impact: | N/A |

## Project/Initiative Description:

The state of the wallcovering in the Banquet Center is in need of replacement. The existing wallpaper is peeling and in need of regular repair by staff. The update is needed to keep the rooms desirable and competitive to potential customers. Replacing the wallpaper with paint would be a sufficient solution for this project.

Location:
Banquet Facilities.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

These funds will be used to repair and replace counter tops in the fire station front office that have become damaged or worn out. Due to the 24/7/365 nature of the fire department operations some components of the fire station have seen wear and tear. To prevent additional cost or damage to these areas repairs and replacements must be completed as part of the routine maintenance of the building.

Location:
Not Applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

In order to improve overall building security in the Maintenance Facility staff is recommending the installation of door card readers on several doors throughout the facility and other minor improvements to secure the office area yet continue to provide public access during business hours.

Location:
Maintenance Facility.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

Several smaller area heaters are scheduled for replacement this year as are two water heaters located in the City Hall and Maintenance Facility. The age of the assets are appropriate for replacement to avoid catastrophic failures.

Location:
City Hall and Maintenance Facility.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

The existing fuel tanks in the Maintenance Facility yard are over 30 years old and have a capacity of 6,000 gallons unleaded fuel and 8,000 gallons diesel. Staff is recommending replacing the tanks to avoid a catastrophic failure of the tanks (some leaking is very likely occurring now), and also to expand the capacity to at least 10,000 gallons for each unleaded and diesel in order to provide more flexibility in purchasing fuel through the State contract and spot pricing. This project will also include updating/replacing the pumps.

## Location:

Maintenance Facility Yard.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

The Building Maintenance CIP has money identified in $2017(\$ 30,000)$ and $2018(\$ 30,000)$ for furniture replacement and wall painting. Over these two years staff will be replacing much of the furniture in the public spaces of City Hall (conference rooms, hallways and sitting areas) as much of this furniture predates the expansion of City Hall in 2003 and is showing significant wear and tear. Also, many of the walls in the public areas and some in the office areas will be painted in 2018 to cover up several years of scuff marks and general wear and tear.

## Location:

Not applicable.

| Department/Division: | General Facilities: City Hall |
| :--- | :--- |
| Project/Initiative Title: | City Hall Elevator Rehabilitation |
| Total Estimated Cost: | $\$ 95,000$ |
| Funding Source: | General Facilities Fund (Property Tax) |
| Annual Operating Budget Impact: | N/A |

## Project/Initiative Description:

The only elevator located in City Hall needs extensive maintenance work in order to provide reliable long term operation. Over the past 12-18 months it has been out of service at least twice for maintenance. It also needs several significant upgrades in order to meet current building codes.

Location:
Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact:

General Facilities: Maintenance Building
Maintenance Yard Security Gate
\$25,000
General Facilities Fund (Property Tax)
Assume approximately \$200 annually for preventive maintenance of the motor, chains and other mechanical components.

## Project/Initiative Description:

The Maintenance Facility Yard is used for the storage of many items including stockpiles of salt, sand, and fill material as well as other bulky items that are difficult to store inside such as light poles and utility castings. The City's fueling operations are also located in the Yard and are unprotected although they do require a key fob to operate the pumps.

Staff is requesting funds to replace the gate which was removed several years ago due to the condition of the gate in order to provide a secure area during non-business hours.

Location:
North side of Maintenance Facility Yard.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

The City generally replaces desktop/laptop/tablet computers on a five-year replacement cycle. The amount shown represents the average annual impact of this replacement program.

## Location:

Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

The City utilizes the Microsoft Office application suite for all desktop-located computers/laptops/tablets and must renew these licensing subscriptions on a rotating basis.

## Location:

Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

The City generally replaces various network infrastructure components on a 5-10 year replacement cycle depending on the component. The components include network switches, routers, UPS devices, wireless access points (Wi-Fi), servers, and file storage units.

Location:
Not applicable.

Department/Division: Information Technology Division
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Surveillance Cameras
\$9,180
Funding Source:
Information Technology Equipment Fund (property tax)
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

The City generally replaces surveillance cameras on a 10-year replacement cycle. The city has over 50 cameras located throughout various city buildings.

## Location:

Not applicable.

| Department/Division: | Park Improvement Program (PIP) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Project/Initiative Title: | General Improvements |
| Total Estimated Cost: | $\$ 200,000$ |
| Funding Source: | Park Improvement Fund (property taxes) |
| Annual Operating Budget Impact: | N/A |

## Project/Initiative Description:

The Park Improvement Program (PIP) includes mid-range budget items that can be more timely scheduled (with some flexibility from year to year) and planned for but need to be more closely prioritized than daily maintenance items that are more definite. These projects include safety items that require scheduled midlevel maintenance (play surface, field upgrades), items that aid in maintenance efficiencies (landscaping, mulch), and items that help to maintain park system facilities up to expected standards (amenities, sign maintenance, court color coating, landscape work, tree plantings ). This account is currently managed as a CIP account allowing staff to be more strategic with projects and budgeting from year to year and maximizing outside contributions.

Location:
Park and Recreation System.

| Department/Division: | Park Improvement Program |
| :--- | :--- |
| Project/Initiative Title: | Upper Villa Park Shelter |
| Total Estimated Cost: | $\$ 60,000$ |
| Funding Source: | Park Improvement Fund (property taxes) |
| Annual Operating Budget Impact: | N/A |

## Project/Initiative Description:

The Upper Villa Park Picnic Shelter was installed in the early 1970's and is showing its age and signs of serious deterioration. For these reasons the shelter is due to be replaced and/or significantly remodeled. This is expected to be a joint project with the B- Dale Club of Roseville.

Location:
Upper Villa Park near the B- Dale Club.

| Department/Division: | Parks Improvement Program |
| :--- | :--- |
| Project/Initiative Title: | Natural Resources Restoration Program |
| Total Estimated Cost: | $\$ 40,000$ |
| Funding Source: | Park Improvement Fund (property taxes) |
| Annual Operating Budget Impact: | N/A |

## Project/Initiative Description:

## Natural Resources Program Management \& Restoration

This task involves an ecologist consultant and is planned to include management and coordination of activities to conduct natural areas restoration work within parks as they transition out of the Park Renewal Program and into normal parks maintenance efforts. Activities include coordination of on-the-ground restoration activities; identification of grant funding sources and grant application development; responses to residents when questions regarding Parks natural resources management arise; meetings with staff and others as natural resources issues arise; as well as other similar tasks as needed/requested.

## Volunteer Program Assistance

This task will involve an ecologist consultant to work with Parks \& Recreation staff, City Volunteer Coordinator and others to assist in coordination of volunteer events and support sustaining the volunteer stewardship network developed during the Park Renewal Program effort. Examples of work will include assisting Volunteer Coordinator and volunteer Sector/Constellation Leaders with identification of volunteer event types/locations (e.g. regular (third Saturday) volunteer event planning), citizen-scientist monitoring efforts (including gathering/analyzing data from resource monitoring such as frog/toad call surveys, etc.), and similar related activities as needed/ requested.

## Location:

Park and Recreation System.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact:

## Street Lighting

Signal Pole Painting
\$20,000
Street Light Maintenance Fund (Property Tax)
N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

The City is responsible for the maintenance of the painted surface of most of the traffic signals located within the City limits. This is true for both MnDOT and Ramsey County jurisdiction signals.

The City has not had a comprehensive plan for repainting signal systems and many of the signal systems are showing significant areas of peeling/chipping paint as well as very advanced stages of rust.

Staff is proposing to paint three signals in 2018. We will work with Ramsey County and MnDOT to identify signals that will be replaced within the next 10 years and avoid those signals. The Street Light Maintenance Fund CIP identifies $\$ 20,000$ every other year through 2030 to continue this program. Staff will prioritize signal systems based on age and condition and the respective agency's replacement schedule.

## Location:

Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source: Street Light Maintenance Fund (Property Tax)
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

The Street Light Maintenance Fund is primarily used to maintain City owned light fixtures, address City maintenance responsibilities on traffic signal systems and also for the maintenance and replacement costs of pedestrian flasher systems throughout the City.

The CIP identifies monies on a regular interval for the replacement of poles and fixtures that have met their service life. In 2018 the CIP identifies $\$ 25,000$ for this item. Staff will work to identify older poles and fixtures to replace with newer aluminum poles and/or LED fixtures for long term sustainability and to reduce maintenance and power consumption costs.

Location:
Various locations to be determined.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact:

Pathway \& Parking Lots
Acorn Park East Parking Lots
\$70,000
Pathway and Parking Lot Maintenance Fund (Property Tax) N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

Based on the age and condition of the parking lot, staff is proposing to repave the east parking lots at Acorn Park. This is part of a comprehensive pavement management plan for our parking lots.

Staff anticipates about a 25 to 30 year life of parking lot pavements before a mill and overlay is required. Once repaved, the parking lot will undergo normal routine maintenance such as crack sealing (every three to five years) and some sort of fog seal treatment (every 5-10 years).

## Location:

Acorn Park: East Lots (near Park Shelter and playground).

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

The License Center has a need to replace some office tables and chairs, as well as one security cameras. The amount of replacements for 2018 and beyond will depend on future discussions regarding a new License Center facility.

Location:
Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

The Community Development Departments’ Building Code Division replaces inspection vehicles every eight years. The decision on whether to replace a vehicle is based on each individual vehicle's age, mileage, overall condition, and potential re-sale value.

The Community Development Department currently has four inspection vehicles. For 2018, one inspection vehicle is scheduled for replacement.

## Location:

Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact:

## Water Services

Booster Station Rehabilitation and Improvements
\$1,600,000
Water Fund (Fees)
N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

The City's Water Booster Station is in need of a complete rehabilitation including a new generator, new control electronics, new/refurbished pumps, site security improvements, and general building maintenance and updates. The current long term CIP identifies \$475,000 for Booster Station improvements (over several line items). Staff is recommending increasing that amount to $\$ 1,600,000$ to address a more thorough rehabilitation.

In order to reduce impacts to the CIP fund staff is recommending delaying some water main rehabilitation and reduce that budgeted amount from \$1,000,000 to \$500,000 in 2018 and from \$1,000,000 to \$700,000 in 2019 and 2020.

Location:
Roseville Water Booster Station.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact:

Water Services
Valve Operator and Vacuum Excavator
\$70,000
Water Fund (Fees)
N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

City staff is requesting a new piece of equipment to be purchased through the Water Utility Fund for the purpose of maintaining and testing the 1,600 valves across the City. Larger valves are very difficult to turn and requires a great deal of repetitive motion. Using a valve operator will make the operation quicker, safer, and prevent repetitive injuries amongst the maintenance workers.

The vacuum operation will allow staff to clean out around the valves in order to better maintain and repair the valves. It can also be used to clean out catch basins and other utility structures.

## Location:

Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact:

Sanitary Sewer Services
Vehicle Replacement
\$40,000
Sanitary Sewer Fund (Fees)
N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

Continuing with the practice of replacing vehicles and equipment in a timely manner to reduce maintenance costs and down time and to maximize the trade in or resale value of the asset, Public Works is proposing to replace the following:

- \#209 1-Ton Flat Bed Crane - used for removing and placing pumps and other equipment in lift stations and manholes.


## Location:

Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

Staff is requesting the purchase of a pipe camera system at a cost of $\$ 70,000$ that will be used for video investigation of both Sanitary and Storm sewer pipes. This will allow staff to better troubleshoot potential blockages, structural issues and verify thorough cleaning of pipes. Currently the City uses a subcontractor, sometimes on an emergency basis, to televise our pipes when needed.

Location:
Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact:

Sanitary Sewer Services
Lounge Lift Station Rehabilitation
\$350,000
Sanitary Sewer Fund (Fees)
N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

Based on a recent lift station condition study it was recommended that many of the City's storm and sanitary lift stations are due, if not overdue, for rehabilitation. Staff has been working to rehabilitate one lift station per year in order to spread out the costs but complete the rehabilitation of these key pieces of infrastructures in a reasonable time frame.

For 2018 staff has identified the Lounge Lift Station for rehabilitation. This work will involve replacing the pump and electronics as well as potentially reconstructing the wet well component of the lift station. The design for this project was budgeted in the 2017 CIP and is underway.

## Location:

West of Lincoln Drive south of County Road C2.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact:

Sanitary Sewer Services
Fernwood Lift Station Rehabilitation Design
\$60,000
Sanitary Sewer Fund (Fees)
N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

Based on a recent lift station condition study it was recommended that many of the City's storm and sanitary lift stations are due, if not overdue, for rehabilitation. Staff has been working to rehabilitate one lift station per year in order to spread out the costs but complete the rehabilitation of these key pieces of infrastructures in a reasonable time frame.

For 2019 staff has identified the Fernwood Lift Station for rehabilitation. The amount budgeted in the 2018 CIP is for the design of this rehabilitation work.

## Location:

Fernwood Street north of Larpenteur Ave.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

Based on a recent lift station condition study it was recommended that many of the City's storm and sanitary lift stations are due, if not overdue, for rehabilitation. Staff has been working to rehabilitate one lift station per year, per division (storm or sanitary), in order to spread out the costs but complete the rehabilitation of these key pieces of infrastructures in a reasonable time frame.

For 2018 staff has identified the Walsh Lift Station for rehabilitation. This work will involve replacing the pump and electronics as well as potentially reconstructing the wet well component of the lift station. The design for this project was budgeted in the 2017 CIP and is underway.

## Location:

Southwest portion of Midland Hills Golf Course.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

Continuing with the practice of replacing vehicles and equipment in a timely manner to reduce maintenance costs and down time and to maximize the trade in or resale value of the asset, Public Works is proposing to replace the following in the Storm Sewer division:

- \#172 Zero Turn Mower - \$15,000

Location:
Not applicable.

Department/Division:
Project/Initiative Title:
Total Estimated Cost:
Funding Source:
Annual Operating Budget Impact: N/A

## Project/Initiative Description:

This includes replacement of the six Irrigation Satellite Controllers that were purchased in 1988. They would coordinate with the main controller that is located in the maintenance shop. This system is nearing the end of its useful life with parts very difficult if not impossible to get.

## Location:

Cedarholm Golf Course Maintenance Shop.

## City of Roseville

2018-2022 CIP Detail by Function

|  | $\underline{2018}$ |  | $\underline{2019}$ |  | $\underline{2020}$ |  | $\underline{2021}$ |  | $\underline{2022}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Administration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Office Furniture | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 5,000 | \$ | - |
| Finance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial Software: Upgrade |  | 80,000 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Investment \& Debt Mgmt. Software |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 20,000 |  | - |
| Central Services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Postage Machine Lease |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |
| Copier/Printer/Scanner Lease |  | 78,000 |  | 78,000 |  | 78,000 |  | 78,000 |  | 78,000 |
| Police |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marked squad cars (5 / yr) |  | 165,000 |  | 165,000 |  | 165,000 |  | 165,000 |  | 165,000 |
| Unmarked vehicles (1/yr) |  | 24,000 |  | 24,000 |  | 24,000 |  | 24,000 |  | 24,000 |
| CSO Vehicle |  | - |  | - |  | 33,950 |  | - |  | - |
| Community relations vehicle - new |  | - |  | - |  | 22,660 |  | - |  | - |
| Squad conversion |  | - |  | - |  | 15,450 |  | 15,450 |  | 15,450 |
| Park Patrol vehicle |  | - |  | - |  | 10,500 |  | - |  | - |
| Radar Units |  | 4,120 |  | 4,120 |  | 4,120 |  | 4,120 |  | 4,120 |
| Stop Sticks |  | 1,030 |  | 1,030 |  | 1,030 |  | 1,030 |  | 1,030 |
| Rear Transport Seats |  | 2,705 |  | 2,705 |  | 2,705 |  | 2,705 |  | 2,705 |
| Control Boxes |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |
| Visabars |  | - |  | 8,250 |  | - |  | 8,250 |  | - |
| Computer Equipment |  | 8,800 |  | 7,400 |  | 7,400 |  | 8,800 |  | 7,400 |
| Computer replacements for fleet |  | - |  | - |  | 150,000 |  | - |  | - |
| Cell phones/computer devices |  | - |  | - |  | 5,645 |  | - |  | - |
| Printer replacements for fleet |  | - |  | - |  | 7,210 |  | 7,210 |  | - |
| Speed notification unit |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 6,000 |
| GPS Devices |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 5,150 |  | - |
| New K-9 |  | - |  | 16,000 |  | - |  | 16,000 |  | - |
| Non-lethal weapons |  | 1,600 |  | 1,600 |  | 1,600 |  | 1,600 |  | 1,600 |
| Long guns replacement |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 11,330 |
| Long gun parts (squads) |  | 3,090 |  | 3,090 |  | 3,090 |  | 3,090 |  | 3,090 |
| Sidearms (officers) |  | - |  | - |  | 9,270 |  | - |  | - |
| Sidearm parts (officers) |  | 2,060 |  | 2,060 |  | 2,060 |  | 2,060 |  | 2,060 |
| Tactical gear |  | 5,150 |  | 5,150 |  | 5,150 |  | 5,150 |  | 5,150 |
| SWAT Bullet Proof Vests |  | 6,180 |  | 6,180 |  | 6,180 |  | 6,180 |  | 6,180 |
| IBIS Fingerprinting Equipment |  | - |  | 3,000 |  | - |  | - |  | 3,000 |
| Crime scene equipment |  | 3,000 |  | 3,000 |  | 3,000 |  | 3,000 |  | 3,000 |
| McGruff Costume |  | - |  | 1,750 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| K-9 Training Equipment |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 1,545 |  | - |
| 8 Squad Surveillance Cameras |  | 41,715 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Digital Interview Room Equipment |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 15,450 |
| Evidence Room |  | - |  | - |  | 2,575 |  | - |  | - |
| Report Room Monitors |  | 2,500 |  | - |  | 2,500 |  | - |  | 2,500 |
| Roll Call Equipment |  | 4,000 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Investigation Conf. Room |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 2,500 |
| Defibrillators |  | 1,575 |  | 1,575 |  | 1,575 |  | 1,575 |  | 1,575 |
| Shredder |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 5,150 |
| Radio Equipment |  | 15,500 |  | 15,500 |  | 15,500 |  | 15,500 |  | 15,500 |
| Office furniture |  | 2,100 |  | 2,100 |  | 2,100 |  | 2,100 |  | 8,400 |
| Patrol area cubicles |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 9,500 |  | - |
| Window treatments |  | 6,300 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Dishwasher |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 2,060 |

## City of Roseville

2018-2022 CIP Detail by Function

|  | $\underline{2018}$ | $\underline{2019}$ | $\underline{2020}$ | $\underline{2021}$ | $\underline{2022}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Microwave | - | 500 | - | - | - |
| Detention Room | - | - | 2,000 | - | - |
| Fire |  |  |  |  |  |
| Staffed engine replacement | - | - | 575,000 | - | - |
| Medic Unit | - | 100,000 | - | - | - |
| Ladder truck | - | - | - | 1,100,000 | - |
| Command Response Vehicle | 52,500 | - | 55,000 | - | 60,000 |
| Exercise room-fitness equipment | 10,000 | - | 15,000 | - | - |
| Ventilation fans | - | - | - | - | 7,000 |
| Power equipment | - | - | 10,000 | - | - |
| Personal Protective Equipment | 40,000 | 40,000 | 40,000 | - | - |
| Cardiac Monitoring and Response Equipment | - | 5,000 | 13,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| Medical bags and O2 bags | - | 6,500 | - | - | - |
| Training equipment | 1,500 | - | - | - | - |
| Camera to assist with rescue/firefighting | - | - | - | 7,000 | - |
| Portable and mobile radios | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 5,000 | 20,000 |
| Apparatus Based IT Infrastructure | - | 20,000 | - | - | - |
| Air monitoring equipment | - | 5,000 | - | - | - |
| Rescue equipment | - | - | - | - | 32,500 |
| Reporting software | 11,000 | - | - | - | - |
| SWAT Gear/Equipment | 10,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Training room tables \& chairs | - | 15,000 | - | - | - |
| Conf room Furniture | - | 5,000 | - | - | - |
| Kitchen appliances | - | - | 4,500 | - | - |
| Kitchen table \& chairs | 1,500 | - | - | - | - |
| Day room chairs | - | - | 8,000 | - | - |
| AV equipment-training room | - | 4,000 | - | - | - |
| Second floor washer \& dryer | - | 1,400 | - | - | - |
| Bed Mattresses | - | - | - | 8,000 | - |
| Public Works |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eng. vehicle \#304: Proj. Cord. C1500 | 30,000 |  | - |  | - |
| \#101 F-150 Pickup 2wd | - | - | 30,000 | - | - |
| \#104 1-ton pickup | - | 35,000 | - | - | - |
| \#106 3-ton dump w/ plo | - | - | - | - | 180,000 |
| \#109 3-ton dump w/ plow | - | 180,000 | - | - | - |
| \#111 Skidsteer Replacement | - | - | - | 45,000 | - |
| \#111 Bobcat, hydro hammer | - | 8,000 | - | - | - |
| \#111 Bobcat, bucket | 5,000 | - | - | - | - |
| \#111 Bobcat, millhead (18") | 22,000 | - | - | - | - |
| \#112 3-ton dump w/ plow | - | - | - | 180,000 | - |
| \#133-Walk behind saw | - | - | 10,000 | - | - |
| \#134 Sign truck and box and lift | - | - | - | 55,000 | - |
| \#143 Portable line striper | - | 10,000 | - | - | - |
| \#152 Int'l boom truck | - | - | - | - | 225,000 |
| \#157 Ingersoll 5-ton roller | 40,000 | - | - | - | - |
| \#111 Bobcat sweeper broom | 8,000 | - | - | - | - |
| \#111 Bobcat 78" grapple bucket | - | - | - | - | 5,000 |
| Street Signs | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Mower/Snow Blower Combo (1/2 w/ storm) | - | - | - | 30,000 | - |
| Lee Boy Road Grader (\#519) | - | - | 15,000 | - | - |
| Felling Trailer for Road Grader (\#541) | - | - | 10,000 | - | - |

## City of Roseville

2018-2022 CIP Detail by Function

|  | $\underline{2018}$ | $\underline{2019}$ | $\underline{2020}$ | $\underline{2021}$ | $\underline{2022}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wacker J-Tamper (Jumping Jack)* | - | - | 2,500 | - | - |
| Salt Truck Calibration Scale* | - | - | - | 5,000 | - |
| Eng. Survey equipment | - | - | 30,000 | - | - |
| Eng. Large format scanner/copier | - | 10,000 | - | - | - |
| Band saw | 4,500 | - | - | - | - |
| Tire changer | - | 15,000 | - | - | - |
| Air compressor | - | - | 4,000 | - | - |
| Vehicle analyzer update (SW ea 2yrs, HW ea 6 | - | 1,000 | - | 1,000 | - |
| Jib crane (overhead motor \& trolly) | - | 7,500 | - | - | - |
| Brake lathe | 11,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Column Lifts rehab/replace | - | - | - | 100,000 | - |
| Welder Wire Feed* | - | - | 2,000 | - | - |
| Parks \& Recreation |  |  |  |  |  |
| Puppet Wagon (2003) | - | - | - | - | 14,000 |
| \#506 Ford 3/4-ton (2012) | - | - | 40,000 | - | - |
| \#510 Water truck (1/2 cost) (2006) | - | 65,000 | - | - | - |
| \#511 Toolcat (2006) | 55,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Replace 1996 FORD Tractor with Skid Steer (Lease Program) | 41,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 |
| \#517 Ford F350 SD (2013) | - | - | - | 40,000 | - |
| \#515 Ford 350 w. plow (2013) | - | - | - | 40,000 | - |
| \#516 Ford with plow (2013) | - | - | - | 40,000 | - |
| Zero Turn Replace (Arb.) (1999) | - | 9,500 | - | - | - |
| \#535 Ford Passenger van (2006) | - | 40,000 | - | - | - |
| \#545 John Deere tractor (2007) | - | - | 30,000 | - | - |
| \#560 Ford Passenger van (2006) | - | 40,000 | - | - | - |
| Skating Center Plow Truck (2002) | - | - | - | - | 15,000 |
| \#553 John Deere loader (2007) | 80,000 | - | - | - | - |
| \#538 portable generator | - | - | - | - | 3,000 |
| \#543 Felling trailer (2010) | - | - | 5,000 | - | - |
| \#548 Towmaster trailer (2000) | - | - | - | - | 12,000 |
| \#585 Belos snow machine (2010) | - | - | 145,000 | - | - |
| Pickup sander (2013) | - | - | - | - | 8,000 |
| General Facility Improvements |  |  |  |  |  |
| Replace garage Co Ra Vac Heaters | - | - | 60,000 | - | - |
| Door Card Reader | 25,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Liebert condensing unit (IT Server Room) | - | - | 60,000 | - | - |
| Liebert AHV (IT Server Room) | - | - | 30,000 | - | - |
| Make Up Air Units (Maintenance Garage) | - | 90,000 | - | - | 35,000 |
| Circulating pumps | - | - | - | 15,000 | - |
| Water heaters (CH and Maintenance) | - | - | - | - | 25,000 |
| Police \& PW garage Co2/No2 detectors | - | - | - | - | 10,000 |
| Exhaust fans (10) | - | - | 30,000 | - | - |
| Unit heaters (4) | 6,000 | - | - | - | - |
| VAV's heat/cool | - | - |  | 10,000 | - |
| VAV/s cool | - | - |  | 10,000 | - |
| workstation replacement city hall | - | - | - | - | 350,000 |
| Overhead door replacement | - | - | 20,000 | - | - |
| Roof Rehab/Replace Park Maintenance | - | 120,000 | - | - | - |
| Tables and chairs City Hall | 30,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Fuel system tank replacement | - | 220,000 | - | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3 |

## City of Roseville

2018-2022 CIP Detail by Function

|  | $\underline{2018}$ | $\underline{2019}$ | $\underline{2020}$ | $\underline{2021}$ | $\underline{2022}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maintenace Yard Security Gate | 25,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Paint walls city hall | 15,000 | - | - | 25,000 | - |
| Geothermal Expansion to PW Building | - | - | - | 200,000 | - |
| City Hall Elevator | 95,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Gymnastics Center | - | - | 70,000 | - | - |
| Commons: Water Heater- Domestic H20 | - | 8,000 | - | - | - |
| Commons: Water Heater- Zamboni (2007) | - | 10,000 | - | - | - |
| Commons: Water Storage Tank | - | 8,000 | - | - | - |
| Commons: South Entry RTU (2007) | - | - | - | - | 20,000 |
| Arena: Dehumidification | 90,000 |  | - | - | - |
| Arena: Roof (2004) | - | - | - | - | 300,000 |
| Arena: Scoreboard Large | - | 30,000 | - | - | - |
| Arena: Zamboni Foyer Divider Wall | - | 12,000 | - | - | - |
| Arena: Restroom Remodeling | 75,000 | - | - | - | - |
| OVAL: Refrigeration piping (1993) | - | - | 750,000 | - | - |
| OVAL: Compressors (1993) | - | - | 450,000 | - | - |
| OVAL: Refrigeration components (2005) | - | - | 425,000 | - | - |
| OVAL: Concrete Floor (1993) | - | - | 1,000,000 | - | - |
| OVAL: Lighting (1993) | - | - | 100,000 | - | - |
| OVAL: Micro Processors | 20,000 | - | 20,000 | - | - |
| OVAL: Soft Starts | - | - | 35,000 | - | - |
| OVAL: Tarmac Blacktop (2010) | - | 15,000 | - | - | - |
| OVAL: Perimeter Fencing | - | - | - | 30,000 | - |
| OVAL: Lobby Roof (1993) | - | 85,000 | - | - | - |
| OVAL: Mech. Bldg Roof (1993) | - | 60,000 | - | - | - |
| OVAL: Zamboni (2003) | - | 125,000 | - | - | - |
| OVAL: Inline Hockey Rink | - | 0 | 25,000 | - | - |
| OVAL: Ammonia Alarm System | - | 10,000 | - | - | - |
| Banquet Ctr: Fitness Room RTU (2007) | - | - | - | - | 20,000 |
| Banquet Ctr: Roof (1999) | - | - | 100,000 | - | - |
| Banquet Ctr: Carpet (2009) | - | - | - | 35,000 | - |
| Banquet Ctr: Wallcoverings/bqt.improv | - | 25,000 | - | - |  |
| Banquet Ctr: Divider Wall | - | 25,000 | - | - | - |
| Fire: Shift office counter tops | 3,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Fire: Laundry room Washer \& dryer- gear | - | - | - | 15,000 |  |
| Fire: Laundry room Washer \& dryer | - | 1,400 | - | - | - |
| Fire: Security system | - | - | 8,000 | - | - |
| Fire: Air Monitoring Sensors | - | 9,000 | - | - | - |
| Information Technology |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computers (Notebooks, Desktop) | 69,800 | 30,150 | 35,100 | 29,850 | 10,900 |
| Monitor/Display | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 |
| MS Office License | 8,100 | 11,700 | 15,000 | 9,900 | 11,100 |
| Desktop Printer | 1,200 | - | - | - | - |
| Network Switches/Routers (Roseville) | 38,000 | 9,000 | 13,000 | 12,000 | 78,000 |
| Power/UPS - Closets (11) | 1,700 | 1,700 | 3,000 | 1,700 | 400 |
| Power/UPS - Server Room (1) | - | 18,000 | - | - | - |
| Air Conditioner - Server Room Unit \#1 | - | - | 38,000 | - | - |
| Fire Protection - Server Room (1) | - | - | - | 19,000 | - |
| Surveillance Cameras (53) | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 |
| Wireless Access Points (38) | 23,200 | - | - | - | - |
| Telephone Routers (Shared) | - | - | - | 45,000 | - |

## City of Roseville

2018-2022 CIP Detail by Function

|  | $\underline{2018}$ | $\underline{2019}$ | $\underline{2020}$ | $\underline{2021}$ | $\underline{2022}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Telephone Servers (Shared) | - | - | - | - | 40,000 |
| Servers - Host - Shared (5) | 30,000 | 20,000 | - | - | - |
| Storage Area Network Nodes- Shared (8) | 55,000 | - | 55,000 | - | 55,000 |
| Network Switches/Routers (Shared) | 10,000 |  |  |  | 77,000 |
| Office Furniture | - | 25,000 | - | - | - |
| New IT Offices | - | - | - | - | - |
| Park Improvements |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tennis \& Basketball Courts | - | 175,000 | 20,000 | 135,000 | 10,000 |
| Shelters \& Structures | 60,000 | 5,000 | 50,000 | - | 25,000 |
| Playground Areas | - | 600,000 | 275,000 | 125,000 | 250,000 |
| Volleyball \& Bocce Ball Courts | - | - | - | - | - |
| Athletic Fields | - | 5,000 | 75,000 | 200,000 | 33,000 |
| Irrigation Systems | - | - | 25,000 | - | - |
| Bridges \& Boardwalks | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other Capital Items | - | 130,880 | - | - | - |
| Natural Resources | 40,000 | 70,000 | 120,000 | 120,000 | 120,000 |
| PIP/CIP Category | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 |
| Street Improvements |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mill \& overlay - local streets | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,200,000 | 1,200,000 | 1,200,000 |
| Reconstruction/M \& O-MSA streets | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 |
| Street Lighting |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pedestrian light @ Victoria | - | - | - | - | 20,000 |
| Misc. pole fixture replacement | 25,000 | - | 25,000 | - | - |
| Pedestrian light @ Nature Ctr | - | - | 20,000 | - | - |
| Pedestrian light @ Lexington Central Prk | - | - | - | 20,000 | - |
| Signal Pole Painting (3 every other year) | 20,000 | - | 20,000 | - | 20,000 |
| Pathways \& Parking Lots |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pathway maintenance | 180,000 | 180,000 | 180,000 | 180,000 | 180,000 |
| Acorn 2 east lots | 70,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Acorn west lot |  | - | - | - | 30,000 |
| Central Pk W Victoria (Foundation) | - |  | 80,000 |  | - |
| City Hall(2004) | - | 400,000 |  | - | - |
| Langton Lk S lot off C2 Soccer Lot | - | - | - | 20,000 | - |
| Lexington Pk off Cty B (1999) | - |  | - | - | 20,000 |
| Nature Center | - | 20,000 | - | - | - |
| Veterans VFW Lot (1995) | - | - | - | 100,000 | - |
| Communications |  |  |  |  |  |
| Conference Room Equipment | - | - | 1,500 | - | - |
| Council Camera Replacement | - | - | - | - | - |
| Council Control/Sound Sytem | - | - | - | - | - |
| General Audio/Visual Equipment | 10,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 4,000 | 15,000 |
| License Center |  |  |  |  |  |
| General office equipment (minor) | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Computer equipment (4) |  | 2,800 | - | 2,800 |  |
| Passport camera | - | - | 2,000 | - | - |
| Office chair replacement | 2,100 | 2,100 | - | - | - |
| Security camera replacement | 5,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Bathroom improvements | - | - | 1,500 | - | - |
| Facility Improvements (add'l in 2017?) | 200,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Community Development |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inspection vehicles | 19,000 | 19,000 | 20,000 | - | - |

## City of Roseville

2018-2022 CIP Detail by Function

|  | $\underline{2018}$ | $\underline{2019}$ | $\underline{2020}$ | $\underline{2021}$ | $\underline{2022}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Computers | 2,500 | 4,300 | 4,300 | 3,500 | 8,000 |
| Office furniture | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Water |  |  |  |  |  |
| \#207 Pickup | - | - | - | 35,000 | - |
| \#208 Meter van | - | - | 30,000 | - | - |
| \#211 360 Backhoe (3-way split) | - | - | - | - | 60,000 |
| \#234 4x4 Pickup | - | 30,000 | - | - | - |
| \#213 Water Utility Mobile Workshop Van | - | - | 30,000 | - | - |
| Replace/Upgrade SCADA system (1/3) | - | - | 75,000 | - | - |
| GPS Unit (1/3 share) | - | - | 7,000 | - | - |
| Field Computer Replacement/add | 5,000 | - | - | - | 5,000 |
| \#236 Trailer | - | 5,000 | - | - | - |
| Valve Operator and Vac | 70,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Booster Station Rehabilitation | 1,600,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Water main replacement | 500,000 | 700,000 | 700,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Sanitary Sewer |  |  |  |  |  |
| \#202 1-ton with dump box/plow | - | - | - | 40,000 | - |
| \#209 1-ton "Flat Bed Crane" | 40,000 |  | - | - | - |
| \#213 Extend-a-jet replacement | - | - | - | 35,000 | - |
| \#220 Towmaster trailer - 10 ton | - | - | - | 10,000 | - |
| Water Truck (1/2) | - | 60,000 | - | - | - |
| Pipe Camera | 75,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Replace/Upgrade SCADA system (1/3) | - | 75,000 | - | - | - |
| Computer replacement | - | - | 5,000 | - | - |
| Replace 1990 air compressor(1/3) | - | 15,000 | - | - | - |
| GPS with computer (1/3 share) | - | - | - | 4,000 | - |
| Replace Onan portable generator | - | - | - | - | 75,000 |
| Galtier LS Rehab | - | 50,000 | 500,000 | - | - |
| Lounge LS Rehab | 350,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Dale/Owasso LS Rehab | - | - | - | 45,000 | 405,000 |
| Cohansey LS upgrade | - |  | - | - | 30,000 |
| Long Lake Lift Station | - | - | 35,000 | 315,000 | - |
| Fernwood LS Rehab/Roof/Tuckpoint | 60,000 | 540,000 | - | - | - |
| Sewer main repairs | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| I \& I reduction | 100,000 | 100,000 | 100,000 | 100,000 | - |
| Storm Sewer |  |  |  |  |  |
| \#103 Ford 450 w/ Plow | - | 65,000 | - | - | - |
| \#122 Wheel Loader | - | 205,000 | - | - | - |
| \#167 Elgin Sweeper 2006 3-wheel | - | - | 200,000 | - | - |
| \#126 Bobcat Skidsteer | - | - | - | 45,000 | - |
| \#171 Tennant 6600 sweeper | - | - | 32,000 | - | - |
| \#163 Electronic message board | - | - | 20,000 | - | - |
| \#139 Vacall | - | - | - | - | 250,000 |
| \#130 Steamer "Amazing Machine" | - | - | 15,000 | - | - |
| \#172 Zero Turn Dixie Chopper | 15,000 |  | - | - | - |
| Mower/Snow Blower Combo (1/2 w/ streets) | - | - | - | 30,000 | - |
| \#168 Wildcat Compost Turner | - | - | 250,000 |  | - |
| Field Computer Add/Replacements | - | - | - | - | 5,000 |
| GPS Unit (1/3) | - | - | 4,000 | - | - |
| \#211 Backhoe 1/3 water. Sewer, storm | - | - | - | - | 60,000 |
| Walsh Storm station Upgrades | 450,000 | - | - | - | - |

## City of Roseville

2018-2022 CIP Detail by Function

|  | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Replace/Upgrade SCADA (1/3) | - | 75,000 | - | - | - |
| Pond improvements/infiltration | 275,000 | 300,000 | 350,000 | 350,000 | 400,000 |
| Storm sewer replacement/rehabilitationPMP | 350,000 | 400,000 | 450,000 | 450,000 | 500,000 |
| Leaf site water quality improvements | - | - | - | 75,000 | - |
| Golf Course |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pickup Truck 2012 | - | - | - | - | 28,000 |
| Greens Mowers 2000 |  | 30,000 |  |  |  |
| Greens/Tee Mowers 2002 | - | - | 35,000 |  |  |
| Computer equipment 2014 | - |  |  | 7,000 |  |
| Turf equipment/aerators 2001 | - |  | - | 21,000 | - |
| Cushman \#1 \& 22014 and 1988 | - | 17,000 | - |  | - |
| Top Dresser Tufco 1993 | - |  |  | 15,000 | - |
| Operational power equipment 1980-2010 | - | - | - |  | 5,000 |
| Shop heating and other/upgrades 1967 | - | 20,000 | - |  | - |
| Course improvements, landscaping (yearly) | - |  | 5,000 | - | 5,000 |
| Irrigation system upgrades 1960/1988/1994 7gl | 30,000 |  | - |  | - |
| Annual Total | \$ 9,513,905 | \$ 9,710,820 | \$12,298,550 | \$ 9,558,645 | \$ 9,111,030 |
| 5-Year Total | \$50,192,950 |  |  |  |  |


Tax Levy: Current
Tax Levy: Add/Sub Tax Levy: Add/Sub
Fees, Licenses, Permits, MSA Sale of Assets
Interest Earnings
$\qquad$ $\begin{array}{rrr}4,688,100 & 4,678,100 & 4,678,10 \\ 24,500\end{array}$ $\qquad$ 100 $678,100^{-} \quad 4,678,100^{-}$ ,100 78,100
24500 4,678,100
$\qquad$ 4,678,100 $\begin{array}{rr}4,500 & 4,678,100 \\ 24,500\end{array}$ 78,100
24,500
13,888 4,678,100 767,100 $\quad 4,678,100^{-}$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ , 1,500 4,678,100

24,500 | 100 | $93,572,00$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 490 |  |



 Ending Cash Balance


## Expenditure Detail

Kes Description
E Voting Equipment
F Administration Office Furniture


## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: Finance Equipment Fund (404)
2018-2037

|  |  | 2018 |  | $\underline{2019}$ |  | 2020 |  | $\underline{2021}$ |  | $\underline{2022}$ |  | $\underline{2023}$ |  | $\underline{2024}$ |  | $\underline{2025}$ |  | 2026 |  | 2027 |  | $\underline{2028}$ |  | $\underline{2029}$ |  | $\underline{2030}$ |  | 2031 |  | $\underline{2032}$ |  | 2033 |  | 2034 |  | 2035 |  | 2036 |  | $\frac{2037}{15}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax Levy: Current | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 |  |
| Tax Levy: Add/Sub |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sale of Assets |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest Earnings |  | 973 |  | - |  | - |  | 293 |  | 199 |  | 502 |  | 813 |  | 1,129 |  | - |  | 151 |  | 454 |  | 763 |  | 1,079 |  | - |  | - |  | 0 |  | 300 |  | 606 |  | - |  |  |  |
| Revenues | \$ | 15,973 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,293 | \$ | 15,199 | \$ | 15,502 | \$ | 15,813 | \$ | 16,129 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,151 | \$ | 15,454 | \$ | 15,763 | \$ | 16,079 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,300 | \$ | 15,606 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ 307,263 |
| Vehicles | \$ | - | \$ | - \$ | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - \$ | \$ | - \$ | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - \$ | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - \$ | \$ | - | \$ | - |  |
| Equipment |  | 80,000 |  | - |  | - |  | 20,000 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 80,000 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 80,000 |  | 20,000 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 80,000 |  | - |  |  |  |
| Furniture \& Fixtures |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buildings |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Improvements |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |
| Expenditures | \$ | 80,000 | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | 20,000 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | 80,000 |  | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | 80,000 | \$ | 20,000 | \$ | - |  |  | \$ | - | \$ | 80,000 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ 360,000 |
| Beginning Cash Balance | \$ | 48,660 | \$ | $(15,367)$ | \$ | (367) | \$ | 14,633 | \$ | 9,926 | \$ | 25,124 | \$ | 40,627 | \$ | 56,439 | \$ | $(7,432)$ | \$ | 7,568 | \$ | 22,720 | \$ | 38,174 | \$ | 53,937 | \$ | $(9,984)$ | \$ | $(14,984)$ | \$ | 16 | \$ | 15,017 | \$ | 30,317 | \$ | $(34,077)$ | \$ | $(19,077)$ |  |
| Annual Surplus (deficit) |  | $(64,027)$ |  | 15,000 |  | 15,000 |  | $(4,707)$ |  | 15,199 |  | 15,502 |  | 15,813 |  | (63,871) |  | 15,000 |  | 15,151 |  | 15,454 |  | 15,763 |  | (63,921) |  | $(5,000)$ |  | 15,000 |  | 15,000 |  | 15,300 |  | $(64,394)$ |  | 15,000 |  | 15,000 |  |
| Cash Balance | \$ | $(15,367)$ | \$ | (367) | \$ | 14,633 | \$ | 9,926 | \$ | 25,124 | \$ | 40,627 | \$ | 56,439 | \$ | $(7,432)$ \$ | \$ | 7,568 | \$ | 22,720 | \$ | 38,174 | \$ | 53,937 | \$ | $(9,984)$ | \$ | $(14,984)$ | \$ | 16 | \$ | 15,017 | \$ | 30,317 | \$ | $(34,077)$ | \$ | $(19,077)$ | \$ | $(4,077)$ |  |
|  |  | 5-Year Fu | undi | ing Sources | es (Re | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 5-Year Fu } \\ & \text { ev + Beg C } \end{aligned}$ | undin | ing Status Balance) | \$ | $\begin{array}{r} 125 \% \\ 125,124 \end{array}$ |  | 10-Year Fu | undi | ng Sources | (Re | 10-Year Fun | unding | - g Status | \$ | $\begin{gathered} 113 \% \\ 202,720 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -Term F | undir | ng Sources | Lon | ong-Term Fun | Cash | ng Status | \$ | $\begin{gathered} 99 \% \\ 355,923 \end{gathered}$ |  |


| Cash Balance (Year-End) | \$ | 33,000 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Planned CIP Surplus/Defic |  | $(4,340)$ | 17 |
|  |  | 20,000 | 2017 |
| Adjust for Delayed CIP Iems |  |  |  |



## Expenditure Detail

 320,000



Expenditure Detail



## Expenditure Detail

| $\frac{\mathrm{Kej}}{\mathrm{V}}$ Description | $\underline{2018}$ | $\frac{2019}{165}$ | $\frac{2020}{16500}$ | $\frac{2021}{156}$ | $\frac{2022}{165}$ | $\underline{2023}$ | $\underline{2024}$ | $\frac{2025}{165}$ |  | $\frac{2026}{165}$ |  | $\frac{2027}{165,000}$ |  | $\frac{2028}{165,000}$ |  | $\frac{2029}{165,000}$ |  | $\frac{2030}{165,00}$ |  | $\frac{2031}{165,000}$ |  | $\frac{2032}{165000}$ |  | $\frac{2033}{165,000}$ |  | $\frac{2034}{165,000}$ |  | $\frac{2035}{165,000}$ |  | $\frac{2036}{165,000}$ |  | $\frac{2037}{165,000}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V Marked squad cars (5/ yr) | 165,000 | 165,000 | 165,000 | 165,000 | \$ 165,000 | 165,000 | 165,000 | \$ 165,000 | \$ | 165,000 | \$ | 165,000 | \$ | 165,000 | S |  | \$ | 165,000 | \$ | 165,000 | \$ | 165,000 | \$ | 165,000 | \$ | 165,000 | \$ | 165,000 | \$ | 165,00 | \$ | 165,00 | \$3,300,000 |
| V Unmarked vehicles ( $1 / \mathrm{yr}$ ) | 24,000 | 24,000 | 24,000 | 24,000 | 24,000 | 24,000 | 24,000 | 24,000 |  | 24,000 |  | 24,000 |  | 24,000 |  | 24,000 |  | 24,000 |  | 24,000 |  | 24,000 |  | 24,000 |  | 24,000 |  | 24,000 |  | 24,000 |  | 24,000 | 480,000 |
| V Cso Vehicle |  |  | 33,950 |  |  | 33,950 |  |  |  | 33,950 |  | - |  |  |  | 33,950 |  |  |  |  |  | 33,950 |  |  |  |  |  | 33,950 |  |  |  |  | 203,700 |
| V Community relations vehicle - new | - | - | 22,660 | - |  |  |  | 22,660 |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | 22,660 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22,660 |  |  |  |  | 90,640 |
| V Squad conversion | - | - | 15,450 | 15,450 | 15,450 | 15,450 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15,450 |  | 15,450 |  | 15,450 |  | 15,450 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 123,600 |
| V Park Patrol vehicle | - | - | 10,500 | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10,500 |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 31,500 |
| V Radar Units | 4,120 | 4,120 | 4,120 | 4,120 | 4,120 | 4,120 | 4,120 | 4,120 |  | 4,120 |  | 4,120 |  | 4,120 |  | 4,120 |  | 4,120 |  | 4,120 |  | 4,120 |  | 4,120 |  | 4,120 |  | 4,120 |  | 4,120 |  | 4,120 | 82,400 |
| V Stop Sticks | 1,030 | 1,030 | 1,030 | 1,030 | 1,030 | 1,030 | 1,030 | 1,030 |  | 1,030 |  | 1,030 |  | 1,030 |  | 1,030 |  | 1,030 |  | 1,030 |  | 1,030 |  | 1,030 |  | 1,030 |  | 1,030 |  | 1,030 |  | 1,030 | 20,600 |
| V Rear Transport Seats | 2,705 | 2,705 | 2,705 | 2,705 | 2,705 | 2,705 | 2,705 | 2,705 |  | 2,705 |  | 2,705 |  | 2,705 |  | 2,705 |  | 2,705 |  | 2,705 |  | 2,705 |  | 2,705 |  | 2,705 |  | 2,705 |  | 2,705 |  | 2,705 | 54,100 |
| V Control Boxes | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 | 80,000 |
| V Visabars |  | 8,250 |  | 8,250 |  | 8,250 |  | 8,250 |  |  |  | 8,250 |  |  |  | 8,250 |  |  |  | 8,250 |  |  |  | 8,250 |  |  |  | 8,250 |  |  |  | 8,250 | 82,500 |
| E Computer Equipment | 8,800 | 7,400 | 7,400 | 8,800 | 7,400 | 7,400 | 8,800 | 7,400 |  | 7,400 |  | 8,800 |  | 7,400 |  | 7,400 |  | 8,800 |  | 7,400 |  | 7,400 |  | 8,800 |  | 7,400 |  | 7,400 |  | 8,800 |  | 7,400 | 157,800 |
| E Computer replacements for fleet | - | - | 150,000 | - |  |  |  | 150,000 |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | 150,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 150,000 |  |  |  |  | 600,000 |
| E Cell phones/computer devices | - | - | 5,645 | - | - | 5,645 |  |  |  | 5,645 |  | - |  | - |  | 5,645 |  | - |  | - |  | 5,64 |  |  |  |  |  | 5,645 |  | - |  |  | 33,870 |
| E Printer replacements for fleet | - | - | 7,210 | 7,210 |  |  |  | 7,210 |  | 7,210 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7,210 |  | 7,210 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7,210 |  | 7,210 |  |  | 57,680 |
| E Speed notification unit | - | - | - |  | 6,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,000 |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,000 | 24,000 |
| E GPS Devices | - | - | - | 5,150 | - |  |  |  |  | 5,150 |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | 5,150 |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | 5,150 |  |  | 20,600 |
| E New K-9 | - | 16,000 | - | 16,000 |  |  |  | 16,000 |  |  |  | 16,000 |  |  |  | 16,000 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 16,000 |  | - |  | 16,000 |  |  |  | 16,000 | 128,000 |
| E Non-lethal weapons | 1,600 | 1,600 | 1,600 | 1,600 | 1,600 | 1,600 | 1,600 | 1,600 |  | 1,600 |  | 1,600 |  | 1,600 |  | 1,600 |  | 1,600 |  | 1,600 |  | 1,600 |  | 1,600 |  | 1,600 |  | 1,600 |  | 1,600 |  | 1,600 | 32,000 |
| E Long guns replacement |  |  |  |  | 11,330 | 11,330 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,330 |  | 11,330 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,330 |  | 11,330 |  |  |  |  | 67,980 |
| E Long gun parts (squads) | 3,090 | 3,090 | 3,090 | 3,090 | 3,090 | 3,090 | 3,090 | 3,090 |  | 3,090 |  | 3,090 |  | 3,090 |  | 3,090 |  | 3,090 |  | 3,090 |  | 3,090 |  | 3,090 |  | 3,090 |  | 3,090 |  | 3,090 |  | 3,090 | 61,800 |
| E Sidearms (officers) |  |  | 9,270 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9,270 |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18,540 |
| E Sidearm parts (officers) | 2,060 | 2,060 | 2,060 | 2,060 | 2,060 | 2,060 | 2,060 | 2,060 |  | 2,060 |  | 2,060 |  | 2,060 |  | 2,060 |  | 2,060 |  | 2,060 |  | 2,060 |  | 2,060 |  | 2,060 |  | 2,060 |  | 2,060 |  | 2,060 | 41,200 |
| E Tactical gear | 5,150 | 5,150 | 5,150 | 5,150 | 5,150 | 5,150 | 5,150 | 5,150 |  | 5,150 |  | 5,150 |  | 5,150 |  | 5,150 |  | 5,150 |  | 5,150 |  | 5,150 |  | 5,150 |  | 5,150 |  | 5,150 |  | 5,150 |  | 5,150 | 103,000 |

## Attachment C

## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: Police Vehicle \& Equipment Fund (400)
2018-2037
E SWAT Bullet Proof Vests
E IBIS Fingerprinting Equipment
E Crime csene equipment
E McGruff Costume
E K-9 Training qeupipment
E 8 Squad Surveillance Cameras
E Digital Interview Room Equipment
E Evidence Room
E Report Room Monitors
E Roll Call Equipment
E Investigition Conf. Room
E Defibrillators
E Shredder
E Radio Equipment
F Office furniture
F Patrol area cubicles
F Window reatiments
F Dishwasher
F Kitchen Stove
F Microwave
F Kitchen Refrigerator
F Detention Room

| 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | 2030 | 2031 | 2032 | 2033 | 2034 | 2035 | 2036 | 2037 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 6,180 | 123,600 |
|  | 3,000 | - | - | 3,000 | - | - | 3,000 |  | - | 3,000 | - |  | 3,000 | - | - | 3,000 | - |  | 3,000 | 21,000 |
| 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 60,000 |
| - | 1,750 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,750 | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 1,750 |  |  | 5,250 |
| - | - | - | 1,545 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,545 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,545 | - | - |  | - | 4,635 |
| 41,715 | - | - | - | - | 41,715 | 41,715 | - | - |  | - | - | 41,715 | 41,715 | - | - | - |  |  | 41,715 | 250,290 |
| - | - | - | - | 15,450 | - | - | - | - | 15,450 | - | - | - | - | 15,450 | - | - | - |  | 15,450 | 61,800 |
| - | - | 2,575 | - | - | 2,575 | - | - | 2,575 | - | - | 2,575 | - | - | 2,575 |  | - | 2,575 | - | - | 15,450 |
| 2,500 | - | 2,500 | - | 2,500 | - | 2,500 | - | 2,500 | - | 2,500 | - | 2,500 | - | 2,500 | - | 2,500 |  | 2,500 |  | 25,000 |
| 4,000 | - | - | - |  | 4,000 | - | - | - | - | 4,000 | - |  |  |  | 4,000 |  |  |  |  | 16,000 |
| - | - | - | - | 2,500 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,500 |  | - | - | - |  | 5,000 |
| 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 1,575 | 31,500 |
|  | - |  | - | 5,150 | - | - |  | - | - | 5,150 | - | - |  | - |  | 5,150 | - |  |  | 15,450 |
| 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 15,500 | 310,000 |
| 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 8,400 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 8,400 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 8,400 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 60,900 |
|  | - | - | 9,500 | - | - | - | - |  | 9,500 | - | - | - | - | - | 9,500 | - |  |  |  | 28,500 |
| 6,300 | - | - | - | - | - | 6,300 | - | - | - | - | - | 6,300 | - | - | - | - |  | 6,300 | - | 25,200 |
| - | - | - | - | 2,060 | - | - | - | - | 2,060 | - | - | - | - | 2,060 |  | - |  |  | 2,060 | 8,240 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,060 | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |  | 2,060 |  | 4,120 |
| - | 500 | - | - | - | - | 500 | - | - | - | - | 500 | - | - | - | - | 500 |  |  |  | 2,000 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,575 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,575 | - | 5,150 |
| - | - | 2,000 | - | - | - | - |  | 2,000 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,000 | - | - | - | - | - | 6,000 |
| - |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |

## City of Roseville



| Cash Balance (Year-End) | \$ | 754,0 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Planned CIP Surplus/Deficit |  | 156,580 | 2017 |
| Adjust for Delayed CIP Items |  |  | 2017 |
| Cash Balance (Beg. Year) | \$ | 910,580 | 2018 |



## Expenditure Detail

| Key Description | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | $\underline{2023}$ | $\underline{2024}$ | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | 2030 |  | $\underline{2031}$ | $\underline{2032}$ | 2033 | 2034 |  | 2035 | 2036 | 2037 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V Staffed engine replacement |  | \$ | \$ 575,000 | \$ - | \$ | \$ - | \$ - | 632,000 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | - | \$ 695,000 | \$ |  | \$ - | \$ | \$ - | \$ | 765,000 | \$ - | \$ - | \$2,667,000 |
| V Medic Unit | - | 100,000 |  | - | - | 60,000 | - |  |  | 65,000 | - | - |  |  | 106,000 | - | - |  |  | 112,000 |  |  | 443,000 |
| V Utility-foam transport/railer | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 65,000 |  | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  | 65,000 |
| V Ladder truck | - | - | - | 1,100,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - |  | 1,100,000 |
| V Command Response Vehicle | 52,500 | - | 55,000 | - | 60,000 | - | 62,500 |  | 65,000 |  | 65,000 | - | 70,000 |  |  | 70,000 | - | 70,000 |  |  | 70,000 | - | 640,000 |
| V Fire Inspector vehicle |  | - | - | - | - | 45,000 | - | - |  | - | - | - | - |  | - |  | 50,000 | - |  | - | - |  | 95,000 |
| E Exercise room-fitness equipment | 10,000 | - | 15,000 | - | - | 18,000 | - | - | 18,000 |  |  | 20,000 | - |  | - | 20,000 | - | - |  | 20,000 | - |  | 121,000 |
| E Rescue boat | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 35,000 |  | 35,000 |
| E Self contained breathing apparatus | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | 200,000 | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - |  | - | 150,000 |  | 350,000 |
| E Ventilation fans | - | - | - | - | 7,000 | - | - |  |  |  |  |  | 8,000 |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - |  | 15,000 |
| E Power equipment | - | - | 10,000 |  | - | - | - | - |  | 10,000 |  | - |  |  | - | - |  |  |  |  | - |  | 20,000 |
| E Personal Protective Equipment | 40,000 | 40,000 | 40,000 | - | - | - | 35,000 | 30,000 | 15,000 |  |  | - | 35,000 |  | 25,000 | 10,000 | - | - |  | - | 35,000 |  | 305,000 |
| E Cardiac Monitoring and Response E | - | 5,000 | 13,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 13,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 13,000 |  | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 |  | 13,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 127,000 |
| E Medical bags and O2 bags |  | 6,500 | - | - | - |  | - | - | 6,500 | - |  |  | - |  |  | 6,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19,500 |
| E Training equipment | 1,500 | - | - | - | - | 2,000 | - | - |  | - | 2,000 | - | - |  | - | - | - |  |  | - | - |  | 5,500 |
| E Camera to assist with rescueffirefigt |  | - | - | 7,000 | - | - | - | - | 6,500 |  |  |  | - |  | 6,500 | - | - | - |  | - | - |  | 20,000 |
| E Portable and mobile radios | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 5,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 |  | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 |  | 20,000 | 20,000 |  | 365,000 |
| E Firefighting Equipment | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5,000 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,000 |
| E Response to water related emergenc | - | - | - | - | - | 6,000 | - | - | - | - | 6,000 | - | - |  | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  | 12,000 |
| E Apparatus Based IT Infrastructure | - | 20,000 | - | - | - | 20,000 | - |  |  | 20,000 | - | - | - |  | 20,000 | - | - | - |  | 20,000 | - |  | 100,000 |
| E Air monitoring equipment | - | 5,000 | - | - |  | 5,000 | - | 5,000 | - |  | - | - | 5,000 |  | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | 20,000 |
| E Rescue equipment | - | - | - | - | 32,500 | - | - | - | - | 35,000 | - | - | - |  | - | 37,500 | - | - |  | - | - | 40,000 | 145,000 |
| E Off-site paging equipment |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |
| E Reporting software | 11,000 |  |  |  |  | - | 6,000 |  |  |  | - | - | 6,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | - |  | 23,000 |

## Attachment C

## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: Fire Vehicle 8\% Equipment Fund (401)
2018-2037

E SWAT Gear/Equipment
E SWAT Gear/Equipment
E Nozzles
F Fire admin- office furniture
F Training room tables \& cha
F Conf room Furniture
F Kitchen appliances
F Kitchen table \& cl
F Day room chairs
F Second floor washer \& dryer
F Bed Mattresses
F Bed Structure


| Tax Levy: Current | \$ | $\frac{2018}{241,000}$ |  | $\frac{2019}{241,000}$ |  | $\frac{2020}{241,000}$ |  | $\frac{2021}{241,000}$ |  | $\frac{2022}{241,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2023}{241,000}$ | \$ 2 | $\frac{2024}{241,000}$ | \$ 2 | $\frac{2025}{241,000}$ |  | $\frac{2026}{241,000}$ |  | $\frac{2027}{241,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2028}{241,000}$ | 2 | $\frac{2029}{241,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2030}{241,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2031}{241,000}$ | \$ 2 | $\frac{2032}{241,000}$ | 2 | $\frac{2033}{241,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2034}{241,000}$ | \$ 2 | $\frac{2035}{241,000}$ | $\$$ | $\frac{2036}{241,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2037}{241,000}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax Levy: Add/Sub |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  | $(6,000)$ |  |
| Other |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sale of Assets |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest Earnings |  | 12,739 |  | 15,084 |  | 14,555 |  | 17,277 |  | 13,802 |  | 10,378 |  | 10,586 |  | 12,777 |  | 12,623 |  | 15,675 |  | 13,457 |  | 8,864 |  | 10,681 |  | 12,285 |  | 12,051 |  | 12,792 |  | 9,628 |  | 7,530 |  | 2,521 |  | - |  |
| Revenues | \$ | 247,739 | \$ | 250,084 | \$ | 249,555 | \$ | 252,277 | \$ | 248,802 | \$ | 245,378 | 2 | 245,586 | \$ 2 | 247,777 | 2 | 247,623 | \$ | 250,675 | \$ | 248,457 | \$ 2 | 243,864 | \$ | 245,681 | \$ | 247,285 | \$ | 247,051 | \$ | 247,792 | \$ | 244,628 | \$ | 242,530 | \$ | 237,521 | \$ | 235,000 | \$4,925,305 |
| Vehicles | \$ | 97,000 | \$ | 233,000 | \$ | 40,000 | \$ | 280,000 | \$ | 405,000 | \$ | 205,000 | \$ | 76,000 | \$ 1 | 192,000 | \$ | 14,000 | \$ | 284,500 | \$ | 437,500 | \$ 1 | 115,000 | \$ | 35,000 | \$ | 233,000 | \$ | 210,000 | \$ | 405,000 | \$ | 300,000 | \$ | 368,000 | \$ | 242,000 | \$ | 7,500 |  |
| Equipment |  | 33,500 |  | 43,500 |  | 73,500 |  | 146,000 |  | 15,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 60,000 |  | 53,500 |  | 81,000 |  | 77,100 |  | 40,600 |  | 38,000 |  | 125,500 |  | 26,000 |  |  |  | 1,000 |  | 49,500 |  | 125,000 |  | 178,000 |  | 67,000 |  |
| Furniture \& Fixtures |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | 5,000 |  |  |  | 10,000 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,000 |  |
| Buildings |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |
| Improvements |  |  |  | 276,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 349,500 |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |
| Expenditures | \$ | 130,500 | \$ | 276,500 | \$ | 113,500 | \$ | 426,000 | \$ | 420,000 | \$ | 235,000 | \$ 1 | 136,000 | 2 | 255,500 | \$ | 95,000 | \$ | 361,600 | \$ | 478,100 | \$ 1 | 153,000 | \$ | 165,500 | \$ | 259,000 | \$ | 210,000 | \$ | 406,000 | \$ | 349,500 | \$ | 493,000 | \$ | 420,000 | \$ | 79,500 | \$5,463,200 |
| Beginning Cash Balance | \$ | 636,950 | \$ | 754,189 | \$ | 727,773 | \$ | 863,828 | \$ | 690,105 | \$ | 518,907 | \$ 5 | 529,285 | \$ 6 | 638,871 | \$ 6 | 631,148 | \$ | 783,771 | \$ | 672,847 | 4 | 443,203 | \$ | 534,068 | \$ | 614,249 | \$ | 602,534 | \$ | 639,585 | \$ | 481,376 | \$ 3 | 376,504 | \$ | 126,034 | \$ | $(56,445)$ |  |
| Annual Surplus (deficit) |  | 117,239 |  | $(26,416)$ |  | 136,055 |  | (173,723) |  | (171,198) |  | 10,378 |  | 109,586 |  | (7,723) |  | 152,623 |  | (110,925) |  | (229,643) |  | 90,864 |  | 80,181 |  | (11,715) |  | 37,051 |  | $(158,208)$ |  | $(104,872)$ |  | (250,470) |  | $(182,479)$ |  | 155,500 |  |
| Cash Balance | \$ | 754,189 | \$ | 727,773 | \$ | 863,828 | \$ | 690,105 | \$ | 518,907 | \$ | 529,285 | 6 | 638,871 | \$ 6 | 631,148 | \$ | 783,771 | \$ | 672,847 | \$ | 443,203 | 5 | 534,068 | \$ | 614,249 | \$ | 602,534 | \$ 6 | 639,585 | \$ | 481,376 | \$ | 376,504 | \$ 1 | 126,034 | \$ | $(56,445)$ | \$ | 5 |  |
|  |  | 5-Year Fu | Fundi | ding Sources | (Res | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \text {-Year Fu } \\ \text { Rev }+ \text { Beg C } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fundin } \\ & \text { Cash } \end{aligned}$ | ing Status Balance) |  | $\begin{array}{r} 138 \% \\ 1,885,407 \end{array}$ |  | 10-Year Fu | unding | ng Sources | $\underset{\text { es (Rev }}{10}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \text {-Year Fu } \\ & \text { ev + Beg Ca } \end{aligned}$ | undin Cash | ng Status Balance) |  | $\begin{array}{r} 127 \% \\ , 122,447 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | g-Term Fu | undin | ing Sources | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Long } \\ & \text { es (Re) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ong-Term Fu } \\ & \text { Rev + Beg C } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fundin } \\ & \text { Cash 1 } \end{aligned}$ | ing Status Balance) |  | $\begin{gathered} 102 \% \\ ;, 562,255 \end{gathered}$ |  |


| Cash Balance (Year-End) | \$ 944,000 | 2016 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Planned CIP surplus Deficit | (307,050) | 2017 |
| Adjust for Delayed CIP Items | - | 2017 |
| Cash Balance (Beg. Year) | $\$ 636,950$ | 2018 |



## Expenditure Detail

| Kes | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Eng. Vehicle \#307: ROW Eq4 |
|  | Eng. vehicle \#302: Intern Astro |
|  | Eng. vehicle \#303: Survey F150 |
|  | Eng. vehicle \#308: Proj. Cord.Esca |
|  | Eng. vehicle \#304: Proj. Cord. C15 |
|  | \#101 F-150 Pickup 2wd |
|  | \#104 1-ton pickup |
|  | \#128 F250 4x4 |
|  | \#106 3-ton dump w/ plo |
|  | \#107 Wheel Loader (621) |
|  | \#109 3-ton dump w/ plow |
|  | \#111 Skidsteer Replacement |
|  | \#111 Kage plow |
|  | \#111- Bobcat, snow blower |
|  | \#111 Bobcat, hydro hammer |
|  | \#111 Bobcat, bucket |
|  | \#111 Bobcat, millhead (18") |
|  | \#112 3 -ton dump w/ plow |
|  | \#123 Patch Hook Body |
|  | \#125 5-ton Dump (tandem) |
|  | \#133-Walk behind saw |
|  | \#134 Sign truck and box and lift |
|  | \#141 Asphalt roller |
|  |  |


| $\underline{2018}$ | $\underline{2019}$ | $\underline{2020}$ | $\underline{2021}$ | $\underline{2022}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | - | - | - | - |
|  | - | - | - | - |
| 30,000 |  | $-$ | - | - |
| 3,00 | - | 30,000 | - | - |
| - | 35,000 | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | 180,000 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | 180,000 | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | 45,000 | - |
| - |  | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 5,000 | 8,000 | - | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 5,000 \\ 22,000 \end{gathered}$ | - | - | - | - |
|  | - | - | 180,000 | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - |  | - |
| - | - | 10,000 | - | - |
| - | - | - | 55,000 | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | 10,000 | - | - | - |

## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: Public Works Vehicle \& Equipment Fund (403) 2018-2037

|  | $\underline{2018}$ | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | $\underline{2023}$ | 2024 | $\underline{2025}$ | $\underline{2026}$ | $\underline{2027}$ | $\underline{2028}$ | 2029 | $\underline{2030}$ | $\underline{2031}$ | $\underline{2032}$ | $\underline{2033}$ | $\underline{2034}$ | $\underline{2035}$ | $\underline{2036}$ | $\underline{2037}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V \#144 3-ton dump w/ plow |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 180,000 |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  | 180,000 |  | 360,000 |
| V \#146 3-ton dump w/ plow | - | - | - | - | - | 180,000 |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 180,000 | 180,000 |  | - | 540,000 |
| V \#151 1-Ton Dump | - | - | - | - | - | - | 40,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | 40,000 | - | - | 80,000 |
| V \#152 Int'l boom truck | - | - | - | - | 225,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | 225,000 | - | - | - | - | 450,000 |
| V \#155 Sterling 3-ton w/ plow | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 180,000 | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | 180,000 |
| V \#156 3/4 ton pickup 2wd w/ lift | - | - | - | - | - | - | 30,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | 30,000 | - | - | 60,000 |
| V \#157 Ingersoll 5 -ton roller | 40,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  | 40,000 |  | 80,000 |
| V \#159 Crafco Router |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 12,000 |  | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | 12,000 | - |  | 24,000 |
| V Electronic message board-attenuato | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7,500 | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | 7,500 | 15,000 |
| V \#166 Cimline Melter | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 40,000 | - | - |  | - | - | - | - |  | 40,000 |
| E \#108 Hydro Seeder | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |  |  |  |
| E \#111 Bobcat Forks | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,100 | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | 1,100 |
| E \#111 Bobcat sweeper broom | 8,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8,000 | - | - | - | - |  |  | - | 8,000 | - |  |  | 24,000 |
| E \#111 Bobcat $21 / 2$ slot mill | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 10,000 | - | - | - | 20,000 |
| E \#111 Bobcat 78" grapple bucket | - | - | - | - | 5,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |  | - | 5,000 |
| E \#111 Bobcat angle broom | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5,000 | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | 5,000 | - | 10,000 |
| E \#111 Bobcat Forks 42" | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,100 | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - |  | 1,100 |
| E \#113 Tree chipper | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 55,000 | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |  | 55,000 | 110,000 |
| E Spray Injection Patcher | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 65,000 | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | 65,000 | - | 130,000 |
| E \#142 Replace plate compactor | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3,000 | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | 3,000 | - | 6,000 |
| E \#153 Trailer Felling | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10,000 | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |  | - | 10,000 |
| E Street Signs | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | 50,000 | 50,000 | - | 150,000 |
| E Mower/Snow Blower Combo (1/2 w | - | - | - | 30,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 30,000 | - | - | - |  | - | - | 30,000 |  | - | 90,000 |
| E Office equipment | - | - | - | - | - | 20,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | 20,000 | - | 40,000 |
| E Sign equipmentplotter cutter/signs | - | - | - | - | - | - | 30,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | 30,000 | - | 60,000 |
| E \#129 Sullair Compressor | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 30,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | 30,000 |
| E Tractor/snowblower (1/2 storm) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 35,000 | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | 35,000 |
| E Lee Boy Road Grader (\#519) | - | - | 15,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | 15,000 | - | - | 30,000 |
| E Felling Trailer for Road Grader (\#5. | - | - | 10,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | 10,000 | - |  | 20,000 |
| E 1600 Gal Anti-Icing Hook Setup | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 20,000 | - | - | - | 40,000 |
| E Wacker J-Tamper (Jumping Jack)* | - | - | 2,500 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | 2,500 | - | - | 5,000 |
| E Salt Truck Calibration Scale* | - | - | - | 5,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | 5,000 |  | 10,000 |
| E Briue Tank 3000 Gallons* | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10,000 | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | 10,000 |
| E Eng. Survey equipment | - | - | 30,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 30,000 | - |  | - | - | - | - |  | 60,000 |
| E Eng. Large format scanner/copier | - | 10,000 | - | - | - | - | - | 10,000 | - | - | - | - | - | 10,000 |  | - | - | - | - | 10,000 | 40,000 |
| E Fuel Mgmt system and pumps | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 60,000 | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | 60,000 |
| E Band saw | 4,500 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4,500 | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | 9,000 |
| E Tire changer | - | 15,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15,000 |  | - | - | - | - | - | 30,000 |
| E Tire Balancer | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | 10,000 | - | - | 20,000 |
| E Drill Press | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,500 | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | 2,500 | - | - | 5,000 |
| E Lubrication filling heads, reels, hose | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6,500 | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | 6,500 |
| E Lubrication tank pumps (3) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3,000 | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | 3,000 |
| E Air compressor | - | - | 4,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 4,000 | - | - | - | 8,000 |
| E Vehicle analyzer update (SW ea 2 yr | - | 1,000 | - | 1,000 | - | 3,000 | - | 1,000 | - | 1,000 | - | 3,000 | - | 1,000 |  | 1,000 | - | 3,000 | - | - | 15,000 |
| E Jib crane (overhead motor \& trolly) | - | 7,500 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 7,500 | - | - | - | 15,000 |
| E Drive-on hoist rehab | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20,000 | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | 20,000 |
| E Brake lathe | 11,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 11,000 | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | 22,000 |
| E Column Lifts rehab/replace | - | - | - | 100,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | 100,000 |
| E Welder Wire Feed* | - | - | 2,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | 2,000 | - | - | 4,000 |
| E Welder Plasma* | - | - | - | - | - | 2,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | 2,000 | 4,000 |
| F Garage: Office furniture | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 10,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - |  | 10,000 |
| F Office furniture | - | - | - | - | - | 5,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5,000 |  |  | - | - | - | - | 5,000 | 15,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - |  | - |  | - | - | - | - |  |  |

## Engineering

Streets
Garage
Garage


## Expenditure Detail

$\frac{\text { Kej }}{\mathrm{V} \text { Puppet Wasen (2003) }}$ V Puppet Wagon (2003)
V \#550 Ford F 350 with Plow (2016)
V $\# 506$ Ford \#506 Ford 3/4-ton (2012) \#507 Chevy $1 / 2$-ton (2003) \# \#528 Ford F350 Dump (2016) \#510 Water truck (1/2 cost) (2006) Replace 1996 FORD Tractor \#517 Ford F350 SD (2013)
\#515 Ford 350 w. plow (2013) \#516 Ford with plow (2013) Zero Turn Replace (Arb.) (1999) \#532 Ford F350 (2016) \#535 Ford Passenger van (2006) \#545 John Deere tractor (2007) \#560 Ford Passenger van (2006) Skating Center Plow Truck (2002) \#504 Kubota Drag Tractor (2011) \#509 Toro 4000 Mower (2013)
\#513 Toro 4000 Mower (2013) 520 Single axle trailer (1987) 553 John Deere loader (2007) \#536 Toro 16' mower (2016)

| $\underline{2018}$ | 2019 | 2020 | $\underline{2021}$ | 2022 | 20 |
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| 41,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 |  |
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## Attachment C

## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: Parks \& Recreation Vehicle \& Equipment Fund (402) 2018-2037
E \#538 portable generator
E \#543 Felling trailer (2010)
E \#546 Toro groundmater (2017)
E \#548 Towmaster trailer (2000)
E \#565 Smithco sweeper (1992)
E Mower blade sharpener (2015)
E \#555 Holder snow machine (2017)
E \#558 Holder Snow machine (2015)
E \#585 Belos snow machine (2010)
E Park security systems
E Pickup sander (2013)


Park Maintenance
Skating Center

## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: General Facilities Replacement Fund (410) 2018-2037


Other
Sale of Ass
Interest Earnings


| Vehicles | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | - |  | \$ |  | \$ |
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| Equipment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Furniture \& Fixtures |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |
| Buildings |  | 384,000 |  | 853,400 |  | 3,183,000 |  | 340,000 |  | 760,000 | 1,320,300 |  | 259,000 |  | 406,500 |  | 67,000 |  | 49,400 |  | 405,500 |  | 448,500 |  | 60,500 | 1,171,900 |  | 401,000 |  | 237,800 |  | 404,000 |  | 366,500 |  | 398,000 | 68,00 |







## Expenditure Detail


B Replace garage Co Ra Vac Heaters
B Door Card Reader
B Heating boilers Police
B Liebert condensing unit (IT Serve
B Lieert AHV (II Server Room)
B Make Up Air Units (Maintenance
B Circulating pumps
B Water heaters (CH and Maintenantar
B Replace boiler City Hall
B Police \& PW garage Co2/No2 deter
B Exhaust fans (10)
B Unit heeters (4)
B VVV's heatcool
B VAV/s cool

| 2018 |  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2021 |  | 2022 |  | 2023 |  | $\underline{2024}$ |  | $\underline{2025}$ |  | 2026 |  | $\underline{2027}$ |  | 2028 |  | 2029 |  | 2030 |
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| 25,000 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - ${ }^{-}$ |  |  | - | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |
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| - |  | - |  | 60,000 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  | - | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| - |  |  |  | 30,000 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  | - | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| - |  | 90,000 |  | - |  | - |  | 35,000 |  | - |  | - |  |  | - | - |  | - |  |  |  | 35,000 |  | - |
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| 6,000 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  | - | - |  | - |  |  |  | 6,500 |  |  |
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| 2031 | 2032 | 2033 | 2034 | 2035 | 2036 | 2037 |  |
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|  | - | 25,000 | - | - | - |  | 60,000 |

## City of Roseville <br> Capital Improvement Plan: General Facilities Replacement Fund (410)

 2018-2037|  | Update Flooring CH/PD Update Restrooms CH workstation replacement city hal Overhead door replacement Roof Rehab/Replace Park Main Rehab of north roof PW buildin City Hall Entrance Walkway Im Card access system replacement Replace new Roof City Hall Emergency generator <br> Tables and chairs City Hall <br> Fuel system tank replacement <br> Maintenace Yard Security Gate Paint walls city hall LED conversion CH <br> Geothermal Expansion to PW B City Hall Elevator <br> Brimhall gymnasium <br> Central Park gymnasium Gymnastics Center <br> Commons: Exterior Painting (2014 <br> Commons: Water Heater- Dome Commons: Water Heater- Zamb Commons: Water Storage Tank Commons: South Entry RTU (20 Commons: Parking Lot - North Commons: Parking Lot - South Commons: Parking Lot Lighting Commons: Parking Lot Lighting Commons: County Road C Sign Commons: Entry way rubber flo Commons: Electronic Lock Syst Arena: Roof Top units (2) (2008) Arena: Rubber flooring - changi Arena: Rubber flooring - locker Arena: Dehumidification Arena: Mezzanine HP (2009) <br> Arena: Roof (2004) <br> Arena: Mezzanine glass system Arena: refrigeration system (2008) Arena: Fluid Cooler (2008) <br> Arena: Concrete Floor (2008) Arena: Dasher Boards (2008) Arena: Zamboni (2014) <br> Arena: Locker Room HP (2008) Arena: Scoreboard Large Arena: Ice Show Curtain Arena: Zamboni Foyer Divider Arena: Restroom Remodeling Variable speed pump-skating ce OVAL: Refrigeration piping (19 OVAL: Compressors (1993) OVAL: Refrigeration componen OVAL: Cooling Tower (1993) OVAL: Concrete Floor (1993) OVAL: Scoreboard (2008) OVAL: Lighting (1993) OVAL: lobby rubber flooring OVAL: Lobby HP (2008) |
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## City of Roseville <br> Capital Improvement Plan: General Facilities Replacement Fund (410)

 2018-2037|  | OVAL: Soft Starts |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | OVAL: Tarmac Blacktop (2010) |
|  | OVAL: Garage Doors (2) |
| B | OVAL: Perimeter Fencing |
| B | OVAL: Lobby Roof (1993) |
|  | OVAL: Mech. Bldg Roof (1993) |
|  | OVAL: Bathroom Partitions |
| B | OVAL: Snow Melt Pit |
|  | OVAL: Zamboni (2003) |
|  | OVAL: Inline Hockey Rink |
| B | OVAL: Ammonia Relief Valves (2 |
|  | OVAL: Ammonia Alarm System |
|  | Banquet Ctr: Office Area HP (2008 |
|  | Banquet Ctr: Fitness Room RTU (2 |
|  | Banquet Ctr: Roof (1999) |
|  | Banquet Ctr: Carpet (2009) |
|  | Banquet Ctr: Wallcoverings bqt.im |
|  | Banquent Ctr: Locker Room HP (2C |
|  | Banquet Ctr: Rose Room HP (2008 |
|  | Banquet Ctr: Fireside Room HP (20 |
|  | Banquet Ctr: Raider Room HP (200 |
|  | Banquet Ctr: Divider Wall |
|  | Fire admin- carpet |
|  | Fire admin-paint |
|  | Conf room carpet |
|  | Conf room paint |
|  | Hallway wall paper |
|  | Training room carpet |
|  | Training room paint |
|  | Shift office counter tops |
|  | Shift office paint |
|  | Basement paint |
|  | Exercise room-flooring |
|  | Stair way paint |
| B | Day room carpet |
|  | Day room paint |
|  | Second floor common area paim |
| B | Second floor common area carpet |
| B | Bedroom carpet |
|  | Bedroom paint |
|  | Bay painting |
| B | Exterior gate \& Controls |
| B | SCBA room Compressor |
|  | Laundry room Washer \& drye- |
| B | Laundry room Washer \& dryer |
| B | Station Roof |
| B | Hotsy replacement |
| B | Hot water heaters |
| B | Genera |
| B | Fire Station access control |
| B | Security system |
| B | Station Alerting system |
| B | House air compressor |
| B | Overhead door replacement |
| B | Bi-fold door operators |
| B | Energy recovery unit |
| B | Make-up air units |
| B | Heat pumps (24) |
| B | Water to water heat pump |
|  | Boiler |

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## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: General Facilities Replacement Fund (410) 2018-2037
B Boiler pump
B Core loop pump
B Heat loop pump
B Exhust fans
B Cabuit unit teaters
B Engite generatr set
B Campus loop pump
B Fluid cooler fan
B Heat zone pumps (6)
B Concrete Exterior
B Exterior Lighting
B Interior Lighting
B Pakking Lot
B Air Monitoring Sensors
$\underline{2018}-\underline{2019}$


9,000
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Attachment C


City Hall \& PW Building, Community Gyms
Skating Center

```
Tax Levy:Curent 
Tax Lev: AddSub
Oother Assets
\begin{subarray}{c}{\mathrm{ Sale of Assets }}\\{\mathrm{ Inerest Earnings}}\end{subarray}
```



```
ll
Expendiures $ 254,880 $ 133,430 $ 176,980 $ 135,,30 $ 290,80 $ 235,330 $ 257,530 $ 102,730 $ 167,580 $ 94,530 $ 181,580 $ 146,130
```



```
*)
```



| Kes Descripion | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | 2030 | 2031 | 2032 | 2033 | 2034 | 2035 |  | 2037 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E Computer (Notebooks, Desktop) | 69,800 | 30,150 | 35,100 | 29,850 | 10,900 | 37,450 | \$ 35,850 | 30,150 | 35,100 | ¢ ${ }^{29,850}$ | ¢ 10,900 | 37,450 | \$ ${ }^{\text {35,850 }}$ | ¢ 30,150 | 35,100 | 29,850 | 10,900 | 37,450 | 35,850 | 30,150 | 637,850 |
| E MonitorDisplay | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 8,700 | 174,000 |
| E Ms office License | 8,100 | 11,700 | 15,000 | 9,900 | 11,100 | 8,100 | 11,700 | 15,000 | 9,900 | 11,100 | 8,100 | 11,700 | 15,000 | 9,900 | 11,100 | 8,100 | 11,700 | 15,000 | 9,900 | 11,100 | 223,200 |
| E Deskop Printer | 1,200 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,300 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,400 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E Network Swithes/Routers (Rosevil | 38,000 | 9,000 | 13,000 | 12,000 | 78,000 |  |  | 38,000 | 38,000 | 9,000 | 13,000 | 12,000 | 78,000 |  |  | 38,000 | 38,000 | 9,000 | 13,000 | 12,000 | ,000 |
| E PowerUPS - Closets (11) | 1,700 | 1,700 | 3,000 | 1,700 | 400 | 800 | 400 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 2,100 | 1,700 | 40 | 1,700 | 400 | 1,700 | 800 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 700 |
| E Power/UP - Server Room (1) |  | 18,000 |  |  |  | 5,000 |  |  |  |  | 5,000 |  |  |  |  | 5,000 |  |  |  |  | 000 |
| E Air Conditioner- Server Room Uni |  |  | 38,000 | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 38,00 |  |  | 76,000 |
| ${ }_{\text {E }}^{\text {E Air Conditioner- Server Room Uni }}$ |  |  |  | 19,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18,000 |
| E Surveillance Cameras (53) | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 | 9,180 | ${ }_{9,180}$ | 9,180 | 9,180 | 393,00 18,600 |
| E Telephone Handsets (283) |  |  |  |  |  |  | 85,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 85,000 |  |  | 170,000 |
| E Fiber Network Replacements | - |  |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 350,00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E Network Racks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E Wireless Access Point ( 38 ) | 23,200 | - | - |  | - |  | 30,400 | - | - | - | - |  | 30,400 |  | - | - |  |  | 30,400 |  | 114,400 <br> 171000 |
| $\underset{\text { E }}{\text { E Telephone Routers (Shared) }}$ |  |  |  | 45,000 | 40,000 | 18,000 |  |  |  |  | 40,000 | 45,000 |  | 18,000 |  |  | 40,000 |  |  | 45,000 | 171,000 120,000 |
| E Servers - Host- Shared ( 5 ) | 30,000 | 20,00 |  |  |  | 30,00 | 20,000 |  |  |  | 30,000 | 20,000 |  |  |  | 30,000 | 20,000 |  |  |  |  |
| E Storage Area Network Nodes- Sharr | 55,000 |  | 55,00 |  | 55,000 |  | 55,000 |  | 55,000 |  | 55,000 |  | 55,000 |  | 55,00 |  | 55,000 |  | 55,000 |  |  |
| $\underset{\text { E Wireles LAN Contolleres (Shared) }}{\text { E Network SwithesfRouters (Shared) }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 58,000 60,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 58,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 25,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25,000 |  |  |  |



## City of Roseville

|  |  | 2018 | 2019 | 20 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 28 | 29 | 203 |  | 2031 |  | 2032 |  | 2033 |  | 2034 |  | 2035 |  | 2036 |  | 2037 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax Levy: Current | \$ | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | \$ | 200,000 | \$ | 200,0 | \$ | 200, | \$ | 200,0 | \$ | 200, | \$ | 200,0 | \$ | 200,00 |  |
| Tax Levy: Add/Sub Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sale of Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest Earnings |  | 880 | 9,075 |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | \$ | 200,880 | \$ 209,075 | 200,000 | \$ 200,000 | \$ 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | \$ 200,000 | \$ 200,000 | \$ 200,000 | \$ | 200,000 | \$ | 200,000 | \$ | 200,000 | \$ | 200,000 | \$ | 200,000 | \$ | 200,000 | \$ | 200,000 | \$ 4,009,955 |
| Vehicles | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - \$ | \$ - \$ | \$ - \$ | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  |  |
| Equipment |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Furniture \& Fixtures |  | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Buidings }}^{\text {Improvements }}$ |  | 300,000 | 1,185,880 | 765,000 | 780,000 | 638,000 | 1,661,500 | 520,000 | 539,070 | 830,000 | 720,000 | 640,000 | 488,500 | 1,042,500 |  | 516,670 |  | 728,000 |  | 677,500 |  | 1,010,000 |  | 1,145,000 |  | 955,000 |  | 365,000 |  |
| Expenditures | \$ | 300,000 | \$ 1,185,880 | \$ 765,000 | \$ 780,000 | \$ 638,000 | \$ 1,661,500 | \$ 520,000 | 539,070 | \$ 830,000 | \$ 720,000 | \$ 640,000 | \$ 488,500 | \$ 1,042,500 | \$ | 516,670 | \$ | 728,000 | \$ | 677,500 | \$ | 1,010,000 | \$ | 1,145,000 | \$ | 955,000 | \$ | 365,000 | \$15,507,620 |
| ${ }^{\text {Beginning Cash Balance }}$ | \$ | 552,880 | \$ 453,760 | \$ (523,045) | \$(1,088,045) | \$(1,668,045) | \$(2,106,045) | $\$(3,567,545)$ | $\$(3,887,545)$ | \$(4,226,615) | \$(4,856,615) | \$(5,376,615) | \$(5,816,615) | \$(6,105,115) |  | (6,947,615) |  | (7,264,285) | $\$(7$ | (7,792,285) |  | (8,269,785) |  | (9,079,785) |  | (10,024,785) |  | 0,779,785) |  |
| Annual Surplus (deficit) |  | (99,120) | $(976,805)$ | (565,000) | (580,000) | (438,000) | (1,461,500) | $(320,000)$ | $(339,070)$ | (630,000) | (520,000) | (440,000) | (288,500) | (842,500) |  | (316,670) |  | $(528,000)$ |  | (477,500) |  | (810,000) |  | $(945,000)$ |  | (755,000) |  | (165,000) |  |
| Cash Balance | \$ | 453,760 | \$ ( 523,045 ) | \$(1,088,045) | \$(1,668,045) | \$(2,106,045) | \$(3,567,545) | $\$(3,887,545)$ | \$(4,226,615) | \$(4,856,615) | \$(5,376,615) | \$(5,816,615) | \$( $6,105,115)$ | \$( $(, 947,615)$ |  | $(7,264,285)$ |  | $(7,792,285)$ |  | (8,269,785) |  | 9,079,785) |  | 0,024,785) |  | (0,779,785) |  | 0,944,785) |  |
|  |  |  |  | 5 -Year F | Funding Status | 43\% |  |  | 10 -Year Fu | Funding Status | 32\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Long-Term | Fund | ding Status |  | 29\% |  |



## Expenditure Breakdown

Kes $\quad$ Description
I Tennis \& Basketball Courts I Playground Areas I Volleyball \& Bocce Ball Courts I Athletic Fields I Irrigation Systems
I Bridges \& Board Bridges \& Boardwalks
I Other Capital tims
I Natural Resources I PIP/CIP Category


## Expenditure Detail



## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: Park Improvement Fund (411) 2018-2037


## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: Park Improvement Fund (411) 2018-2037


## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: Park Improvement Fund (411) 2018-2037


PIP Notes:
Includes tree mulch, picnic tables, aglime, playground safety flooring, etc.
1 Playground Safety Surface
2 Playground Compo
3 Landscape Mulch
$\$ \quad 20,000$

Amenities (trash cans/recyle
stations, picnic tables, benches, grills,

## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: Park Improvement Fund (411) 2018-2037

| 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | 2030 | 2031 | 2032 | 2033 | 2034 | 2035 | 2036 | 2037 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| patio and building furnishings, soccer goals, appliances, dog drop stations, facility netting) | 25,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 Signage (replacment, additions and improvements) | 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 Tennis Court Crack Seal/Color Coat | 40,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 Water Feature Components |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 Landscaping and Site Work | 25,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 Fencing Replacement | 15,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 Facility Improvements | 15,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 Limited planning Services as necessary | 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 Ag -Lime for pathways/ballfields | 15,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 Park Tree Plantings | 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL PIP \$ | 200,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Natural Resources Notes: <br> Further refining is beng done to the Natural Resource | s maintenan | upkeep | in 201 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



## Expenditure Detail

$\xrightarrow{\text { Kes }} \frac{\text { Description }}{\text { I }}$
Mill \& overlay - local streets
Reconstruction - local streets Co Road B2 (Snelling to Fairview)

$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllllll}1,100,000 & 1,100,000 & 1,100,000 & 1,100,000 & 1,100,000 & 1,100,000 & 1,100,000 & 1,100,000 & 1,200,000 & 1,200,000 & 1,200,000 & 1,200,000 & 1,200,000 & 1,200,000 & 1,300,000 & 1,300,000 & 1,300,000 & 1,300,000 & 1,400,000 & 1,400,000 & 24,000,000 & & \end{array}$


| Tax Levy: Current | \$ | $\frac{2018}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2019}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2020}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2021}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2022}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2023}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2024}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2025}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2026}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2027}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2028}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2029}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2030}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2031}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2032}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2033}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2034}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2035}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2036}{15,000}$ | \$ | $\frac{2037}{15,000}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax Levy: Add/Sub |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |  |
| Other |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sale of Assets |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | ${ }^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |
| Interest Earnings |  | 1,718 |  | 1,272 |  | 1,717 |  | 872 |  | 909 |  | 547 |  | 78 |  | 100 |  | 522 |  | 52 |  | 473 |  | 503 |  | 433 |  | 462 |  | 891 |  | 429 |  | 457 |  | 486 |  | 416 |  | 444 |  |
| Revenues | \$ | 22,718 | \$ | 22,272 | \$ | 22,717 | \$ | 21,872 | \$ | 21,909 | \$ | 21,547 | \$ | 21,078 | \$ | 21,100 | \$ | 21,522 | \$ | 21,052 | \$ | 21,473 | \$ | 21,503 | \$ | 21,433 | \$ | 21,462 | \$ | 21,891 | \$ | 21,429 | \$ | 21,457 | S | 21,486 | \$ | 21,416 | \$ | 21,444 | 432,781 |
| Vehicles | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - |  |
| Equipment |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |
| Furniture \& Fixtures |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buildings |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |
| Improvements |  | 45,000 |  |  |  | 65,000 |  | 20,000 |  | 40,000 |  | 45,000 |  | 20,000 |  |  |  | 45,000 |  | - |  | 20,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 20,000 |  |  |  | 45,000 |  | 20,000 |  | 20,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 20,000 |  | - |  |
| Expenditures | \$ | 45,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 65,000 | \$ | 20,000 | \$ | 40,000 | \$ | 45,000 | \$ | 20,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 45,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 20,000 | \$ | 25,000 | \$ | 20,000 | \$ |  | \$ | 45,000 | \$ | 20,000 | \$ | 20,000 | \$ | 25,000 | \$ | 20,000 | \$ | - \$ | 475,000 |
| Beginning Cash Balance | \$ | 85,880 | \$ | 63,598 | \$ | 85,870 | \$ | 43,587 | \$ | 45,459 | \$ | 27,368 | \$ | 3,915 | \$ | 4,994 | \$ | 26,093 | \$ | 2,615 | \$ | 23,668 | \$ | 25,141 \$ | \$ | 21,644 | \$ | 23,077 | \$ | 44,538 | \$ | 21,429 | \$ | 22,857 | S | 24,315 | \$ | 20,801 | \$ | 22,217 |  |
| Annual Surplus (deficit) |  | $(22,282)$ |  | 22,272 |  | $(42,283)$ |  | 1,872 |  | $(18,091)$ |  | $(23,453)$ |  | 1,078 |  | 21,100 |  | $(23,478)$ |  | 21,052 |  | 1,473 |  | $(3,497)$ |  | 1,433 |  | 21,462 |  | $(23,109)$ |  | 1,429 |  | 1,457 |  | $(3,514)$ |  | 1,416 |  | 21,444 |  |
| Cash Balance | \$ | 63,598 | \$ | 85,870 | \$ | 43,587 | \$ | 45,459 | \$ | 27,368 | \$ | 3,915 | \$ | 4,994 | \$ | 26,093 | \$ | 2,615 | \$ | 23,668 | \$ | 25,141 | \$ | 21,644 | \$ | 23,077 | \$ | 44,538 | \$ | 21,429 | \$ | 22,857 | \$ | 24,315 | \$ | 20,801 | \$ | 22,217 | \$ | 43,661 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 -Year Fu | undin | ng Status |  | 116\% |  |  |  |  |  | 10 -Year Fu | undin | ing Status |  | 108\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ng-Term Fu | undin | ng Status |  | 109\% |  |
|  |  | 5-Year Fu | undi | ing Sources | (Re | ev + Beg C | Cash | Balance) | \$ | 197,368 |  | 10-Year Fu | undin | ng Sources | (Re | ev + Beg C | Cash | Balance) | \$ | 303,668 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | g-Term Fu | Fundin | ing Sources | (Res | ev + Beg Ca | Cash | Balance) | \$ | 518,661 |  |



## Expenditure Detail



## City of Roseville

Tax Levy: Current
Tax Levy: Add
Other
Sale of Assets
Interest Earnings



Vehicles
Equipment
Equipment
Furniture \& Fixtures
Buildings


| Beginning Cash Balance | \$ | 183,000 | 178,000 | \$ ( 173,440 ) | \$ $(188,440)$ | \$ $(243,440)$ | \$ $(228,440)$ | \$ $(163,440)$ | \$ | $(98,440)$ |  | $(98,440)$ | $(53,440)$ | \$ ( 148,440 ) | \$ $(183,440)$ | \$ $(133,440)$ | \$ | $(88,440)$ | \$ | $(43,440)$ | \$ | 1,560 | \$ | $(33,409)$ | \$ | 11,591 | \$ | 56,823 |  | 42,959 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual Surplus (deficit) |  | $(5,000)$ | $(351,440)$ | $(15,000)$ | $(55,000)$ | 15,000 | 65,000 | 65,000 |  |  |  | 45,000 | $(95,000)$ | $(35,000)$ | 50,000 | 45,000 |  | 45,000 |  | 45,000 |  | $(34,969)$ |  | 45,000 |  | 45,232 |  | $(13,864)$ |  | 45,859 |
| Cash Balance | S | 178,000 | \$ $(173,440)$ | \$ $(188,440)$ | \$ $(243,440)$ | \$ $(228,440)$ | \$ $(163,440)$ | $(98,440)$ | \$ | $(98,440)$ | \$ | $(53,440)$ | \$ $(148,440)$ | \$ $(183,440)$ | \$ $(133,440)$ | $(88,440)$ | \$ | $(43,440)$ | \$ | 1,560 | \$ | $(33,409)$ | \$ | 11,5 | \$ | 56,8 | \$ | 42,959 | \$ | 88,819 |



| Cash Balance (Year-End) Planned CIP Surplus/Deficit | \$ | $\begin{array}{r} 118,000 \\ 65,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2016 \\ & 2017 \end{aligned}$ |  | Pathway/Parking Lot Maintenance Fund |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjust for Delayed CIP Items |  |  | 2017 | \$700,000 |  |
| Cash Balance (Beg. Year) | \$ | 183,000 | 2018 | \$600,000 |  |
|  |  |  |  | \$500,000 |  |
|  |  |  |  | \$400,000 |  |
|  |  |  |  | \$300,000 | - |
|  |  |  |  | \$200,000 | - |
|  |  |  |  | \$100,000 |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\$(100,000)$ <br> $\$(200,000)$ <br> $\$(300,000)$ | 2018 2021 2021 |

## Expenditure Detail

Kes $\quad$ Description
Pathway maintenance
I Acorn 2 east lots
I Acorn west lot
Arboretum(2001)
I B-Dale(2016)
Central Park Lexingtion(2008)
I Central Park Lions-Victoria(2005)
I Central Pk W Victoria(Foundation)
I Central Pk EVictoria(Ballfields)201
I Centra Pk EDale(Socer Fields)20
I Central Pk EDale(Soccer Fields)20
I City Hall(2004)
I Fire Station 1 Lexington(2015)
I Fire Station Fairview
I Howard Johnson(2002)
I Howard Johnson(2002)
1 Kent St Dog Park(2000)
1 Langton Lk S lot off C2+ Soccer
Lexington Pk off Cty B(1999)
Nature Center
I Public Works Yard(2006)
I Owasso Cherrywood ballifie

70,000

I Owasso Cherrywood ballfield(2017


## Attachment C

## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: Pathway \& Parking Lot Maintenance Fund (408) 2018-2037


## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: Communications Equipment Fund (110)
2018-2037

|  |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2021 |  | 2022 |  | $\underline{2023}$ |  | 2024 |  | 2025 |  | 2026 |  | 2027 |  | 2028 |  | 2029 |  | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | 2032 |  | 2033 |  | 2034 |  | 2035 |  | $\underline{2036}$ |  | 2037 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax Levy: current | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | \$ | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  |  |
| Tax Levy: Add/Sub |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| Fees, Licenses, \& Permits |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,00 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  |
| Sale of Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest Earnings |  | 4,040 |  | 4,021 |  | 4,101 |  | 4,153 |  | 4,256 |  | 4,141 |  | 2,794 |  | 2,920 |  | 1,319 |  | 1,245 |  | 1,130 |  | 1,052 |  | 1,073 |  | 1,065 |  | 1,106 |  | 928 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |
| Revenues | \$ | 9,040 | \$ | 9,021 | \$ | 9,101 | \$ | 9,153 | \$ | 9,256 | \$ | 9,141 | \$ | 7,794 | \$ | 7,920 \$ | \$ | 6,319 | \$ | 6,245 | \$ | 6,130 | S | 6,052 | \$ | 6,073 | \$ | 6,065 | \$ | 6,106 | \$ | 5,928 | \$ | 5,000 | \$ | 5,000 | \$ | 5,000 | \$ | 5,000 | 139,346 |
| Vehicles | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | \$ | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - |  |
| Equipment |  | 10,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 6,500 |  | 4,000 |  | 15,000 |  | 76,500 |  | 1,500 |  | 88,000 |  | 10,000 |  | 12,000 |  | 10,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 6,500 |  | 4,000 |  | 15,000 |  | 76,500 |  | 1,500 |  | 88,000 |  | 10,000 |  | 12,000 |  |
| Furniture \& Fixtures |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| Buildings |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |
| Improvements |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |
| Expenditures | \$ | 10,000 | \$ | 5,000 | \$ | 6,500 | \$ | 4,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 76,500 | \$ | 1,500 | \$ | 88,000 \$ | \$ | 10,000 | \$ | 12,000 | \$ | 10,000 | \$ | 5,000 | \$ | 6,500 | \$ | 4,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 76,500 | \$ | 1,500 | \$ | 88,000 | \$ | 10,000 | \$ | 12,000 | 457,000 |
| Beginning Cash Balance | \$ | 202,000 | \$ | 201,040 | \$ | 205,061 | \$ | 207,662 | \$ | 212,816 | \$ | 207,072 | \$ | 139,713 | \$ | 146,008 \$ | \$ | 65,928 | \$ | 62,246 | \$ | 56,491 | \$ | 52,621 | \$ | 53,673 | \$ | 53,247 | \$ | 55,312 | \$ | 46,418 | \$ | $(24,154)$ | \$ | $(20,654)$ |  | $(103,654)$ |  | $(108,654)$ |  |
| Annual Surplus (deficit) |  | (960) |  | 4,021 |  | 2,601 |  | 5,153 |  | $(5,744)$ |  | $(67,359)$ |  | 6,294 |  | $(80,080)$ |  | $(3,681)$ |  | $(5,755)$ |  | $(3,870)$ |  | 1,052 |  | (427) |  | 2,065 |  | $(8,894)$ |  | $(70,572)$ |  | 3,500 |  | $(83,000)$ |  | $(5,000)$ |  | $(7,000)$ |  |
| Cash Balance | \$ | 201,040 | \$ | 205,061 | \$ | 207,662 | \$ | 212,816 | \$ | 207,072 | \$ | 139,713 | \$ | 146,008 | \$ | 65,928 \$ | \$ | 62,246 | \$ | 56,491 | \$ | 52,621 | \$ | 53,673 | \$ | 53,247 | \$ | 55,312 | \$ | 46,418 | \$ | $(24,154)$ | \$ | $(20,654)$ |  | $(103,654)$ |  | $(108,654)$ |  | $(115,654)$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-Year Fu | und | ing Status |  | 611\% |  |  |  |  |  | 10 -Year Fun | undin | ng Status |  | 125\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ng-Term Fu | Fund | ing Status |  | 75\% |  |
|  |  | 5-Year Fu | un | ing Sources | es | ev + Beg C | Cash | Balance) | \$ | 247,572 |  | 10-Year Fu | undir | ing Sources | es (Re | ev + Beg Cas | Cash | Balance) | \$ | 284,991 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | g-Term Fu | undin | ng Sources | (Re | ev + Beg C | Cash | Balance) | \$ | 341,346 |  |


| Cash Balance (Year-End) * | \$ | 335,000 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less Amt Needed for Operations ** |  | $(128,269)$ | 2017 |
| Planned CIP Surplus/Deficit |  | $(4,731)$ | 2017 |
| Adjust for Delayed CIP Items |  |  | 2017 |
| Cash Balance (Beg. Year) | \$ | 202,000 | 2018 |

Adopted Budget (Excl.Capital, Depi \$ 513,075 2017

* Current Assets - Current Liabilities
** $25 \%$ of Annual Budget Needed for Cash-Flow Purposes



## Expenditure Detail

 E Conference Room EquipmeE Council camera replacement
${ }_{\text {E Council Control/Sound System }}$
E General Audio/Visual Equip. *

|  | $\underline{2018}$ |  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2021 |  | 2022 |  | 2023 |  | 2024 |  | 2025 |  | 2026 |  | 2027 |  | 2028 |  | 2029 |  | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | 2032 |  | 2033 |  | 2034 |  | 2035 |  | 2036 |  | 2037 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,500 | \$ | - |  |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,500 | \$ | - | \$ | . | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,500 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,500 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 6,000 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | 85,000 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 85,000 |  |  |  |  |  | 170,000 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 75,000 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | 75,000 |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | 150,000 |
|  | 10,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 15,000 |  | 1,500 |  | 1,500 |  | 1,500 |  | 10,000 |  | 12,000 |  | 10,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 4,000 |  | 15,000 |  | 1,500 |  | 1,500 |  | 1,500 |  | 10,000 |  | 12,000 |  | 131,000 |
| \$ | 10,000 | s | 5,000 | \$ | 6,500 | \$ | 4,000 | \$ | 15,000 | S | 76,500 | \$ | 1,500 | S | 88,000 | \$ | 10,000 | \$ | 12,000 | \$ | 10,000 | \$ | 5,000 | S | 6,500 | S | 4,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 76.500 | \$ | 1,500 | \$ | 88,000 | \$ | 10,000 | \$ | 12,000 | \$ | 457,000 |

## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: License Center Facility \& Equipment Fund (265)
2018-2037

|  |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |  | 2024 |  | 2025 |  | 2026 |  | 2027 |  | 2028 |  | 2029 |  | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | 2032 |  | 2033 |  | 2034 |  | 2035 |  | $\underline{2036}$ |  | 2037 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax Levy: current | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | \$ | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  |  |
| Tax Levy: Add/Sub |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| Fees, Licenses, \& Permits |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  |
| Sale of Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest Earnings |  | 21,713 |  | 18,485 |  | 19,237 |  | 20,032 | 20,856 | 21,753 |  | 2,572 |  | 3,104 |  | 3,104 |  | 3,606 |  | 3,890 |  | 4,306 |  | 4,734 |  | 5,279 |  | 5,808 |  | 6,364 |  | 6,412 |  | 7,020 |  | 7,544 |  | 8,195 |  |
| Revenues | \$ | 46,713 | \$ | 43,485 | \$ | 44,237 | \$ | 45,032 | \$ 45,856 | \$ 46,753 | \$ | 27,572 | \$ | 28,104 | \$ | 28,104 | \$ | 28,606 | \$ | 28,890 | \$ | 29,306 | \$ | 29,734 | \$ | 30,279 | \$ | 30,808 | \$ | 31,364 | \$ | 31,412 | \$ | 32,020 | \$ | 32,544 | \$ | 33,195 | \$ 694,014 |
| Vehicles | \$ |  | S | - | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - |  |
| Equipment |  | 1,000 |  | 3,800 |  | 3,000 |  | 3,800 | 1,000 | 5,800 |  | 1,000 |  | 3,800 |  | 3,000 |  | 4,800 |  | 1,000 |  | 5,800 |  | 1,000 |  | 3,800 |  | 3,000 |  | 3,800 |  | 1,000 |  | 5,800 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Furniture \& Fixtures |  | 2,100 |  | 2,100 |  |  |  | - | - |  |  | - |  | 2,100 |  | - |  | 9,600 |  | 2,100 |  | 2,100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,200 |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buildings |  | 205,000 |  | - |  | 1,500 |  | - | - | 1,000,000 |  | - |  | 22,200 |  | - |  | - |  | 5,000 |  | - |  | 1,500 |  | - |  | - |  | 23,000 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |
| Improvements |  | 208100 |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expenditures | \$ | 208,100 | \$ | 5,900 | \$ | 4,500 | \$ | 3,800 | \$ 1,000 | \$1,005,800 | \$ | 1,000 | \$ | 28,100 | \$ | 3,000 | \$ | 14,400 | \$ | 8,100 | \$ | 7,900 | \$ | 2,500 | \$ | 3,800 | \$ | 3,000 | \$ | 29,000 | \$ | 1,000 | \$ | 5,800 | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$1,336,700 |
| Beginning Cash Balance |  | \$1,085,642 | \$ | 924,254 | \$ | 961,839 |  | 1,001,576 | \$1,042,808 | \$1,087,664 | \$ | 128,617 | \$ | 155,190 | \$ | 155,193 | \$ | 180,297 | \$ | 194,503 | \$ | 215,293 | \$ | 236,699 | \$ | 263,933 | \$ | 290,412 | \$ | 318,220 | \$ | 320,584 | \$ | 350,996 | \$ | 377,216 | \$ | 409,760 |  |
| Annual Surplus (deficit) |  | $(161,387)$ |  | 37,585 |  | 39,737 |  | 41,232 | 44,856 | $(959,047)$ |  | 26,572 |  |  |  | 25,104 |  | 14,206 |  | 20,790 |  | 21,406 |  | 27,234 |  | 26,479 |  | 27,808 |  | 2,364 |  | 30,412 |  | 26,220 |  | 32,544 |  | 33,195 |  |
| Cash Balance | \$ | 924,254 | \$ | 961,839 |  | 1,001,576 |  | 1,042,808 | \$1,087,664 | \$ 128,617 | \$ | 155,190 | \$ | 155,193 | \$ | 180,297 | \$ | 194,503 | \$ | 215,293 | \$ | 236,699 | \$ | 263,933 | \$ | 290,412 | \$ | 318,220 | \$ | 320,584 | \$ | 350,996 | \$ | 377,216 | \$ | 409,760 | \$ | 442,955 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 5-Year F | und | ding Status | 587\% |  |  |  |  | 10-Year F | Fund | ling Status |  | 115\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | g -Term F | Fundi | ing Status |  | 133\% |  |
|  |  | 5-Year Fu | und | ing Source | ses | Rev + Beg C | Ca | h Balance) | \$1,310,964 | 10-Year Fu | undin | ing Sources | (Rer | Rev + Beg C |  | Balance) |  | ,470,103 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -Term F | ndin | ing Sources |  | ev + Beg C |  | Balance) |  | 779,655 |  |


| Cash Balance (Year-End) * | \$1,536,000 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less Amt Needed for Operations ** | $(434,088)$ | 2017 |
| Planned CIP Surplus/Deficit | $(16,271)$ | 17 |
| Adjust for Delayed CIP Items |  | 2017 |
| Cash Balance (Beg. Year) | \$1,085,642 | 2018 |
| Adopted Budget (Excl.Capital) | \$1,736,350 | 2017 |

Assets - Current Liabilities
** 25\% of Annual Budget Needed for Cash-Flow Purposes


## Expenditure Detail

 E Printers (2)
E Passport camera
F Office chair replacement
F Workstation changes
B Security camera replaceme
B Bathroom improvements
B Office painting
B Office carpeting
B Facility Improvements **
B New Facility Construction




## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: Community Development Vehicle \&\% Equipment Fund (260)
2018-2037


| Cash Balance (Year-End) * | \$2,212,000 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less Amt Needed for Operations ** | $(394,748)$ | 2017 |
| Planned CIP Surplus/Deficit | $(39,927)$ | 2017 |
| Adjust for Delayed CIP Items |  | 2017 |
| Cash Balance (Beg. Year) | \$1,777,326 | 2018 |
| Adopted Budget (Excl.Capital) | \$1,578,990 | 2017 |

*Current Assets - Current Liabilities
** 25\% of Annual Budget Needed for Cash-Flow Purposes


## Expenditure Detail

$\frac{\mathrm{Kes}}{\mathrm{V}}$ Description V Inspection vehicles
E Computers/monitors
E Online Permit/Schedul. Softwar
${ }_{\mathrm{F}}^{\mathrm{E}}$ Office furniture

|  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2021 |  | 2022 |  | 2023 |  | 2024 |  | 2025 |  | 2026 |  | 2027 |  | 2028 |  | 2029 |  | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | 2032 |  | 2033 |  | 2034 | 2035 | $\underline{2036}$ | 2037 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 19,000 | \$ | 19,000 | \$ | 20,000 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | 22,000 | \$ | 23,000 | \$ | 24,000 | \$ | 24,000 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | 27,000 | \$ | 28,000 | \$ | 29,000 | \$ | 30,000 |  |  |  |
|  | 2,500 |  | 4,300 |  | 4,300 |  | 3,500 |  | 8,000 |  | 4,300 |  | 4,300 |  | 3,500 |  | 8,000 |  | 4,300 |  | 4,300 |  | 3,500 |  | 8,000 |  | 4,300 |  | 4,300 |  | 3,500 |  | 8,000 | 4,300 | 4,300 |  |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - | - | - |  |
|  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 | 1,000 | - |  |




## Expenditure Detail

| Ker Description | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | $\underline{2021}$ | $\underline{2022}$ | ${ }^{2023}$ | $\underline{2024}$ | $\underline{2025}$ | $\underline{2026}$ | $\underline{2027}$ | 2028 | $\underline{2029}$ | $\underline{2030}$ | $\underline{2031}$ | $\underline{2032}$ | $\underline{2033}$ | $\underline{2034}$ | 2035 | 2036 | $\underline{2037}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V \#207 Pickup | s |  | \$ | \$ 35,000 |  | \$ |  |  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ | , | , | $\underline{0}$ | \$ $\frac{235}{35,000}$ | , | 5 | \$ | \$ | 70,000 |
| V \#208 Meter van | - | - | 30,000 |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 30,000 |  | - | - | - |  | 60,000 |
| V \#210 4x4 pickup | - | - |  | - |  | - | - | . | . | - | - | . | 30,000 | - |  | - | - | . | - |  | 30,000 |
| V \#211360 Bachoe (3-way split) | - | - | - | - | 60,000 |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | 60,000 | - | 120,000 |
| V \#214 Ford Transit - Locate Velicle | - |  |  | - |  | 25,000 | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25,000 |  |  |  |  | 50,00 |
| V \#230 Ford 1/2-ton | - |  | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | 30,000 | - | - | - | - |  | . | - |  | - |  | 30,000 |
| V \#234 4x4 Pichup | - | 30,000 | - | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |  |  | 30,000 | - |  |  | - | - |  |  | 60,000 |
| V \#225 Mini Backhoe (1/3) Water, Sc | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 40,000 | - | - | 50,000 |  | - | - |  |  | 90,000 |
| v \#213 Water Uuility Mobile Worksh |  |  | 30,000 | - |  |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30,000 |  | - |  |  | 60,000 |
| E Water AMR meter system replacem | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | 50,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 | $\cdots$ |  | - |  |  |  | 100, |  | 300,000 |
| E Replace/Upgrade SCADA system (1) | - | - | 75,000 | - | - |  | - | 20,000 |  |  |  |  | 10,000 | - |  |  |  | 10,000 |  |  | 115,000 |
| E GPS Unit (1/3 share) |  |  | 7,000 | - |  | - | - | 7,000 |  |  |  |  | 7,000 |  | - | - | - | 7,000 | - |  | 000 |
| E Field Computer Replacementadd | 5,000 | - |  | - | 5,000 | - | - |  | 5,000 | - |  |  | 5,000 | - |  |  | 5,000 |  |  |  | 25,000 |
| E Replace Air Compressor |  | - | - | - |  | - | - | 10,000 |  |  |  |  | . | - | - | - | - |  | 10,000 |  |  |
| E Sand Bucket 24"x36" for \#211 | - |  |  | - |  |  | - |  | - | 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,000 |
| E \#236 Trailer | - | 5,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  | - | - | - |  | 5,000 |  |  |  |  |
| E \#237 Wacker Compacter |  |  |  | - |  |  | - |  |  | 50,000 |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E Electronic message board-attenuatc | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7,500 | - |  | - | - | . |  | - |  |  |  | 7,500 |
| E Compactor for \#211 360 Backhoe ( |  |  | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |  |  | 15,000 |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | 15,000 |
| E Valve Operator and Vac | 70,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | 70,000 | - | - |  | - |  |  |  | 140,00 |
| E Replace Trench Box |  |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| B Elevated storage tank repainting |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |  |  | - | - |  |  | 700,000 |  | 700,000 |  | 1,400,000 |
| B Booster Station Rehabilitation | 1,600,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 50,000 | - | - | - | - | 140,000 |  |  |  | 30,000 |  |
| ${ }^{\text {B Replace Water Tower Fence }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| I Water main replacement | 500,000 | 700,000 | 700,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | 20,000,0 |

## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: Sewer Vehicle \&\% Equipment Fund (600)
2018-2037

|  | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | $\underline{2023}$ | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | $\underline{2029}$ | 2030 | 2031 | 2032 | 2033 | 2034 | 2035 | 2036 | $\underline{2037}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax Levy: current | - | \$ - | \$ | \$ - |  | \$ - | \$ - |  | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ . | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |  |
| Tax Levy: Add/Sub | - | - | - | - |  | - |  | - |  | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| Fees, Licenses, \& Permits | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 | 1,329,640 |  |
| Sale of Assets |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest Earnings | 8,874 | 3,144 | - |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  | - |  | 2,024 | 8,657 | 14,623 | 21,508 | 28,231 | 33,408 |  |
| Revenues | \$1,338,514 | \$1,332,784 | \$1,329,640 | \$1,329,640 | \$ 1,329,640 | \$ 1,329,640 | \$ 1,329,640 | \$ 1,329,640 | \$1,329,640 | \$1,329,640 | \$1,329,640 | \$1,329,640 | \$1,329,640 | \$1,329,640 | \$1,331,664 | \$1,338,297 | \$1,344,263 | \$1,351,148 | \$1,357,871 | \$ 1,363,048 | \$26,713,269 |
| Vehicles | 40,000 | \$ 60,000 | \$ - | 85,000 | \$ - | 60,000 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 30,000 | \$ 400,000 | 40,000 | \$ . | 35,000 | \$ . | 40,000 | \$ - | \$ - | 95,000 | 100,000 |  |
| Equipment | 75,000 | 90,000 | 5,000 | 4,000 | 75,000 | - |  | 25,000 | 4,000 | 17,500 | - | 15,000 | 85,000 | 4,000 |  | - |  | 15,000 | 4,000 | 7,500 |  |
| Furniture \& Fixtures |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buildings | 410,000 | 590,000 | 535,000 | 360,000 | 435,000 | 295,000 | 245,000 | 235,000 | 315,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Improvements | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |  |
| Expenditures | \$1,625,000 | \$1,840,000 | \$1,640,000 | \$1,549,000 | \$ 1,510,000 | \$1,355,000 | \$ 1,245,000 | \$ 1,260,000 | \$1,319,000 | \$1,047,500 | \$1,400,000 | \$1,055,000 | \$1,085,000 | \$1,039,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$1,040,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$1,015,000 | \$1,099,000 | \$ 1,107,500 | \$25,231,000 |
| Beginning Cash Balance | \$ 443,701 | \$ 157,215 | \$ (350,001) | \$ (660,361) | \$ (879,721) | \$(1,060,081) | \$(1,085,441) | \$(1,000,801) | \$ $(931,161)$ | \$ (920,521) | \$ (638,381) | \$ (708,741) | \$ ( 434,101 ) | \$ $(189,461)$ | \$ 101,179 | \$ 432,843 | \$ 731,140 | \$1,075,403 | \$1,411,551 | \$ 1,670,422 |  |
| Annual Surplus (deficit) | (286,486) | (507,216) | (310,360) | (219,360) | (180,360) | $(25,360)$ | 84,640 | 69,640 | 10,640 | 282,140 | $(70,360)$ | 274,640 | 244,640 | 290,640 | 331,664 | 298,297 | 344,263 | 336,148 | 258,871 | 255,548 |  |
| Cash Balance | \$ 157,215 | \$ $(350,001)$ | \$ (660,361) | \$ (879,721) | \$(1,060,081) | \$(1,085,441) | \$(1,000,801) | \$ (931,161) | \$ (920,521) | \$ $(638,381)$ | \$ (708,741) | \$ $(434,101)$ | \$ $(189,461)$ | 101,179 | \$ 432,843 | \$ 731,140 | \$1,075,403 | \$1,411,551 | \$1,670,422 | \$ 1,925,970 |  |
|  |  |  | 5 -Yea | ding Status |  |  |  | 10 -Yea | ding Status |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Long-Ter | unding Status | 108\% |  |



## Expenditure Detail



## Attachment C

## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: Sewer Vehicle \& Equipment Fund (600) 2018-2037

|  | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | 2030 | 2031 | 2032 | 2033 | 2034 | 2035 | 2036 | 2037 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B Cleveland LS upgrade | - | - |  |  | - | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| B Cohansey LS upgrade | - |  | - | - | 30,000 | 270,000 | - | - | - | - |  | - |  | - | - | - | - |  |  |  | 300,000 |
| B Center Street LS upgrade | - | - | - | - | - | 25,000 | 225,000 | - | - | - |  | - |  | - | - | - |  |  |  |  | 250,000 |
| B Brenner LS upgrade | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20,000 | 200,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 220,000 |
| B Long Lake Lift Station | - | - | 35,000 | 315,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  | 350,000 |
| B Fernwood LS Rehab/Roof/Tuckpoir | 60,000 | 540,000 |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | 600,000 |
| I Sewer main repairs | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 20,000,000 |
| I 1 \& I reduction | 100,000 | 100,000 | 100,000 | 100,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  | 400,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - | - | - - | - | \$1,015000 | - | - |  |

## City of Roseville



| Cash Balance (Year-End) * | \$ | 329 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less Amt Needed for Operations ** |  | $(83,830)$ | 16 |
| Planned CIP Surplus/Deficit |  | $(47,547)$ | 2017 |
| Adjust for Delayed CIP Items |  |  | 2017 |
| Cash Balance (Beg. Year) | \$ | 197,623 | 2018 |
| Adopted Budget (Excl.Capital, Depl | \$ | 838,30 | 2017 |

${ }_{* *}^{*}$ Current Assets - Current Liabiinties of Annual Budget Needed for Cash-Flow Purposes


## Expenditure Detail

 V \#121 Regenerative Air Broom (Swe
V \#122 Wheel Loader
V \#132 Elgin sweeper 2002 3-wheel
$\mathrm{V} \# 147$ 3-Ton dump truck
V \#145 5-Ton hook dump
V $\# 167$ Elgin Sweeper 2006 3-wheel
V \#126 Bobcat Skidsteer
V Tractor/snowblower ( $1 / 2$ streets)
E Cement mixer
E \#171 Tennant 6600 sweeper
E \#163 Electronic message board
E \#139 Vacall
\#130 Steamer "Amazing Machine" \#172 Zero Turn Dixie Chopper E Mower/Snow Blower Combo ( $1 / 2$ n E \#164 Bobcat UTV
\#168 Wildcat Compost Turner
E Electronic message board-attenuato
${ }^{\text {E F Fieds Computer }}$ E
E Generator for St Croix
E \#225 Cat Mini Back-hoe ( $1 / 3$ san, 1


## Attachment C

## City of Roseville

Capital Improvement Plan: Storm Sewer Vehicle \& Equipment Fund (640) 2018-2037

|  | 2018 | $\underline{2019}$ | $\underline{2020}$ | $\underline{2021}$ | $\underline{2022}$ | $\underline{2023}$ | $\underline{2024}$ | $\underline{2025}$ | $\underline{2026}$ | $\underline{2027}$ | 2028 | $\underline{2029}$ | 2030 | 2031 | $\underline{2032}$ | $\underline{2033}$ | $\underline{2034}$ | $\underline{2035}$ | $\underline{2036}$ | $\underline{2037}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E \#211360 Backhoe (Grapple Bucket | - |  |  |  | - | - |  | 18,000 |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 18,000 |  | 36,000 |
| E \#1655 ton trailer | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | 12,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 12,000 |
| E \#211 Backhoe $1 / 3$ water. Sewer, sti | - | - | - | - | 60,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 60,000 |  | 120,000 |
| E \#211A Sand Bucket (1/3) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | 5,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | 5,000 |
| E Arona Storm Station Upgrades | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 20,000 |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | 20,000 |
| E Millwood Storm Station Upgrades | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 200,000 | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | 200,000 |
| E Owasso Hills Storm Station Upgrad | - | - |  | - | - |  | - | - | 200,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | 200,000 |
| E Walsh Storm station Upgrades | 450,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 450,000 |
| E Gotfreid Storm Station Upgrades | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| E Mount Ridge Storm Station Upgrad | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 50,000 | - | - |  | 50,000 |
| E Bennet Lake Pump Upgrade | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |
| E St. Croix Storm Station Upgrade | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| E Replace/Upgrade SCADA (1/3) | - | 75,000 | - | - | - | - |  | 20,000 | - | - | - | - | 10,000 | - | - | - | 10,000 | - | - |  | 115,000 |
| E Compactor for \#211 360 Backhoe ( | - |  | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | 15,000 |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | 15,000 |
| I Pond improvements/infiltration | 275,000 | 300,000 | 350,000 | 350,000 | 400,000 | 400,000 | 400,000 | 400,000 | 450,000 | 450,000 | 450,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | - | 8,225,000 |
| I Storm sewer replacementrehabilitat | 350,000 | 400,000 | 450,000 | 450,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | - | 9,150,000 |
| I Leaf site water quality improvement | - | - | - | 75,000 | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | 75,000 |
| I Update stormwater mgmt plan | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | 90,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 90,000 | 180,000 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |

## City of Roseville

Capital Impevement Plan: Golf Vehicle \& Equipment Fund (620)
2018-2037

|  |  |  | 2018 |  | $\underline{2019}$ |  | $\underline{2020}$ |  | $\underline{2021}$ |  | $\underline{2022}$ |  | $\underline{2023}$ |  | $\underline{2024}$ |  | 2025 |  | $\underline{2026}$ |  | 027 |  | 2028 |  | 2029 |  | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | 32 |  | $\underline{2033}$ |  | 2034 |  | 2035 |  | 2036 |  | 2037 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax Levy: current |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | - |  |  |
| Tax Levy: Add/Sub |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other / TBD |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sale of Assets |  |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  | 500 |  |  |
| Interest Earnings |  |  | 3,568 |  | 3,049 |  | 1,780 |  | 1,026 |  | 197 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Revenues | \$ | 4,068 | \$ | 3,549 | \$ | 2,280 | \$ | 1,526 | s | 697 | s | 500 | \$ | 500 | \$ | 500 | \$ | 500 | \$ | 500 | s | 500 | \$ | 500 | \$ | 500 | \$ | 500 | \$ | 500 | \$ | 500 | \$ | 500 | s | 500 | \$ | 500 | S | 500 | \$ | 19,620 |
| Vehicles |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | 28,000 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 7090 | \$ | $\bigcirc$ | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 35,000 | s | - | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  |  |  |
| Equipment |  |  | - |  | 47,000 |  | 35,000 |  | 43,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 13,000 |  | 58,000 |  | - |  | 20,000 |  | 7,000 |  | 28,000 |  | 70,000 |  | 35,000 |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | 10,000 |  | 58,000 |  | 22,000 |  |  |
| Furniture \& Fixtures |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buildings |  |  |  |  | 20,000 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | 505,000 |  | 5,000 |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | 9,000 |  | 17,000 |  | 7,000 |  |  |  | - |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |  | - |  | 10,000 |  |  |
| Improvements |  |  | 30,000 |  |  |  | 5,000 |  | - |  | 5,000 |  |  |  | 10,000 |  | 12,500 |  | - |  | - |  | 20,000 |  |  |  | 30,000 |  | 17,500 |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

 Annual Surplus (deficit)
Cash Balance

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
5 \text {-Year Funding Status } & 87 \% & 10 \text {-Year Funding Status } & 23 \%
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{cccc}
5 \text {-Year Funding Status } & 87 \% & 10-\text { Year Funding Status } & 23 \% \\
5 \text { 5-Year Funding Sources (Rev + Beg Cash Balance) } & \text { 190,523 } & \text { 10-Year Funding Sources (Rev + Beg Cash Balance) } & \text { 193,023 }
\end{array}
$$

| Cash Balance (Year-End) * |  | 268,000 | 2016 2016 | Golf Course Capital Replacement Fund |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less Amt Needed for Operations |  | (18,667) | 2017 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 600,000 \\ \$ 400,000 \\ \$ 200,000 \\ \$- \end{array}$ |  |
| Adjust for Delayed CIP Items |  |  | 2017 |  |  |
| Cash Balance (Beg. Year) | \$ | 178,403 | 2018 |  |  |
| Adopted Budget (Excl.Capital, Def \$ 354,650 2017 |  |  |  | \$(200,000) | $2018 \quad 2021$ 2024 2027 2030 $2033 \quad 2036$ |
|  |  |  |  | \$(400,000) |  |
|  |  |  |  | \$(600,000) |  |
| ** 20\% of Annual Budget Needed for Cash-Flow Purposes |  |  |  | \$(800,000) |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\$(1,000,000)$ $\$(1,200,000)$ | - |
|  |  |  |  |  | Revenues Expenditures -Cash Balance |

Expenditure Detail

| Kes Description | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | $\underline{2028}$ | 2029 | $\underline{2030}$ | 2031 | $\underline{2032}$ |  | 2033 |  | 2034 |  | $\underline{2035}$ |  | $\underline{2036}$ |  | 2037 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V Pickup Truck 2012 | \$ . | \$ | \$ | \$ - | \$ 28,000 |  | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | \$ | \$ | 35,000 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | 63,000 |
| E Gas pump / tank: est: 1967/1997 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| E zero turn mower 2008 | - | - | - | . | - | 13,000 | - | - |  |  | . | 14,000 | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 27,000 |
| E Fairway mower 2008 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 58,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |  | 58,0 |  | - | 116,000 |
| E Greens Mowers 2000 | - | 30,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 30,000 | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 60,000 |
| E Greens/Tee Mowers 2002 | - |  | 35,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 35,000 | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 70,000 |
| E Computer equipment 2014 | - | - | - | 7,000 | - | - | - | - |  | 7,000 |  |  |  | - |  | - | - |  |  |  | 10,0 |  |  |  |  | 24,000 |
| E Turf equipmentaerators 2001 | - | - | - | 21,000 | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 21,000 | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22,00 | 64,000 |
| E Cushman \#1 \& 22014 and 1988 | - | 17,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 28,000 | - | - | . |  | . | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  | 45,000 |
| E Greens covers 1997/replaced 2-21 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E Course netting/patioshelter 1985/1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20,000 | - |  |  | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20,000 |
| E Top Dresser Tufco 1993 | - | - | - | 15,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15,000 |
| E Operational power equipment 1981 | - | - | - | - | 5,000 | - | - | - |  |  | - | 5,000 |  | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10,000 |
| B Clubhouse kitchen equipment 1970 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5,000 | - |  | - | $\bigcirc$ | 5,000 | - | - |  | - | - |  | 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15,000 |
| B Clubhouse upkeep/repairs 1999/2 | - |  | - | - | - | 5,000 | - | - |  |  | 9,000 |  |  | - |  | - | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10,000 | 24,000 |
| B Clubhouse furnace / AC 199 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| B Clubhouse roof replace 1988 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| B Clubhouse/carpeting/flooring 1998 |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 12,000 | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12,000 |
| B Replace Clubhouse CH 1970est. | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| B Replace Shop | - |  | - | - |  | 500,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7,000 | - |  | - | 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 512,000 |
| B Shop heating and other/upgrades | - | 20,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\checkmark$ |  | - | - |  |  |  | 5,000 |  |  |  |  | 25,000 |
| I Sidewalk/exterior repairs 1985 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5, | - | - | 15,000 | - | - | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15,000 |
| I Course improvements, landscaping | - | - | 5,000 | - | 5,000 | - | - | 5,000 |  |  | 5,000 | - | - | 10,000 |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30,000 |
| I Parking lot repairs/sealing 1990/21 |  | - | - | - | - | - |  | 7,500 | - | - | - | - | - | 7,500 |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15,000 |
| I Irrigation system upgrades 1960/1s | 30,000 | - | - | - | - | - | 10,000 | - | - | - | - | - | 30,000 | - |  | - | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - | 70,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## City of Roseville

Summary of Changes (2018-2037 CIP vs. 2017-2036 CIP)
2018 Only

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Current CIP } \\ 2018 \\ \text { Amount } \end{gathered}$ | Prior Year $2018$ <br> Amount |  | Diff. | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Administration |  |  |  |  |  |
| Office Furniture | \$ | \$ | \$ | - |  |
| Finance |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial Software: Upgrade | 80,000 | - |  | 80,000 | Moved up from 2019 |
| Central Services |  |  |  |  |  |
| Postage Machine Lease | 4,000 | 3,440 |  | 560 | Change in cost estimate |
| Copier/Printer/Scanner Lease | 78,000 | 74,400 |  | 3,600 | Change in cost estimate |
| Police |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marked squad cars (5/yr) | 165,000 | 165,000 |  | - |  |
| Unmarked vehicles (1/yr) | 24,000 | 24,000 |  | - |  |
| Community Relations Vehicle | - | 22,660 |  | $(22,660)$ | Moved to 2020 |
| Radar Units | 4,120 | 4,120 |  | - |  |
| Stop Sticks | 1,030 | 1,030 |  | - |  |
| Rear Transport Seats | 2,705 | 2,705 |  | - |  |
| Control Boxes | 4,000 | 4,000 |  | - |  |
| Computer Equipment | 8,800 | 8,800 |  | - |  |
| Non-lethal weapons | 1,600 | 1,600 |  | - |  |
| New K-9 | - | 16,000 |  | $(16,000)$ | Moved to 2019 |
| Long gun parts (squads) | 3,090 | 3,090 |  | - |  |
| Sidearm parts (officers) | 2,060 | 2,060 |  | - |  |
| Tactical gear | 5,150 | 5,150 |  | - |  |
| SWAT Bullet Proof Vests | 6,180 | 6,180 |  | - |  |
| Crime scene equipment | 3,000 | 3,000 |  | - |  |
| 8 Squad Surveillance Cameras | 41,715 | 41,715 |  | - |  |
| Report Room Monitors | 2,500 | 2,500 |  | - |  |
| Roll Call Equipment | 4,000 | 4,000 |  | - |  |
| Defibrillators | 1,575 | 1,575 |  | - |  |
| Radio Equipment | 15,500 | 15,500 |  | - |  |
| Office furniture | 2,100 | 2,100 |  | - |  |
| Window treatments | 6,300 | 6,300 |  | - |  |
| Fire |  |  |  |  |  |
| Command Response Vehicle | 52,500 | 65,000 |  | $(12,500)$ | Change in cost estimate |
| Ventilation fans | - | 7,000 |  | $(7,000)$ | Moved to 2022 |
| Exercise room-fitness equipment | 10,000 | - |  | 10,000 | Moved from 2020 |
| Personal Protective Equipment | 40,000 | 40,000 |  | - |  |
| Training equipment | 1,500 | 1,500 |  | - |  |
| Portable and mobile radios | 20,000 | 20,000 |  | - |  |
| Reporting software | 11,000 | 4,500 |  | 6,500 | Change in cost estimate |
| SWAT Gear/Equipment | 10,000 | - |  | 10,000 | Moved from 2017 |
| Kitchen table \& chairs | 1,500 | 3,000 |  | $(1,500)$ | Change in cost estimate |
| Public Works |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eng. vehicle \#304: Proj. Cord. C1500 | 30,000 | 25,000 |  | 5,000 | Change in cost estimate |
| \#104 1-ton pickup | - | 35,000 |  | $(35,000)$ | Moved to 2019 |
| \#111 Bobcat, bucket | 5,000 | 5,000 |  | - |  |
| \#111 Bobcat, millhead (18") | 22,000 | 22,000 |  | - |  |
| \#133 Walk behind saw | - | 10,000 |  | $(10,000)$ | Moved to 2020 |
| \#152 Int'l boom truck | 225,000 | 225,000 |  | - | Moved to 2022 per recent inspection |
| \#157 Ingersoll 5-ton roller | 40,000 | 40,000 |  | - |  |
| \#111 Bobcat hydro hammer | - | 8,000 |  | $(8,000)$ | Moved to 2019 |

## City of Roseville

Summary of Changes (2018-2037 CIP vs. 2017-2036 CIP) 2018 Only

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Current CIP } \\ 2018 \\ \underline{\text { Amount }} \end{gathered}$ | Prior Year $2018$ <br> Amount | Diff. | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#111 Bobcat sweeper broom | 8,000 | 8,000 | - |  |
| Street Signs | 10,000 | 50,000 | $(40,000)$ | Spread over five years instead of one |
| Band saw | 4,500 | 4,500 | - |  |
| Drive-on hoist rehab | - | 20,000 | $(20,000)$ | Moved up to 2017 in lieu of brake lathe |
| Brake lathe | 11,000 | - | 11,000 | Moved from 2017 in lieu of hoist |
| Parks \& Recreation |  |  |  |  |
| \#510 Water truck (1/2 cost) | - | 65,000 | $(65,000)$ | Moved to 2019 |
| \#511 Toolcat (2006) | 55,000 | 55,000 | - |  |
| \#535 Ford passenger van | - | 40,000 | $(40,000)$ | Moved to 2019 |
| \#560 Fored passenger van | - | 40,000 | $(40,000)$ | Moved to 2019 |
| Replace 1996 FORD Tractor with Skid |  |  |  |  |
| Steer (Lease Program) | 41,000 | - | 41,000 | Moved from 2020 |
| \#553 John Deere loader (2007) | 80,000 | 80,000 | - |  |
| Park security system improvements | - | 150,000 | $(150,000)$ | Moved to 2023 |
| General Facility Improvements |  |  |  |  |
| Water heater | - | 25,000 | $(25,000)$ | Moved to 2022 |
| Door Card Reader | 25,000 | - | 25,000 | Moved from 2017 |
| Unit heaters (4) | 6,000 | 6,000 | - |  |
| Tables and chairs City Hall | 30,000 | 30,000 | - |  |
| Maintenace Yard Security Gate | 25,000 | 25,000 | - |  |
| Paint walls city hall | 15,000 | 15,000 | - |  |
| City Hall Elevator | 95,000 | - | 95,000 | NEW ITEM |
| Commons: Water heater-Domestic H20 | - | 8,000 | $(8,000)$ | Moved to 2019 |
| Commons: Water heater-Zamboni (2007) | - | 10,000 | $(10,000)$ | Moved to 2019 |
| Commons: Water storage tank | - | 8,000 | $(8,000)$ | Moved to 2019 |
| Arena: Dehumidification | 90,000 | 87,500 | 2,500 | Change in cost estimate |
| Arena: Restroom Remodeling | 75,000 | 50,000 | 25,000 | Change in cost estimate |
| OVAL: Micro Processors | 20,000 | - | 20,000 | Moved from 2016 |
| OVAL: Tarmac blacktop (2010) | - | 15,000 | $(15,000)$ | Moved to 2019 |
| OVAL: Lobby Roof (1993) | - | 85,000 | $(85,000)$ | Moved to 2019 |
| OVAL: Mech. Bldg roof (1993) | - | 60,000 | $(60,000)$ | Moved to 2019 |
| OVAL: Zamboni (2003) | - | 125,000 | $(125,000)$ | Moved to 2019 |
| Banquet Ctr: Roof (1999) | - | 100,000 | $(100,000)$ | Moved to 2020 |
| Fire: Shift office counter tops | 3,000 | 3,000 | - |  |
| Information Technology |  |  |  |  |
| Computers (Notebooks, Desktop) | 69,800 | 46,650 | 23,150 | Change in cost estimate |
| Monitor/Display | 8,700 | 8,700 | - |  |
| MS Office License | 8,100 | 14,721 | $(6,621)$ | Change in cost estimate |
| Desktop Printer | 1,200 | 1,200 | - |  |
| Network Printers/Copiers/Scanners (13) | - | 17,000 | $(17,000)$ |  |
| Network Switches/Routers (Roseville) | 38,000 | 26,000 | 12,000 | Change in cost estimate |
| Power/UPS - Closets (11) | 1,700 | 1,320 | 380 | Change in cost estimate |
| Surveillance Cameras (53) | 9,180 | 9,180 | - |  |
| Wireless Access Points (38) | 23,200 | 3,000 | 20,200 | Change in cost estimate |
| Telephone handsets | - | 8,190 | $(8,190)$ | Moved to 2024 for citywide purchase |
| Servers - Host - Shared (5) | 30,000 | 22,500 | 7,500 | Change in cost estimate |
| Storage Area Network Nodes- Shared (8) | 55,000 | 27,500 | 27,500 | Change in cost estimate |
| Network Switches/Routers (Shared) | 10,000 | 18,509 | $(8,509)$ | Change in cost estimate |
| Park Improvements |  |  |  |  |

## City of Roseville

Summary of Changes (2018-2037 CIP vs. 2017-2036 CIP)
2018 Only

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Current CIP } \\ 2018 \\ \underline{\text { Amount }} \end{gathered}$ | Prior Year $2018$ <br> Amount | Diff. | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tennis \& Basketball Courts | - | 135,000 | $(135,000)$ | Moved to Future Date |
| Shelters \& Structures | 60,000 | 7,500 | 52,500 | Change in cost estimate |
| Playground Areas | - | 755,000 | $(755,000)$ | Moved to Future Date |
| Volleyball \& Bocce Ball Courts | - | 15,000 | $(15,000)$ | Moved to Future Date |
| Athletic Fields | - | 260,000 | $(260,000)$ | Moved to Future Date |
| Other Capital Items | - | 419,590 | $(419,590)$ | Moved to Future Date |
| Natural Resources | 40,000 | 300,000 | $(260,000)$ | Change in cost estimate |
| PIP/CIP Category | 200,000 | 200,000 | - |  |
| Street Improvements |  |  |  |  |
| Mill \& overlay - local streets | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | - |  |
| Reconstruction/M \& O - MSA streets | 1,100,000 | 1,100,000 | - |  |
| Street Lighting |  |  |  |  |
| Misc. pole fixture replacement | 25,000 | 40,000 | $(15,000)$ | Change in cost estimate |
| Signal Pole Painting (3 every other year) | 20,000 | - | 20,000 | Change in cost estimate |
| Pathways \& Parking Lots |  |  |  |  |
| Pathway maintenance | 180,000 | 180,000 | - |  |
| Acorn 2 east lots | 70,000 | - | 70,000 | Change in cost estimate |
| Communications |  |  |  |  |
| General Audio/Visual Equipment | 10,000 | 10,000 | - |  |
| License Center |  |  |  |  |
| General office equipment (minor) | 1,000 | 1,000 | - |  |
| Office chair replacement | 2,100 | 2,100 | - |  |
| Security camera replacement | 5,000 | 5,000 | - |  |
| Facility Improvements (2017/2018) | 200,000 | 600,000 | $(400,000)$ | Change in cost estimate |
| Community Development |  |  |  |  |
| Inspection vehicles | 19,000 | 19,000 | - |  |
| Computers | 2,500 | 2,500 | - |  |
| Office furniture | 1,000 | 1,000 | - |  |
| Permitting software | - | 25,000 | $(25,000)$ | Annual Support - moved to Op. Budget |
| Water |  |  |  |  |
| Field Computer Replacement/add | 5,000 | 5,000 | - |  |
| Valve Operator and Vacuum | 70,000 | - | 70,000 | NEW ITEM |
| Booster Station Rehabilitation | 1,600,000 | 475,000 | 1,125,000 | Combines multiple items into one |
| Water main replacement | 500,000 | 1,000,000 | $(500,000)$ | Temporarily reduced |
| Sanitary Sewer |  |  |  |  |
| Water truck (1/2 cost) | - | 60,000 | $(60,000)$ | Moved to 2019 |
| \#209 1-ton "Flat Bed Crane" | 40,000 | - | 40,000 | New (missed in previous CIP's) |
| Pipe Camera | 75,000 | - | 75,000 | NEW ITEM |
| Lounge LS Rehab | 350,000 | 350,000 | - |  |
| Fernwood LS Rehab/Roof/Tuckpoint | 60,000 | - | 60,000 | Moved from 2017 |
| Sewer main repairs | 1,000,000 | 1,300,000 | $(300,000)$ | Change in cost estimate |
| I \& I reduction | 100,000 | 100,000 | - |  |
| Storm Sewer |  |  |  |  |
| \#172 Zero Turn Dixie Chopper | 15,000 | 14,000 | 1,000 | Change in cost estimate |
| \#168 Compost Turner | - | 225,000 | $(225,000)$ | Moved to 2020 |
| Walsh Storm station Upgrades | 450,000 | 540,000 | $(90,000)$ | Change in cost estimate |
| Pond improvements/infiltration | 275,000 | 350,000 | $(75,000)$ | Change in cost estimate |
| Storm sewer replacement/rehabilitationPMP | 350,000 | 400,000 | $(50,000)$ | Change in cost estimate |
| Leaf Composte Site water quality improv. | - | 75,000 | $(75,000)$ | Moved to 2021 |

## City of Roseville

Summary of Changes (2018-2037 CIP vs. 2017-2036 CIP)
2018 Only

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Current CIP } \\ 2018 \\ \text { Amount } \end{gathered}$ | Prior Year $2018$ <br> Amount | Diff. | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Golf Course |  |  |  |  |
| Replace clubhouse | - | 1,000,000 | $(1,000,000)$ | Moved to 2017 Decision |
| Irrigation system upgrades 1960/1988/1994 | 30,000 | 26,000 | 4,000 | Change in cost estimate |
|  | \$ 9,738,905 | 13,399,085 | $(3,660,180)$ |  |






#  <br> REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION 

Date: 05/15/2017
Item No.: 7.d
Department Approval


City Manager Approval


Item Description: Consider License Center Proposed Lease Terms and Expansion Option

## BACKGROUND

At the April 17, 2017 City Council Meeting, the Council made the decision to discontinue current efforts to secure a new site to address the space needs for the License Center and other city functions. Given this decision, City Staff recommends that the City proceed with renewing a long-term lease for the License Center at its current location along with an option to expand into an adjacent space.

This site remains a preferred location given our customer base, proximity to the general campus area, and overall familiarity with the existing property owner - Gaughan Companies. The decision to remain in our current location features a number of important topics that warrant discussion including:

ㅁ Evaluating Proposed Lease Terms

- Considering an Expansion Option
$\square$ Identifying Desired Capital Improvements
Each of these topics is discussed in greater detail below.


## Proposed Lease Terms

The City is currently paying a lease rate of $\$ 19.14$ per square foot including CAM charges (2016 rate). Gaughan Companies originally proposed a new lease rate of $\$ 24.35$ which would have represented a $27 \%$ increase, although it would have also featured smaller increases thereafter. They noted that the higher amount was based on improved market conditions compared to 2012 when the last lease was renewed, as well as lease terms they've recently secured at similar properties.

Since making their original offer, Gaughan Companies has agreed to accept a counter-offer that is more favorable to the City both for cash-flow purposes as well as the overall sum of payments over the lease term. The terms are summarized in the table below.

|  | $\underline{2016}$ | $\underline{2017}$ | $\underline{2018}$ | $\underline{2019}$ | $\underline{2020}$ | 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gaughan Proposal | 19.14 | 24.35 | 24.71 | 25.06 | 25.40 | 25.75 |
| \% Incr. | n/a | 27.2\% | 1.5\% | 1.4\% | 1.4\% | 1.4\% |
| City Proposal | 19.14 | 21.05 | 23.16 | 25.06 | 25.40 | 25.75 |
| \% Incr. | n/a | 10.0\% | 10.0\% | 8.2\% | 1.4\% | 1.4\% |

Based on these terms, the annual lease amount for the existing space will be as follows:

| Option \# 1: Existing Space | $\underline{2016}$ | $\underline{2017}$ | $\underline{2018}$ | $\underline{2019}$ | $\underline{2020}$ | $\underline{2021}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Leased Square Footage: Motor Vehicle | 2,315 | 2,315 | 2,315 | 2,315 | 2,315 | 2,315 |
| Leased Square Footage: Passports | 1,017 | 1,017 | 1,017 | 1,017 | 1,017 | 1,017 |
| Leased Square Footage: Addition | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Square Footage | 3,332 | 3,332 | 3,332 | 3,332 | 3,332 | 3,332 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lease Rate per SF: Gross | $\$$ | 19.14 | $\$$ | 21.05 | $\$$ | 23.16 |

## Expansion Option

Alternatively, if the City chooses to secure additional adjacent space under the same lease terms, the annual lease amount will be as follows:

| Option \#2: 1,587 SF Addition |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underline{2016}$ | $\underline{2017}$ | $\underline{2018}$ | $\underline{2019}$ | $\underline{2020}$ | $\underline{2021}$ |
| Leased Square Footage: Motor Vehicle | 2,315 | 2,315 | 2,315 | 2,315 | 2,315 | 2,315 |
| Leased Square Footage: Passports | 1,017 | 1,017 | 1,017 | 1,017 | 1,017 | 1,017 |
| Leased Square Footage: Addition | - | 1,587 | 1,587 | 1,587 | 1,587 | 1,587 |
| Total Square Footage | 3,332 | 4,919 | 4,919 | 4,919 | 4,919 | 4,919 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lease Rate per SF: Gross | 19.14 | 21.05 | 23.16 | 25.06 | 25.40 | 25.75 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Annual Lease Amount | 63,774 | 103,545 | 113,924 | 123,270 | 124,943 | 126,664 |

Because the expansion option potentially involves the relocation of an existing tenant, the City would likely have to pay for relocation costs that could amount to tens of thousands of dollars.

## Capital Items

As identified in the License Center Strategic Plan as well as in recent discussions, the decision to remain in the current location should be accompanied by a discussion on the types of capital improvements that will allow the City to expand its passport and auto dealer services, while also improving the customer service experience.

The existing space on the motor vehicle side would likely require a new service counter configuration with more emphasis on separating quicker transactions from lengthier ones, improving customer privacy, the replacement of customer waiting area chairs, worn workstations and carpeting, and painting of the walls.

The new space would likely be reconfigured to accommodate a larger passport service counter and customer waiting area, along with more work space for the auto-dealer function. This area would also require new carpeting and painting of the walls, and involve the partial tear-down of existing walls.

At this time, Staff has not sought architectural or design services nor have we requested any formal construction/furnishing estimates. But based on casual conversations and previous experience, it could take an investment of $\$ 250,000$ or more to fully take advantage of the space and restore customer service levels to what they used to be. The License Center has approximately $\$ 1$ million in available cash reserves that could be used for this purpose.

Staff will be available at the Council meeting to provide additional information and address any inquiries.
Policy Objective
Not applicable.
Financial Impacts
See above.
Staff Recommendation
City Staff recommends that the City enter into a 5 -year lease with Gaughan Companies, and secure additional adjacent space.

## Requested Council Action

For discussion purposes only. Formal approvals will come at a subsequent date.

Prepared by: Chris Miller, Finance Director
Attachments: A: Proposed Lease Addendum \#6

## Addendum Six

This Addendum Six shall amend the Retail Lease Agreement ("Lease") dated December 30, 1999 between Roseville Center Limited Partnership (the "Landlord"), and City of Roseville (the "Tenant").

In consideration of the mutual covenants herein contained and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree that said Lease shall be and hereby is amended to include the following:

1. Lease Extension. Tenant hereby wishes to renew its lease; the lease termination date shall be extended to May $31^{\text {st }}, 2022$.
2. Premises Size. Tenant's Leased Premises consists of approximately 3,332 rentable square feet.
3. Gross Rental Schedule: The Gross Rental Rate shall be amended as follows:
a. $6 / 1 / 17-5 / 31 / 18 \quad \$ 5,844.88$ per month ( $\$ 21.05 \mathrm{psf}$ )
b. $6 / 1 / 18-5 / 31 / 19 \quad \$ 6,430.76$ per month ( $\$ 23.16 \mathrm{psf}$ )
c. $6 / 1 / 19-5 / 31 / 20 \quad \$ 6,958.33$ per month $(\$ 25.06 \mathrm{psf})$
d. $6 / 1 / 20-5 / 31 / 21 \quad \$ 7,052.73$ per month $(\$ 25.40 \mathrm{psf})$
e. $6 / 1 / 21-5 / 31 / 22 \quad \$ 7,149.91$ per month $(\$ 25.75 \mathrm{psf})$
4. Option to Expand. During the term of this agreement or any renewal thereof, Tenant shall have the right of first refusal to lease suite 2733 consisting of approximately 1,587 which will hereafter be known as (the "Expansion Space"). Upon Tenant exercising its right to expand Landlord and Tenant shall come to mutually agreed upon terms regarding Expansion Space.
5. Expansion Space Delivery Condition. Upon Tenant exercising its Expansion Option Landlord shall deliver Option Space in "as-is" condition.
6. Relocation Costs. In the event the Expansion Space is occupied by an existing occupant Tenant shall be responsible to relocate said occupant within the Shopping Center based on the terms of said occupants lease agreement.
7. Article 4. of Lease Addendum 5 shall be null and void upon full execution of this addendum.

All other terms and conditions set forth in the lease, riders and addendums thereto shall remain as provided herein.

## LANDLORD

## Lexington Shoppes Limited

Partnership,
a Minnesota limited partnership
Its:

Agreed: $\qquad$
Date:

## TENANT

## City of Roseville

Its:

Agreed: $\qquad$

Date: $\qquad$

# R鳥代HHE <br> REQUEST FOR COUNCIL DISCUSSION 

Agenda Date: 5/15/2017
Agenda Item: 7.e

Department Approval


City Manager Approval


Item Description:

Review and provide comment on the last chapter of a comprehensive technical update to the requirements and procedures for processing subdivision proposals as regulated in City Code Title 11 (Subdivision) (PROJ-0042)

## Background

The consultants engaged to lead the update of Roseville's Subdivision Code, Mike Lamb and Leila Bunge, have drafted updated code text based on the feedback received from the Planning Commission and City Council regarding the annotated outline of Roseville's existing code; the minutes of the City Council's March 20 discussion are included as Exhibit A. The Planning Commission reviewed the last chapter of the draft subdivision code at its meeting of May 3, and tabled the final review and public hearing of the complete draft until its upcoming meeting of June 7 ; the draft minutes of the May 3 discussion are included with this report as Exhibit B.
The draft of the subdivision code update is included with this report as Exhibit C. Because presenting a comprehensive update like this entirely in the typical track changes format would be difficult to read, the proposed update is presented side-by-side with the existing code text. In this way, each provision of the proposed draft (in the right-hand column) can be compared to the existing text (in the left-hand column). Because the draft presented to the City Council has been updated since May 3 based on the Planning Commission's feedback, such edits to the draft subdivision code are typographically emphasized with strikethrough and underlined text representing deletions and insertions, respectively.

## Planning Division Comment

Many of the proposed amendments to the subdivision code involve modernizing outdated language and removing technical requirements that are better regulated elsewhere. As has been discussed, this is a process of finding a balance between providing applicants information pertinent to how Roseville regulates plats and gathering elsewhere information about how Roseville regulates the developments that might be facilitated by the plats. Also, the entire contents of Chapter 1104 of the existing code are proposed to be distributed to other parts of the code (as exemplified by the May 8 discussion of "platting alternatives" and minor plats). Once this process of draft review is complete, Planning Division staff intends to prepare appropriate applications and a template for a standard developer agreement that can be reviewed with the final draft of the updated code to verify that they appropriately complement the updated Subdivision Code.

Roseville's Public Works Department staff is reviewing the entire proposal to ensure that the revised subdivision code and their forthcoming design standards manual combine to provide all of the necessary regulations without unintended gaps and unnecessary redundancies. The draft subdivision code update has been developed with the design standards manual as a reference; therefore any changes to the draft resulting from this review are expected to be technical in nature. A final draft of the Public Works Design Standards manual will be prepared after this review to account for the balance struck between subdivision regulations and development regulations in the Subdivision Code.

The City Attorney has been reviewing the draft, in general, as well as responding to specific questions. Nevertheless, prior to final action on the proposed subdivision code update, the City Attorney will be reviewing the entire proposal to ensure that the final ordinance is sound.

Proposed amendments to the park dedication regulations have been a major focus of review; perhaps, then, there is value in detailing the rationale behind the proposed changes here.

## Purpose section (line 253 in Exhibit C)

- The existing code does cite legislation that enables the City to require park dedication as a condition of approval of a subdivision application, but the citation in incomplete. It puts a subdivider on notice that Roseville will exercise its authority to require park dedication, but it appears to ignore the City's obligation to ensure that dedications of land or cash bear a rough proportionality to the recreational need created by the proposed subdivision or development.
- Subdivision 2c of the enabling legislation further requires the City to demonstrate an "essential nexus" or a connection between the requirement to dedicate land (or cash in lieu of land) and the public purpose being served by the requirement. This is why the proposed draft of the subdivision code specifies that Roseville will consult its Comprehensive Plan, Parks and Recreation System Master Plan, and Pathways Master Plan when deciding whether to accept land or fees-or both-in satisfaction of the park dedication requirement. This seems particularly important when the Parks and Recreation System Master plan only discusses acquisition of additional park land in one general area (i.e., the southwestern quadrant of the city) and one other specific location (i.e., connecting Villa Park with Reservoir Woods), and when the Pathways Master Plan identifies several planned-but-undeveloped pathway connections throughout the community


## Condition to Approval section (line 254 in Exhibit C)

- This is where the proposed draft notifies subdividers that Roseville intends to utilize its park dedication authority and attempts to clarify the attributes of a subdivision proposal that qualify it for park dedication. While Planning Commissioners had some uncertainty about the rationale behind the current " more than 1 acre" qualifier for park dedication, the proposed draft does not intend to change the qualifying attributes; further refinement of the current draft may be necessary if it seems at odds with the existing provisions or if the qualifying size needs to be adjusted.
- The proposed draft of this section also attempts to clearly demonstrate "nexus" by expanding on the description of how the City will evaluate the most appropriate
7.e PROJ0042_RCD_20170515_Draft_Review_Part2

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application of the park dedication requirement for each proposal. The draft language specifies that Roseville will review how each particular location compares to the City's approved plans and policies for expansion of recreational facilities as it weighs its park dedication options.

## Amount to be Dedicated section (line 255 in Exhibit C)

- This section was initially interpreted as a statement of the monetary value of cash dedications; consequently, the proposal called for the replacement of the existing code text with a reference to the Fee Schedule, which is where the cash fees are established. Parks and Recreation Department staff explained that the existing text refers to the amount of land to be dedicated, so the text was restored and amended for greater clarification.

If this existing code language does pertain to land dedications, however, the current figures seem to be inconsistent with the required fees in lieu of land dedication. As a specific example, the existing code says that $5 \%$ of land area will be required for dedication in non-residential subdivisions, but the 2017 fee schedule requires a cash alternative equal to $10 \%$ of the value of the land area in non-residential subdivisions. By contrast, one would expect $5 \%$ of the land area to exactly equal $5 \%$ of the land value. Since this was a topic of concern by the Planning Commission, Planning Division staff reviewed City Council Ordinance 1061, which established the park dedication requirements, and found that the current land dedication figures are unchanged from their original adoption in 1989. Because the cash alternative has increased significantly since then, it would seem that a current analysis is necessary to update the land dedication figures to demonstrate the "rough proportionality" required by statute.

## Payment in Lieu of Dedication section (line 257 in Exhibit C)

- In order to formalize the process of making and receiving payment of a park dedication fee, the updated subdivision code proposes to require a developer agreement with each plat approval, and proposal to make itemization of park dedication fees a component of the development agreement. This is the reason for the reference to City Code Section 1102.07, which is where the developer agreement provision was located at the time the current draft was prepared; this citation may need to change as the final draft of the subdivision code update is prepared.
- This section is also proposed to include a reference to the Fee Schedule for specification of the applicable park dedication fees.

Line 258 in Exhibit C

- This section has historically acknowledged the City Council's authority to waive or reduce park dedication fees to facilitate development of affordable housing units, presumably because affordable housing development is particularly sensitive to costs and not because residents of affordable housing do not demand recreational facilities. The proposed draft strikes this provision, however, in recognition of the City Council's recent adoption of the Public Financing and Business Subsidy Policy that outlines a variety of ways to support development without waiving fees.

The Parks and Recreation Commission reviewed the proposed revision to the park dedication regulations at its meeting of May 2, 2017. A memo from Parks and Recreation Department staff detailing that review and illustration of how the review would affect the proposed draft of the subdivision code update is included with this RCA as Exhibit D, but the main points are as follows:

- Keep the Park Dedication Ordinance simple, clear and concise
- Do not use language that creates potential for negotiation
- Limit the opportunity for potential conflicts and competition for funds (funds are limited and unpredictable)
- Limit Park Dedication to land for parkland purposes only, cash or combination (not to expand to trails, pathways, .....) for use within park boundaries only
- Add back the Land Dedication amount of $5 \%$ and $10 \%$ (this should be very specific)
- Important that all Park Dedication issues are referred to the Parks and Recreation Commission


## Public Comment

Despite being noticed as a public hearing, no members of the public were present at the April 5 or May 3 Planning Commission meetings to comment on the proposed draft subdivision code. At the time this report was prepared, Planning Division staff has not received any communications from the public beyond an email received prior to the Planning Commission's March 1 review of the annotated outline. That email has not been reproduced for inclusion with this report, but it remains part of the public record.

## REQUESTED DISCUSSION

Discuss the final chapters of the draft subdivision code update, as amended based on the Planning Commission's guidance regarding these same sections. Council's input on the draft will be incorporated into the final draft reviewed by the Planning Commission at the June 7, 2017, public hearing.

| Exhibits: | A: $3 / 20 / 2017$ City Council <br> minutes | C: Chapters $1103 \& 1104$ of the draft <br> B: 5/3/2017 Planning Commission <br> draft minutes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Subdivision Code update <br> D: Comments from Parks \& Recreation |  |
| Prepared by: | Senior Planner Bryan Lloyd <br> $651-792-7073$ <br> bryan.lloyd@cityofroseville.com | Director |

d. Discuss the Annotated Outline Illustrating Present Structure of the Subdivision Code and How a Rewritten Code Might Differ; Provide Input to Guide the Drafted of an Updated Ordinance (PROJ-0042)
Senior Planner Bryan Lloyd introduced Mike Lamb, consultant with KimleyHorn, undertaking the rewrite of the city's subdivision code as detailed in the staff report and related attachments.

Title 11 (Exhibit A), Subdivisions and his Memorandum dated February 23, 2017 (Exhibit B)
Mr. Lamb provided an overview of the five major topics needing review: language in code (definitions) and their consistency with other city code; minor subdivision process as discussed by the Planning Commission and of interest to the City Council; Park Dedication mechanism and how to address that moving forward; Design Standards and any revisions of those standards embedded in code; and those areas for reliance on the Public Works Design Standards Manual currently in process.

In the City Council's review of Attachment A, Mr. Lamb clarified that the first column represented current code and right hand column provided suggestions from his office and staff. Mr. Lamb further clarified that those are just suggestions, and not recommendations, but simply based on experience and requiring City Council feedback. Mr. Lamb also referenced excerpts provided from the subdivision ordinances in the metropolitan area and language from those that might make sense for Roseville as the basis for edits. Mr. Lamb further referenced some case studies provided form other metropolitan communities and other first-ring suburbs from out-of-state and staff conversations with those cities as well. Mr. Lamb concluded by stating the intent for this to be an outline review only to help staff and his firm determine the proper direction to pursue from the City Council's perspective.

$$
\text { Exhibit A - Title } 11
$$

## Page 1

In terms of definitions, Mayor Roe suggested the fewer the better in this portion of code; whether by referencing the Public Works Design Standards Manual or through existing code (e.g. street or design standard components) where those definitions would come out.

Mayor Roe also suggested a general reference to other city documents (e.g. 2008 Pathway Master Plan) rather than specifically referencing them in the subdivision code; with agreement by Councilmember Willmus.

## Pages $2 \& 3$

Along with Mayor Roe, Councilmembers McGehee, Willmus and Laliberte were in agreement that they did not want to consider an administrative review process; continuing that approval process through the Planning Commission and City Council or just the City Council as per current practice.

## Page 4

## RCA Exhibit A

At the request of Councilmember McGehee, Mr. Lloyd confirmed that any and all application forms and instructions would be revised based on new processes or checklists.

Specific to minor lot splits and associated checklists for one lot splitting into two, Ms. Collins advised that currently if everything on the checklist was addressed, they were approved administratively.

Councilmember McGehee stated her intent that everything, including those minor lot splits, be put back on the table, opining that the checklist should be presented to the City Council in agenda packets indicating any or all items checked off, especially related to drainage, sewer and tree preservation.

Even with minor subdivisions, Councilmember Willmus noted one area of struggle was an informal sketch provided (e.g. on the back of a napkin) versus a more detailed and formal application and information process, showing established locations for lot lines, drainage easements, and any other work that would be done on the front end before being brought to the City Council for approval.

As suggested by City Manager Trudgeon, and confirmed by Councilmember Willmus, this would include a survey.

As decision makers, Councilmember Willmus noted that the additional information could have a significant impact on a decision one way or another based on that level of detail provided; and opined that a survey shouldn't create an excessive burden for a property owner looking to divide their lot; and he preferred having that detail available. Councilmember Willmus stated that from his perspective, that detail did not include being advised that the watershed district had yet to sign off, especially if and when those properties may involve part of a larger drainage system or issue within the community. With not receiving that information upfront, Councilmember Willmus noted that it left out part of the picture, and stated his interest in having that broader picture from materials presented to the City Council, whether or not it created a financial burden on a property owner.

Ms. Collins sought clarification on the current process used for minor subdivisions and plats, asking if the City Council was okay with that as long as additional information was provided upfront.

Mayor Roe agreed, referencing recent examples of plats coming before the City Council.

Without objection, and confirmed by Mr. Lamb, the City Council did not support any administrative process for minor subdivisions; with an up-to-date checklist included at the Planning Commission and/or City Council levels.

With confirmation by staff, Mayor Roe clarified that open house language would parallel that approved in other sections of code.

## RCA Exhibit A

Councilmember Willmus addressed plat requirements for lots on existing streets and requiring municipal services, and whether some accommodation was needed for private drives built to city street specifications but privately maintained.

Mr. Lloyd advised that there was nothing in the subdivision code; and noted that delved into the area of uncertainty as to whether a subdivision created a flag lot to access properties behind one street or a private street with public streets minus a right-of-way; seeking City Council direction on that point.

Councilmember Willmus stated that he didn't want to revert to flag lots, but recognized situations where larger lots are subdivided and become smaller, this may be a tool that could help accommodate it and create less expense for surrounding property owners and the broader community as well. Councilmember Willmus opined that the city had it within its purview and public works specifications for those situations.

Mayor Roe stated that he wasn't against private driveway as a solution.
Councilmember Willmus noted that there was no language so specific that it would exclude private drives by calling it a street.

Mayor Roe noted that platting wasn't required for a minor subdivision if other requirements were met, with the current process not requiring plats for minor subdivisions.

City Manager Trudgeon noted that it involved a process for document and layout approval, but was not a formal plat.

Regarding item 4, Mayor Roe noted it stated that it seemed obvious from language providing that a divisional lot didn't require minimum standards.

Mr. Lamb clarified that the excerpt from the City of St. Paul could be edited accordingly for further consideration by the City Council. Mr. Lamb noted the need for placing the burden on public works when changing slopes to address any water/sewer issues, or frozen pipes or water being pumped up hill creating low water pressure.

Mayor Roe noted the need to ensure the close attention of the Public Works staff on those specific issues.

## Page 5

Mr. Lamb noted some design standards that would be unique to code.
At the request of Mayor Roe, Mr. Lamb confirmed the need to address them in the subdivision code versus in general city code (e.g. block sizes).

## Page 6

## RCA Exhibit A

Mayor Roe clarified that lot sizes were addressed in the city's zoning code, not its subdivision code.

## Page 6 (Park Dedication)

Mr. Lamb clarified some of this section, noting that references to more formal plans and policies the city had adopted specifically or as part of comprehensive plan updates superceded the subdivision code language developed in 1980. Mr. Lamb noted that he had found only three occasions since that inception of land dedication for park or open space, with the remainder of the situations resulting in cash in lieu of land.

Mr. Lamb suggested consideration of a way that the subdivision code could help support larger connectivity of the city itself (e.g. connecting trails or sidewalks) in a broader nature than by simply setting a process and approach for cash applied to a park or requiring additional recreation maintenance. Mr. Lamb noted that the idea was to consider that larger picture and use the subdivision as a tool to achieve that larger connectivity.

Mayor Roe suggested the intent may be to expand the definition of land contribution that could be beyond a specific plot of land, but involve trail connections.

Mr. Lamb agreed that was the intent, and used several examples in Roseville (e.g. McCarron's Lake area or Old National Guard Armory parcel) as examples of larger tracts of land that could be subdivided, and possibly include another street with a possible trail to connect with the existing system.

Councilmember Willmus questioned if that didn't lead to situations with additional land being donated to areas of the city that already have built-out park and trail infrastructure, limiting the ability to capture dollars to use them in areas of the city without as many amenities available.

While each would be considered on a case by case basis, Mr. Lamb advised that the focus using existing policies, would be to determine how this code as one of many city tools, could be used to improve connectivity throughout the community. Mr. Lamb noted that the comprehensive plan now separated the city into sixteen districts, some of which had no park, and others having limited park space (e.g. Twin Lakes Redevelopment Area). Mr. Lamb noted the need for more sidewalks and amenities to provide synergy in connecting around lakes and development parcels. While agreeing that it differed by location, Mr. Lamb suggested a guiding master plan or park/trail document to help the city code reach its purpose.

Councilmember Willmus spoke against such guiding documents; opining that there were areas in the community without that infrastructure, but could allow them to acquire property on the other side of town.

Mayor Roe noted that the dollars could still be part of this; with Mr. Lamb concurring that it was intended as one other option.

## RCA Exhibit A

Councilmember Willmus stated that he didn't want to mandate steering each application to the Parks \& Recreation Commission for a recommendation, which he considered being set in place if this was pursued.

Mayor Roe opined that this simply provided more options on the land side of the equation, and clarified that ultimately land decisions lay with the city, noting that the city didn't need to approve any land donations that it didn't want.

Councilmember McGehee spoke in support of having more options available, and therefore including that as a tool in the subdivision ordinance.

Mayor Roe noted that it didn't need to be an either/o situation, but could be a combination. Mayor Roe further clarified that there were limits on how money in the Park Dedication fund could be used that needed to be adhered to in any situation.

## Page 8

Mayor Roe agreed with the suggestion to remove any references to city staff salaries and refer to the fee schedule.

## Chapter 1104.06

At the request of Mayor Roe, Mr. Lloyd advised that this suggestion was as a result of the recent Ramsey County Survey workshop attended by staff related to appropriate signature lines for plats being recorded and the need to allow for property owner signatures sufficient for those being sold between preliminary and final plat recording.

After further discussion and deliberation, it was determined that the subdivision code reference this requirement, but clarified that it was not responsible for the property owner's recording of documents.

Under advice by City Attorney Gaughan, while the city has the responsibility to make sure properties transfer legally and not trip up transactions, he noted it was an issue for the property owner. City Attorney Gaughan stated support for reference Ramsey County in code to this affect, but not to specifically address it beyond protecting the city to make sure plats are recorded properly.

## Page 8 (other)

Councilmember McGehee noted her natural interest in tree preservation that she continued to find amazingly unsuccessful to-date.

At the request of Councilmember McGehee specific to solar orientation, Mr. Lamb referenced some of the ideas provided form other communities, while recognizing that green infrastructure continued to evolve. Mr. Lamb provided some examples from the City of St. Paul toward those efforts (e.g. stormwater park) and how parks and open space continued to change, as well as solar orientation as an owner issue. Mr. Lamb noted the differences for Roseville as a fully-developed

## RCA Exhibit A

community versus a newer community with those thins available to be addressed accordingly (e.g. solar orientation and existing tree canopies).

Councilmember McGehee stated her interest in green infrastructure and use of stormwater ponding to provide for space versus underground tank installation, creating amenities for parks and open space.

Mr. Lamb recognized that this subdivision code was a revision and intended as an update, and could not do everything for everybody. However, Mr. Lamb suggested that is could be more active in focusing on redevelopment and connectivity, including rethinking stormwater requirements as a public amenity.

Mayor Roe suggested their consideration under the "other" park dedication side; while being careful not to mix too many things together.

Discussion ensued on the triggers for tree preservation at this time under current ordinance and related to preliminary plat, but not triggered by the minor subdivision process as currently written, but through the trigger of new home construction.

Councilmember McGehee stated her interest in making that tree preservation trigger part of the minor subdivision process to avoid clear cutting.

Councilmember Willmus stated that he wasn't interested in having that discussion now and was not prepared to make that change tonight, noting that this had been discussed when adopting the tree preservation ordinance at which time it was decided by the City Council majority to leave minor subdivisions out of the picture.

Councilmember Laliberte concurred, advising that she also did not come prepared tonight to consider that issue.

Mayor Roe suggested additional rationale and a better understanding of that issue when this returns to the City Council in its next draft.

Mr. Lloyd clarified that with larger plats, street infrastructure and existing house pads often determined tree preservation and placement versus minor subdivisions with one large lot and tree preservation not kicking in until new construction of a new home.

Ms. Collins noted that while there may be no plans upfront for tree preservation, at the final stage of new home development, the parcel would become subject to it.

Councilmember Laliberte stated that she still considered that the right way to go, opining that the person initially subdividing the lot may have insufficient information to make a prudent decision.

As part of that discussion, Councilmember McGehee noted the need to avoid clear-cut situations developing under some subdivisions, creating neighborhood issues at that point and not providing them with any protection.

Mr. Lamb thanked the City Council for their good feedback, advising that he and staff anticipated returning to the April 5, 2017 City Council meeting with the first draft of a new subdivision ordinance.

a. PROJF0042: Request by the City of Roseville to approve a comprehensive technical update to the requirements and procedures for processing subdivision proposals as regulated in City Code Title 11 (Subdivisions)
Chair Murphy continued the public hearing for Project File 0042 at approximately 6:45 p.m. held over from the April 5, 2017 meeting.

Community Development Director Kari Collins introduced Leila Bunge, consultant with Michael Lamb of the Kimley-Horn team to guide tonight's discussion of these proposed revisions. Ms. Collins noted that the first portion of proposed subdivision ordinance, as reviewed by the Planning Commission at their last meeting, would be reviewed by the City Council at their May 8, 2017 meeting.

Member Gitzen asked staff to provide a draft preliminary clean copy for further review of the actual proposed code at a later meeting; with concurrence by the remainder of the commission.

After the May $8^{\text {th }}$ City Council meeting, Ms. Collins advised that City Council comment would also be incorporated into the next iteration and could be sent out to the commission via email for them to provide their feedback to the City Council for anticipated ordinance enactment at the May $22^{\text {nd }}$ City Council meeting to meet the deadline of the moratorium expiring May 31, 2017.

Mr. Lloyd noted that the City Council's review had been delayed as there was insufficient time on their last meeting schedule; with the new timeframe for review at the May $8^{\text {th }}$ and $15^{\text {th }}$ meetings, and enactment at the May $22^{\text {nd }}$ meeting.

Chair Murphy asked when the commission would receive an update from last night's review of the document (e.g. park dedication fees) by the Parks \& Recreation Commission.

Mr. Lloyd advised that the meeting minutes and comments were still being assembled by Parks \& Recreation Department staff today; but he would insert the more obvious items of their review at that point in tonight's discussion.

## Attachment C Document Review (continued)

At the commission's last review of the document on April $5^{\text {th }}$, the last item covered was Page 23, Section 148 that would serve as the intended starting point for tonight's review. However, Mr. Lloyd initiated tonight's review by summarizing the revisions made at that April meeting seeking confirmation or additional feedback before proceeding to the later sections.

In his review of the subdivision code earlier today, Mr. Lloyd advised that he could find no reference to "corner lots" anywhere else in the subdivision code and therefore, may not be needed even though it was referenced as a definition in accordance with the updated zoning code.

## RCA Exhibit B

Based on tonight's Variance Board discussion, Member Kimble asked if there was anywhere else in the subdivision code or other areas of code that addressed corner and reverse corner lots.

Mr. Lloyd advised that it was addressed elsewhere in city code, and had been mentioned in the past when the subdivision code had minimum lot size standards; but as of last year's revisions had been relegated to the zoning code and therefore no longer defined elsewhere.

## Page 3, Section 23

Member Bull noted that in this section and throughout the document wording had been changed from "applicant" to owner (sole, part or joint owner). However, if a company owns a parcel and they're located elsewhere in the country, perhaps involving a board of directors of shareholders, Member Bull asked how they could have an agent representative applying on their behalf, opining that this language seemed awkward.

Mr. Lloyd responded that the City Attorney had advised that the most important element was to make sure the owner was making the application; with common practice for a local agent or developer to carry that application forward on their behalf. Mr. Lloyd noted that the city had to allow for that and that it could be further clarified in application forms accordingly.

Member Bull opined that "owner" seemed to have a lot of references; but stated his preference for a definition of "owner" and "registered agent" or a proper name for that role.

Member Kimble questioned that suggestion, noting the difference in identifying the ownership of a lot versus someone else processing the application that wouldn't change that ownership; and opined that the proposed language seemed appropriate from her perspective. Member Kimble noted the common practice for a local representative to present and process an application on behalf of an owner; noting that the owner had to be the applicant even if they delegated the processing to someone else.

Mr. Lloyd suggested that the City Attorney's recommendation probably recognized that very situation.

Member Gitzen agreed, noting that the definition was of "owner" not "applicant."
With confirmation by Member Bull, Member Daire asked if Member Bull's intent was to revise wording to define sole or joint owners or designated representatives. Member Bull noted that references used to be for "applicant" and "developer" but now had been changed enmass to "owner."

Page 4, Section 24

## RCA Exhibit B

Mr. Lloyd noted the change to facility versus right-of-way, with deference to local and/or state traffic enforcement as allowed to define non-motorized or nonvehicular traffic (e.g. bicyclists) but without need to specifically define in the subdivision code.

Page 4. Section 29 and Page 7, Section 50
Using the Java request as an example, Member Bull addressed consideration of a preliminary plat as an item rather than a process. As another example in line 50, Member Bull noted that it states "...shall submit a preliminary plat..." noting that you don't submit a process, but instead a packet of documents. Member Bull noted the need for consistency.

Mr. Lloyd advised that this was described in the Procedures Chapter; and opined that the suggested language provided sufficient context and definition of preliminary plats as a standalone definition that further definition was not needed specific to preliminary plat documents.

Member Gitzen suggested leaving the old definition in place, separating preliminary plats from plats; with concurrence by Members Kimble and Bull.

Mr. Lloyd clarified that the rationale was to eliminate preliminary plat by recognizing that it was a preliminary version with the plat serving as the final version.

Member Bull suggested differentiating pre and final versions of the plat.
Member Kimble suggested the commission may be getting too detailed on language specifics.

## Page 5, Sections 32, 33 and 34

Mr. Lloyd and Ms. Bunge addressed the definition of "street" to "public way" to incorporate what was involved without defining in this document and encompassing all types of public ways and facilities.

Member Gitzen stated that he was not comfortable with this proposed language; and instead suggested "public passageway, such as...designed for travel by pedestrians or vehicles." Member Gitzen further suggested removing the right-ofway language (Section 33). When thinking of a public or private right-of-way, Member Gitzen opined that most people think of an easement; where in this case it was referring to a physical street, creating confusion when later on in the document rights-of-way area referred to as an easement. Member Gitzen suggested changing language accordingly in Section 32 and removing Section 33 in its entirety.

By consensus, Sections 33 and 34 were recommended for removal.

## RCA Exhibit B

Page 8, Section 56, 57
Mr. Lloyd advised that application instructions were made more consistent with other plat applications.

If the intent is to remove archaic language, Member Daire suggested changing "utilized" to "used" or "using;" with Mr. Lloyd suggesting "...are alternatives to plat procedures."

Chair Murphy asked staff to review April meeting minutes to review if "common wall" had been removed or not; however Member Gitzen noted that the City Council in their review could make the decision whether or not to remove it.

Mr. Lloyd concurred, advising that this marked up version had been provided to the City Council for their review and deliberation.

## Page 9, Section 58

As with Section 57, Mr. Lloyd advised that the approval could be by the City Manager as consistent with other zoning applications; with proposed language to strike that involvement in the process and refer to administrative approval by the Community Development Department.

In the previous definition, Member Gitzen noted that it asked for a survey for recombinations; with Mr. Lloyd responding that after approval, submission of a survey was required to ensure consistency, while applications only require a sketch plan format.

At the request of Member Gitzen, Mr. Lloyd advised that he had discussed a timeline with the City Attorney and his suggestion was to provide one even if city staff was unable to control it at all times. Mr. Lloyd advised that the City Attorney had pointed out that there are times when it could be enforced, such as by withholding a building permit until completion of the process. Mr. Lloyd suggested adding language in, with that timeframe pending, in Sections 57, 58 and 60 , establishing a timeline for recording a plat.

As an example, Member Kimble referenced a recent alternate plat project she was involved with in the City of St. Paul and their requirement for recording within two years, with a one year extension possible before having to go through the process again.

Chair Murphy stated that sounded beyond reasonable from his perspective.
Mr. Lloyd clarified that a longer timeline makes sense from his perspective if the Planning Commission and City Council were making decisions intended to be in place for perpetuity; and as time changes things there would be occasions that it would be prudent to have an expiration for approvals.

## RCA Exhibit B

Member Bull stated that he was reluctant to specify anything that might give anyone the idea that that had two years to record a plat.

Member Gitzen suggested deferring to the City Attorney for the timeline.
Chair Murphy suggested, with consensus of the body, a one year timeline for recording ALL plat, or to seek an extension.

Page 9-10, Section 59 (Consolidations)
Mr. Lloyd suggested language changes for minor plats when discussing their purpose, with draft language talking about subdivisions or a consolidation of lots. As discussed last time, Mr. Lloyd suggested it would be prudent to regulate lot sizes and with consolidations a platting of underlying lot boundaries that they be addressed accordingly.

Member Gitzen noted that you couldn't get rid of underlying lot boundaries.
Mr. Lloyd provided an example of consolidating adjoining lots for tax purposes, but if a house was built across those adjacent lots it could create future problems. Mr. Lloyd advised that the intent was to take a more explicit approach to regulate development according to platted versus tax parcels to avoid development on top of parcel lot lines, making consolidations no longer a platting alternative.

At the request of Member Gitzen, Mr. Paschke confirmed that in some cases, a property owner was required to replat such lots now.

For tracts of land that are under common ownership and involving several platted lots with a few tax parcels, Mr. Lloyd advised that there was a need to make sure those parcels area platted in such a away to remove property ownership boundaries. If development doesn't violate those boundaries, Mr. Lloyd advised that an owner hadn't been required to replat them to-date, but in the future would be required to do so; and opined that reconsolidation of platted lots served as a plat even if a simple plat versus a platting alternative.

Mr. Lloyd noted that Item \#4 would remain and be further edited based on City Attorney advice, and to eliminate the City Manager involvement as with other areas of the subdivision code.

## Pages 11-12, Section 61

At the request of Chair Murphy specific to park dedication (Item B.V Minor Plats) Mr. Lloyd reviewed proposed language intended to subdivide parcels as noted.

As a general question, Member Daire asked if this revised subdivision ordinance would prohibit the creation of flag lots.

## RCA Exhibit B

Mr. Lloyd responded that he thought so, but they were regulated in a later chapter yet to be discussed by the commission; but as a subdivision standard would specifically be prohibited other than on a case-by-case variance review.

## Page 12, Section 62

Specific to Item 2.ii, Mr. Lloyd addressed rational to protect time and resources involved with repetitive inquiries. At the request of Member Sparby, Mr. Lloyd clarified that if an application came forward under changed circumstances, it would be seen as a new application process in the regulatory framework and would not bar an owner from coming forward with an application.

Member Sparby stated that he would prefer putting such a bar in the language for the submission process rather than relying on a one year ban.

Member Bull agreed with Member Sparby, opining that he didn't like thins that limited the ability of citizens to seek relief if there was a process in place to administer and recognize differences in applications.

Chair Murphy stated that he was unsure if he agreed with Member Sparby as long as the Board of Adjustments (City Council) was available for that review, this provision also served to protect the city's staff time and resources with repeat applications. With an appeal process to the Board of Adjustments, Chair Murphy opined that it accomplished the goal and a safety net for citizens to be heard.

Member Bull referenced a development proposal that was submitted many different times from 2007 through 2016 substantially the same thing and requiring considerable review time.

Member Sparby suggested lowering the submission application to six months rather than one year, noting that the application's composition or staff may change and free an applicant to move forward.

Specific to submitting substantially the same application, Members Kimble, Bull and Gitzen, along with Chair Murphy agreed with the one year provision; with Member Sparby deferring to his colleagues.

Mr. Lloyd advised that the intent was to avoid serial applications when the ultimate goal is turning one lot into two via this subdivision ordinance; thus staff's recommendation for five years unless submitting the application as a major plat process, but not for minor plats.

In Section 63 , Mr. Lloyd again addressed the time limitation.
In this section, as well as in Chapter 1102.05 (page 24), Member Gitzen referenced that necessary data for a final plat (major or minor) and Ramsey County

## RCA Exhibit B

requirements; and suggested language as previously noted for a review process at a surveyor's office.

Mr. Lloyd concurred, noting that would be addressed in the next iteration as it was changed to ordinance formatting rather than this side-by-side comparison; and to track changes from a global perspective.

Member Gitzen stated that his concern was that an ordinary citizen if not familiar with development projects may not be aware of the filing process.

As the global process for preliminary plat review and approval proceeds, Mr. Lloyd suggested deletion of Section 120. However, Mr. Lloyd agreed that the expanded context needed to consider the process and filing with Ramsey County and how the applicant could be informed of that process, probably in the application form itself.

Member Gitzen reiterated the need in the subdivision ordinance to inform applicants of the process beyond just filing the final plat; with Member Kimble suggesting an overview of steps to be followed, including timelines and fees either in the application form or subdivision code itself.

Mr. Lloyd stated that he envisioned the application materials would describe the process more fully and provide the applicant with a timeline.

Member Gitzen asked that staff refer to that process in this subdivision code so applicants understand the process.

At the request of Member Kimble, Mr. Lloyd confirmed that staff was running a parallel path in developing application forms and once the new ordinance is in place would inform applications of what was needed.

Member Bull asked that staff be consistent in distinguishing the process from the result as it related to the platting process.

## Page 13, Section 65 (Developer Open House Meeting)

Using the recent Minnesota State Fair Interim Use application with many different property owners rather than ownership by the State Fair of those sites, Member Bull noted his concern in using "owner" versus "applicant."

Mr. Paschke reiterated the process involved co-applicants and clarified that the process was different for open houses, with applicants moving forward with an open house without requiring the involvement of the property owner. Mr. Paschke noted that this simply intended as the first touch as to whether or not a project was worth moving forward. Also in the case of the State Fair, Mr. Paschke advised that each property owner provided a letter of support for the State Fair as the applicant.

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In Section 66, Member Kimble alluded to the developer open house, while Section 65 still says that the owner shall hold the open house.

Mr. Lloyd duly noted that error and advised it would be changed to be made consistent and would restore it to "applicant."

With Member Bull noting that the next line stated "owner," and their responsibilities, Member Kimble noted that in some cases, the developer will not close on a property until approvals area received at which time the closing would occur on the land and they would then become the owner.

In that circumstance, Member Sparby noted that the applicant needed authority from the owner to move forward with the open house.

From a practical standpoint, Mr. Lloyd noted that it would be unwise for an owner to move forward without an agreement in place.

In order to ensure that relationship is in place, Member Sparby suggested retaining "applicant" in the new language.

Mr. Lloyd advised that the owner would likely be aware of and even involved in the open house process; but from his perspective the distinction was the open house process itself held prior to the city becoming involved in a major way. Mr. Lloyd noted the intent of the open house as a venue for public review of a proposal before an application was made for approvals. If an applicant is seeking approval/denial on a property, Mr. Lloyd opined that it was important for the owner to be explicitly identified.

Member Sparby stated that he'd support "owner/applicant."
Member Kimble suggested "applicant and/or owner."
Page 18, Section 83
Again, Member Gitzen asked that the applicant be made aware of the process and timeline.

Page 19, Sections 84 and 86
Member Kimble noted the distinctions in "hardship" and "practical difficulty," with Mr. Lloyd explaining that they were intentionally different based on State Statute related to land use and zoning and recent revisions to their language from "hardships" to "practical difficulty." However, Mr. Lloyd advised that State Statutes continue to talk in places about "unusual hardships" making that definition hard to determine in Statute. Mr. Lloyd advised that he had taken this language verbatim from State Statute after his conversation with the City Attorney.

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Member Gitzen stated that he didn't think State Statute defined it; and asked staff to confirm that the Statute was still in place or if it had been further amended as they had been discussing. Member Gitzen opined that "undue hardship" represented a strict definition, but he thought the legislature's intent was to revise it to "practical difficulties" in both cases. Member Gitzen opined it was worth verifying whether or not the standards of each were totally different if not.

In Section 86, in response to Member Sparby, Mr. Lloyd advised that his understanding was that specific grounds for a variance were no applicable to case law; with Member Sparby suggesting that staff further review whether the four factors were considered in case law as factors to consider.

Mr. Lloyd clarified that the City Attorney had been supportive of those four factors as viable, specific grounds as long as the city was certain nothing else was being left out of that consideration.

## Page 21, Sections 88, 89 and through Section 113

Again, as previously noted, Mr. Lloyd reiterated that the ordinance formatting would provide a sense of how everything fit together globally and with necessary data for preliminary plats included in the major plat process, noted that this provision was no longer needed.

Page 23, Chapter 1102.03, Section 114 (Requirements governing approval of Preliminary plats)
While a discussion with city the City Attorney and Public Works staff was indicated, from a global perspective, Mr. Lloyd suggested these items made more sense in Chapter 1102.01 related to processing of any subdivision. However, Mr. Lloyd opined that it made sense to retain Section 115 to apply conditions of approval as noted, with further review to edit out any remaining redundancies.

To make an area completely safe, Member Gitzen suggested changing the wording if it remained to a different standard than "adequate drainage.

Mr. Lloyd confirmed that he proposed to move that to Chapter 1102.01.
Page 24, Section 120
Mr. Lloyd noted removal as it was discussed in the procedures section for final plats.

## Page 26, Section 134

While this may seem like an archaic section, Mr. Lloyd clarified that "streets" are not automatically accepted as a public street until staff ensures they meet city standards and requirements.

In talking about developer agreements, Member Gitzen asked how or whether this applied.

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Mr. Lloyd opined that this applied more broadly, such as public streets obtained through annexation, but for practical purposes, neither he nor the City Attorney could see any reason to retain it.

With Member Kimble asking if it could occur as private roads became public, Mr. Lloyd agreed that could be addressed in the development agreement; but under those circumstances, it may be prudent to retain it.

Chapter 1102.06, Page 27, Section 137 and Page 29, Section 147 (Required Land Improvements)
Mr. Lloyd noted the intent to remove these sections for inclusion in the Public Works design standard manual without further specificity in the subdivision code.

## Recess

Chair Murphy recessed the meeting at approximately $8: 07$ p.m. and reconvened at approximately 8:12 p.m.

## Attachment C Document Review (new)

Section 137, Chapter 1102.07 - (Chapter 1102.06 of current code)
Page 30, Section 153, Item \#7
Since there is no definition of "parkways," Member Kimble asked if that was clear to everyone.

Mr. Lloyd advised that this was an error in tracking changes, and advised that the intent was to use "boulevard."

In Section $155, \mathrm{Mr}$. Lloyd suggested, as previously suggested by the commission, to allow for rain gardens and natural stormwater features if and when they make design-sense rather than requiring turf grass or sod, as long as they stabilized soils and met Public Works design requirements.

Member Daire asked if an abutting property owner on a street was allowed to plant decorative grasses or blooming boulevards.

Mr. Lloyd responded that there was no codified position on that, and if and when property owners are interested in these front yard and/or public right-of-way areas, they could work with the Public Works Department to seek their approval of their intended plantings, as this was their domain.

Page 31, Sections 153 (page 30) and 157
Member Gitzen opined that these sections appeared to be the same and questioned whether both were needed.

Mr. Lloyd responded that Section 153 was under the category of street improvements, but offered to talk more with the Public Works Department as to whether the reference should be "parkway" indicating a grass area between driving lanes (e.g. Wheelock and Lexington Parkways).

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If so, Member noted the need for a definition for "parkway.
In Section 157, discussion ensued about the intent and definition of a "boulevard" as a non-paved part of a right-of-way (except for driveways, pathways or walkways) and therefore was distinct or if it needed to be distinguished or removed.

Member Kimble suggested this be given further consideration.
In Section 160 related to public utilities, Member Gitzen suggested this section was more applicable to the Public Works Department than the Planning Commission.

On the flip side, Chair Murphy noted that this may still include a requirement for public comment at the commission or City Council level even if the Public Works Department served as the presenter based on their technical skills to make a recommendation to the commission.

Member Gitzen opined that the Planning Commission wouldn't need to review it; with Member Sparby recommended language such as, "...suggested after study by the Public Works Department and recommendation by the Planning Commission;" agreeing that study seemed out of the commission's jurisdiction. Mr. Lloyd noted that a public hearing could be held at the City Council meeting, with the consensus of the body being for the Public Works Department to provide a report to the Planning Commission for recommendation to the City Council.

In Section 156, Mr. Lloyd noted the recommended changes were from the Public Works Department for a "licensed" rather than a "registered" professional engineer.

## Page 35, Line 161

At the request of Chair Murphy, Mr. Lloyd reviewed the rationale for leaving this door open for occupancy with the potential for homes being completed prior to final paving of a street, with possibly only the first lift applied.

## Page 36, Chapter 1103 (Design Standards)

After minimal discussion, the consensus of the body was to remove Chapters 1103.01 (Street Plan) and 1103.02 (Streets)and refer to the Public Works design standards manual.

Mr. Lloyd noted there were some areas with distinction despite the chapter name of "streets," and the application of physical facilities and rights-of way widths required for functional classifications in residential subdivisions or commercial plats, that may provide relevant information for someone layout out a plat.

However, Member Gitzen noted that curvatures, horizontal street lines and other items were design standards.

With further discussion, Mr. Lloyd advised that the Public Works Department had supported moving physical facility requirements into their design standards, but information guiding layout of a plat document they had felt some value in preserving it here. However, Mr. Lloyd advised that he would further consult with them for the next iteration of the code.

Members Gitzen and Kimble noted the preference to have information in only one place to avoid redundancies as well as inconsistencies.

Mr. Lloyd agreed, but noted the need for balancing where that most current information should be located and suggested it may be helpful to have those parameters listed here without going into too much detail.

Member Gitzen suggested having them in one place or the other, but if included in both documents, they needed to match; but stated his preference for references in code to the manual.

Member Kimble suggested the categories could remain in the subdivision code by reference guiding people to the Public Works design manual.

Chair Murphy advised staff to make the City Council aware of their strong recommendation without significant review of Chapters 1102.01 and 1102.02 was for the subdivision code to recognize the categories while referring to the Public Works design manual to avoid duplication or errors.

Page 38, Sections 194-197
Mr. Lloyd advised that he needed to revisit street widths with the Public Works staff, but thought it was helpful to leave street widths in the subdivision code.

In reflecting on his experience as a transportation planner with the City of Minneapolis, Member Daire noted the relationship with street width, snow accumulation and placement of mailboxes. As he had shared with Community Development Director Collins earlier for her in turn sharing his comments with the Public Works Department, Member Daire suggested some consideration should be given parking control with vehicle and street access, especially with the advent of more on-street bike lanes and what standards should apply for them. Member Daire noted the correlation with various street widths and types when considering their location to ensure the safety of cyclists. Since this is an area of considerable concern for him, Member Daire suggested city street width standards be raised; including how to deal with three lane streets and turn lanes to keep traffic moving smoothly as well as bike lanes. Therefore, Member Daire advised that his suggestion had been for the Public Works Department to consider more specificity in its design standards.

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Since this is the way of the future, Member Kimble offered her agreement, noting that it wasn't addressed now (e.g. Ramsey County roadways) and noted a number of items in the current subdivision code that are not yet addressed in Public Works design standards at this point.

In summary, Chair Murphy directed staff to migrate as appropriate.
Page 39
Member Gitzen suggested these also be included in Public Works design standards.

Page 40, Chapter 1103-04 (Easements), Section 209
Member Gitzen suggested revised language to read." Easements at least a total of 10 ' wide along the front and side, and corner lot lines as well as centered on rear and side lot lines."

At the request of Member Gitzen, Mr. Lloyd advised that he would consult with the Public Works Department whether a statement was still needed about reflection or anchor points.

In Section 210, Member Gitzen suggested rewording "drainage easements" to allow stormwater easements on platted land.

Page 41, Chapter 1103.05 (Block Standards), Section 213
With Roseville being a fully-developed community, Mr. Lloyd advised that the Public Works Department's suggestion was to remove the upper boundary and use the more realistic 900 ' long block as the upper boundary.

In Section 215, Member Gitzen questioned how and what was being designated or what plan was referenced.

Page 42, Section 226
At the request of Member Daire, Mr. Lloyd noted this was referring to private streets and their physical requirements the same as that of a public street in case they should eventually become public versus private.

As discussion ensued, staff was directed to clarify that any references to 20 ' width for private streets should be corrected to ensure they were a minimum of $24^{\prime}$ to accommodate emergency vehicles.

Page 43, Section 229
Member Gitzen noted that side lot lines were "perpendicular" to front lot lines.
Page 43, Section 233

As previously noted, flag lots are no longer allowed unless considered on a case-by-case basis under a variance.

In Section 235, Member Daire sought clarification of the definition for "major thoroughfares."

Mr. Lloyd noted this was a topic from the Variance Board meeting, and addressing single-family homes versus parking lots and circulation for turnarounds, especially related to county roadways; and current requirements for a turnaround area to avoid backing out directly into the roadway. Mr. Lloyd advised that the definition of "major thoroughfare" is yet to be determined.

At the request of Member Gitzen as to whether or not the comprehensive plan defined types of streets, Mr. Lloyd clarified that as it applied in the past, it was specific to county roadways, but advised that he would continue to work with the Public Works staff to determine the appropriate level tied to functional classifications for definition or description in some other way.

Page 44, Section 237
Mr. Lloyd advised that shoreland lots were not referenced in Chapter 1017 of the shoreland zoning code.

Page 45, Chapter 1103.07 (Park Dedication), Section 242
Noting reference to "city" at its discretion, Member Sparby asked if this should be defined as the "City Council" instead; with Mr. Lloyd clarifying that ultimately it did mean the City Council upon recommendation by the Parks \& Recreation Commission, but ultimately a decision for the City Council. Mr. Lloyd advised that the only reason "city" was used rather than specifying the "City Council," was that other participants were involved in the process.

Member Sparby stated his preference for more specificity to indicate the City Council rather than suggesting city staff made that determination.

Pages 45-46, Section 243
Mr. Lloyd asked that the commission disregard italicized text intended for last night's Parks \& Recreation Commission discussion.

At the request of Member Daire, Mr. Lloyd clarified that the trigger involved the net increase in development sites and land area of at least one acre or more. Mr. Lloyd further clarified the current process versus the proposed process for minor plat processes that now would require a public hearing before the City Council took action on a park dedication. With concerns raised by Member Daire on impacts to homeowners attempting to subdivide their property and being subject to a park dedication fee, Mr. Lloyd put the conditions of approval in context in a practical sense of most of those situations falling below the threshold of one acre that would trigger this provision. On the flip side, Mr. Lloyd noted that a minor

plat process could be used in a large commercial plat if no new infrastructure or rezoning was required, with such a sizable development potential then exempted from park dedication requirements if following Member Daire's logic.

Referencing last night's Parks \& Recreation Commission meeting, Chair Murphy asked how the Planning Commission could be aware of the results of their meeting specific to the subdivision code and whether or not the Planning Commission agreed with their recommendations short of individual comments to the City Council.

Ms. Collins advised that staff could provide that feedback to the Planning Commission via email as soon as it became available, at which time if there was anything drastic, individual commissioners could advise staff accordingly. While recognizing the timing conflicts, Ms. Collins noted that the meetings are archived on the city website for optional viewing by the commission as well.

Noting that meeting minutes were not posted on the website until approved, Chair Murphy expressed interest in getting something similar to meeting minutes from last nights Parks \& Recreation Commission meeting for review as soon as possible in order to review them and provide comment to the City Council.

Mr. Lloyd advised that he anticipated having a distilled version at a minimum included in the next iteration of the draft subdivision code.

Chair Murphy asked that, upon receipt of that information by individual Planning Commissioners, they communicate their feedback directly to Community Development Department for forwarding to or directly to the City Council.

In Section 244, Mr. Lloyd briefly summarized the bulk of his conversations with Parks \& Recreation staff earlier today related land area or fees in lieu of park dedication. Whatever the results, Mr. Lloyd opined that it was important that the subdivision code still reference land for dedication and advised that it would not be removed in new language, but still tie land dedication with cash dedication as approved in the city's fee schedule annually.

In Section 245, Item C, at the request of Member Kimble, Mr. Lloyd advised that State Statute dictated a nexus or connection between what was being required as park land or fee dedications and what it was intended for, previously at $7 \%$ and now increased to $10 \%$.

## Page 47, Section 247

Should this section survive, Chair Murphy noted an error in still referencing the HRA rather than the EDA.

Member Kimble opined that it seemed that Roseville didn't want to encourage development, especially in the City Council not supporting waiving park

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dedication fees or any permit fees for affordable housing projects that typically have huge funding gaps.

Ms. Collins advised that in 2016, the EDA had adopted a policy, with their determination that the only fee they'd consider waiving would be Sewer Access Charges (SAC) credits, but had stated loud and clear that that waiving any other fees would not be considered under their policy.

Given that strong agreement by the City Council, Mr. Lloyd advised that the language was being removed from the revised subdivision code.

## General Discussion

At the request of Chair Murphy, Mr. Lloyd reviewed the next steps and inclusion of Parks \& Recreation Commission comments on park dedication and other pertinent areas; reconciling Public Works standards and any potential conflicts on a staff level; City Attorney recommendations; and tonight's comments of the Planning Commission in the next iteration into a regular text version of the subdivision code to see how provisions now flow.

Member Daire advised Mr. Lloyd that he found reference to "private streets" on page 13 of Attachment D, Item 10; with Mr. Lloyd advising that he would make sure this was not an oversight in the Public Works design standards. Mr. Lloyd assured Member Daire that a minimum street width of 24 ' for private streets was considered standard, and was supported by the Fire Marshal too.

Discussion ensued as to whether the Planning Commission was prepared to make a recommendation to the City Council tonight on a revised subdivision code given the tight timeframe; and whether or not to conclude the public hearing tonight.

Ms. Collins recommended recommendation for approval contingent on further City Attorney review and review by the Public Works Department for redundancies or inconsistencies and additional feedback from the Parks \& Recreation Commission. Ms. Collins advised that another option would be to schedule a special Planning Commission meeting to meet the May 31, 2017 moratorium deadline.

Chair Murphy stated that he was not comfortable recommending approval to the City Council of a document the Planning Commission had yet to see or review in its entirety. Chair Murphy recognized the goal, but questioned if that would create significant problems if that goal wasn't met.

Further discussion ensued related to timing, including receipt of City Council feedback in addition to those others noted.

Member Bull opined that the Commission had to have time to perform their role before making a recommendation.

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Member Daire noted the considerable time spent on this project, expressing his interest in seeing it through.

If another session was needed, Ms. Collins asked individual commissioners to submit their comments to staff before the meeting to allow time for a more judicious review by staff.

While that usually worked, Member Bull opined that sometimes those individual suggestions were interpreted by staff into text but didn't necessarily reflect what had been recommended.

Ms. Collins suggested comment sections from individual commissioners so the suggestions wouldn't be incorporated into text until they received a collective review and consensus.

Chair Murphy suggested waiting to discuss this until all written items were available and then project a timeframe from their.

Ms. Collins noted that the City Council would want the commission to feel comfortable with their recommendation.

Chair Murphy opined that he didn't see the train going off the track if the moratorium was suspended on May $31^{\text {st }}$ before the Planning Commission made their recommendation to the City Council in early June if delayed to their next regular commission meeting.

## MOTION

Member Daire moved, seconded by Chair Murphy, to continue the public hearing until the next scheduled regular Planning Commission meeting of June 5, 2017.

Ayes: 6
Nays: 0
Motion carried.
Chair Murphy thanked Mr. Lloyd and Ms. Bunge for facilitating tonight's discussion.

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## Title 11 - Subdivisions

| 173. | CHAPTER 1103: DESIGN STANDARDS | CHAPTER 1103: DESIGN STANDARDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 174. | 1103.01: Street Plan | 1103.01: Street Roadway Plan |
| 175. | 1103.02: Streets | 1103.02: Streets Rights-of-Way |
| 176. | 1103.021: Minimum Roadway Standards | 1103.021: Minimum Roadway Standards |
| 177. | 1103.03: Alleys and Pedestrianways | 1103.03: Pathways |
| 178. | 1103.04: Easements | 1103.04: Easements |
| 179. | 1103.05: Block Standards | 1103.05: Block Standards |
| 180. | 1103.06: Lot Standards | 1103.06: Lot Standards |
| 181. | 1103.07: Park Dedication | 1103.07: Park Dedication |
| 182. | 1103.01: STREET PLAN: | 1103.01:STREET ROADWAY PLAN: |
| 183. | The arrangement, character, extent, width, grade and location of all streets shall conform to the Comprehensive Plan, the approved standard street sections, and plates of applicable chapters, and shall be considered in their relation to existing and planned streets, to reasonable circulation of traffic, to topographical conditions, to runoff of storm water, to public convenience and safety and in their appropriate relation to the proposed uses of the area to be served. (Ord. 216, 7-5-1956) | New-streets and related pathways rights-of-way shallcomply to a master street plan that is based on_ conform to the City's Comprehensive Plan and Pathways Master Plan to promote a safe, efficient, sustainable, and connected network for all users and modes. |
|  | 1103.02: STREETS: | 1103.02:STREETS RIGHTS-OF-WAY: <br> PW Dept to review this section to see if it should be moved to the PW Design Standards manual. |
| 185. | A. Right of Way: All rights of way shall conform to the following minimum dimensions (1995 Code): | A. Right-of-WayWidth: All The width of all rights-rights-ofof-way shall conform to the following minimum dimensions corresponding to the functional classifications of the roadways therein(1995 Code): |
| 186. | Collector streets 66 feet | Principal Arterial as determined by the applicable jurisdiction governing the roadway |

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|  |  | Minor Arterial as determined by the applicable jurisdiction governing the roadway <br> Collector-streets <br> 66 feet |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 187. | Local streets 60 feet | Local-streets 60 feet |
| 188. | Marginal access streets 50 feet | Marginal Access-zceess streets 50 feet |
| 189. | B. Horizontal Street Lines: Where horizontal street lines within a block deflect from each other at any one point more than $10^{\circ}$ there shall be a connecting curve. Minimum center line horizontal curvatures shall be: | B. Horizontal Street Lines: Where horizontal street right-of-way lines within a block deflect from each other at any one point more than $10^{\circ}$ there shall be a connecting curve. Minimum center line horizontal curvatures shall be conform to the following minimum dimensions corresponding to the functional classifications of the roadways therein: |
| 190. | Collector streets 300 feet | Principal Arterial as determined by the applicable jurisdiction governing the roadway <br> Minor Arterial as determined by the applicable jurisdiction governing the roadway <br> Collector-streets <br> 300 feet |
| 191. | Minor streets 150 feet | Minor streetsLocal 150 feet <br> Marginal Access feet |
| 192. | C. Tangents: Tangents at least 50 feet long shall be introduced between reverse curves on collector streets. | C. Tangents: Tangents at least 50 feet long shall be introduced between reverse curves on-collector streets Collector rights-of-way. |
| 193. | D. Center Line Gradients: All center line gradients shall be at least $0.5 \%$ and shall not exceed on: | D. Center Line Gradients: All center line gradients shall be at least $0.5 \%$ and shall not exceed on the following gradients corresponding to the functional classifications of the roadways therein: |
| 194. | Collector streets 4\% | Minor Arterial $\%$ <br> Collector-streets $4 \%$ |
| 195. | Minor streets 6 \% | Ainor streetsLocal $6 \%$ <br> Marginal Access  |
| 196. | E. Connecting Street Gradients: Different connecting street gradients shall be connected with vertical parabolic curves. Minimum length, in feet, of these curves, shall be 15 times the algebraic difference in the percent of grade of the two adjacent slopes. For minor streets, the minimum length shall be $71 / 2$ times the algebraic | E. Connecting Street Gradients: Different connecting street gradients shall be connected with vertical parabolic curves. Minimum length, in feet, of thesecurves, shall be 15 times the algebraic difference in the percent of grade of the two adjacent slopes. For minor streets, the minimum length shall be $71 / 2$ times |

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|  | difference in the percent of grade of the two adjacent slopes. | the algebraic difference in the percent of grade of thetwo adjacent slopes. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 197. | F. Minor Streets: Minor streets shall be so aligned that their use by through traffic will be discouraged. | F. AMinor Streets: Minor streets shall be so aligned that their use by through traffic will be discouraged. |
| 198. | G. Street Jogs: Street jogs with center line offsets of less than 125 feet shall be prohibited. | G-E.StreetJogs: Street Right-of-way jogs with center <br> line offsets of less than 125 feet shall be prohibited. |
| 199. | H. Intersections: It must be evidenced that all street intersections and confluences encourage safe and efficient traffic flow. | H. Intersections: It must be evidenced that all street intersections and confluences encourage safe and efficient traffic flow. |
| 200. | I. Alleys: Alleys are not permitted in residential areas unless deemed necessary by the City Council. | REMOVED |
| 201. | J. Half Streets: Half streets shall be prohibited. Wherever a half street is adjacent to a tract to be subdivided, the other half of the street shall be platted within such tract. In cases where the entire right of way has been dedicated to the public but the property of the owner and applicantowner is located on one side of such street, the owner and applicantowner shall be required to grade the entire street in accordance with the plans to be approved by the Public Works Director under the provisions of Section 1102.07, but the owner and applicantowner shall only be required to deposit payment for one-half of the Public Works Director's estimated costs of the improvements required under this Title. Building permits shall be denied for lots on the side of the street where the property is owned by persons who have not entered into an agreement with the City for the installation of the improvements required under this Chapter. | t. Half Streets: Half streets shall be prohibited. Wherever a half street is adjacent to a tract to besubdivided, the other half of the street shall beplatted within such tract. In cases where the entire-right-of way has been dedicated to the public but the property of the owner and applicantowner is located on one side of such street, the owner and applicantowner shall be required to grade the entirestreet in accordance with the plans to be approved by the Public Works Department, but the owner andapplicantowner shall only be required to deposit payment for one-half of the Public Works Director's. Department's estimated costs of the improvementsrequired under this Title. Building permits shall bedenied for lots on the side of the street where the property is owned by persons who have not entered into an agreement with the City for the installation of the improvements required under this Chapter. |

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| 202. | K. Reserved Strips: Reserved strips controlling access to streets are prohibited. (Ord. 216, 7-51956; amd. 1995 Code) (Ord. 1358, 1-28-2008) | REMOVED |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 203. | 1103.021: MINIMUM ROADWAY STANDARDS: | 1103.021: MINIMUM ROADWAY STANDARDS: <br> PW Dept to review this section to see if it should be moved to the PW Design Standards manual. |
| 204. | The following minimum dimensional standards shall apply to all existing City and private roadways when newly constructed or reconstructed. All local residential streets must be constructed to a width of 32 feet from the face of curb to face of curb. In cases where this width is impractical, the City Council may reduce this dimension, as outlined in the City street width policy. However, for purposes of emergency vehicle access, no street shall be constructed to a width less than 24 feet. In order to preserve the minimum clear width, parking must be restricted according to subsection A of this Section. | The following minimum dimensional standards shall apply to all existing City and private roadways when newly constructed or reconstructed. All local residential-streets must roadways shall be constructed per the requirements of the Public Works_Department_ Design Standards Manual. In cases where this width is impractical, the City Council may reduce this dimension, as outlined in the City-street roadway width policy. However, for purposes of emergency vehicle access, no-street roadway shall be constructed to a width less than 24 feet. <br> PC recommended including bike lane widths and width for 3 lane roads. |
| 205. | A. Signage Requirements: "No parking" signs shall be installed in accordance to the following: | A. Signage RequirementsParking Prohibition by Roadway Width: "No parking" signs shall be installed in accordance to the following: |
| 206. | 32 feet Parking permitted on both sides of the street (no signs needed). | 32 feet Parking permitted on both sides of the street roadway (no signs needed). |
| 207. | 26-32 feet No parking on one side of the street (signs on one side). | 26-32 feet No parking on one side of the-street_ roadway (signs on one side). |
| 208. | 24-26 feet No parking on both sides of the street (signs on both sides). | 24-26 feet No parking on both sides of the street (signs on both sides). |
| 209. | B. Right-Of-Way Width: For City streets, the right of way shall be in accordance with Section 1103.02 of this Chapter. County Roads must comply with the Ramsey County right-of-way plan. State highways must comply with the Minnesota State Highway Department right-of- way plans. | B. Right-Of-Way Width: For City streets, the right-of-way shall be in accordance with Section 1103.02 of this Chapter. County Roads must comply with the Ramsey County right-of-way standards. State highways must comply with the MinnesotaState Highway Department right-of-way standards. |
| 210. | C-B.Cul-De-Sacs: If there is not a looped road system provided and the street is greater than 200 feet | C. Cul-De-Sacs: If there is not a looped road system provided and the street a proposed right-of-way |

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|  | in length, an approved turnaround shall be constructed. | is greater than 200 feet in length, an approved turnaround shall be constructed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 211. | 1. Length: Cul-de-sacs shall be a maximum length of 500 feet, measured along the center line from the intersection of origin to the end of right-of-way. | 1. Length: Cul-de-sacs shall be a maximum length of 500 feet, measured along the center line from the intersection of origin to the end of right-of-way. |
| 212. | 2. Right-Of-Way: Cul-de-sac right-of-way shall extend at least 10 feet outside of the proposed back of curb. | Z. Right-Of-Way:Cul-de-sac right-of-way shall extend at least 10 feet outside of theproposed back of curb. |
| 213. | 3. Standard Design: The standard cul-desac shall have a terminus of nearly circular shape with a standard diameter of 100 feet. | 3-2. Standard Design: The standard cul-de-sac shall have a terminus of nearly circular shape with a standard diameter of 100 . 120 feet. |
| 214. | 4. Alternatives to the Standard Design: An alternative to the standard design, to accommodate unusual conditions, may be considered by the Public Works Director and shall be brought to the City Council for approval based on the Public Works Director's recommendation. | 4. Alternatives to the Standard Design:An alternative to the standard design, to accommodate unusual conditions, may beconsidered by the Public Works Director Department and shall be brought to the City Council for approval based on the Public Works Director's Department's fecommendation. |
| 215. | 5. Islands: As an option, a landscaped island may be constructed in a cul-de-sac terminus. A minimum clear distance of 24 feet shall be required between the island and the outer curb. No physical barriers which would impede the movement of emergency vehicles shall be allowed within the island. No parking shall be allowed in a cul-de-sac terminus with a landscaped island unless reviewed and recommended for approval by the Fire Marshal. (Ord. 1358, 1-28-2008) | 5. Islands: As an option, a landscapedistand may be constructed in a cul-de-sac terminus. A minimum clear distance of 24 feet shall be required between the island and theouter curb. No physical barriers which would impede the movement of emergency vehicles shall be allowed within the island. No parking shall be allowed inacul-de-sac terminus with alandscaped istand unless reviewed and recommended for approval by the FireMarshal. (Ord. 1358, 1-28-2008) |

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| 216. | 1103.03: ALLEYS AND PEDESTRIANWAYS: | 1103.03: PATHWAYS: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 217. | A. Alleys: Where permitted by the City Council, alley rights of way shall be at least twenty (20) feet wide in residential areas and at least twenty-four <br> (24) feet wide in commercial areas. The City Council may require alleys in commercial areas where adequate off- street loading space is not available. | REMOVED |
| 218. | B. Pedestrianways: Pedestrian rights of way shall be at least twenty (20) feet wide. (Ord. 216, 7-51956; amd. 1995 Code) | A. Pathways: Pathway-rights of way easements shall be at least twenty (20) feet wide. (Ord. 216, 7-51956; amd. 1995 Code) |
| 219. | 1103.04: EASEMENTS: | 1103.04: EASEMENTS: |
| 220. | A. Easements at least a total of twelve (12) feet wide, centered on rear and side yard lot lines, shall be provided for drainage and utilities where necessary. They shall have continuity of alignment from block to block, and at deflection points easements for pole line anchors shall be provided. | A. Easements at least a total of $f$ twelve 10$) \underline{10}$ feet wide, centered on-rear interior lot lines; andfront, and side yard tot lines abutting rights-of-way or roadway easements, shall be provided for drainage and utilities where necessary. They shall have continuity of alignment from block to blockand shall be provided at deflection points easements-for pole line anchors.shall be provided. |
| 221. | B. Where a subdivision is traversed by a water course, drainage way, channel or stream, there shall be provided a storm water easement or drainage right of way conforming substantially with the lines of such water courses, together with such further width or construction or both as will be adequate for the storm water drainage of the area. (Ord. 216, 7-5-1956) | B. Where a subdivision is traversed by a water course, drainage way, channel, or stream, thereshall be provided a storm water easement or drainage and utility right-of-wayeasements shall be provided that eonformconformsing substantially-with the lines of such water courses, together with such further width or construction or both as will beto provide adequate for the storm water drainage offor the area. (Ord. 216, 7-5-1956 |
| 222. | C. All drainage easements shall be so identified on the plat and shall be graded and sodded in accordance with Section 1102.06. (1990 Code) | C. All drainage easements shall be so identified on the plat and shall be graded and sodded in accordance with the Public Works Department. |

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| 223. | 1103.05: BLOCK STANDARDS: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | A. The maximum length of blocks shall be one <br> thousand eight hundred (1,800) feet. Blocks over <br> nine hundred (900) feet long may require |
| pedestrianways at their approximate centers. |  |
| The use of additional access ways to schools, |  |
| 224. | parks or other destinations may be required by <br> the City Council. |

### 1103.05: BLOCK STANDARDS:

A. Blocks over nine hundred (900) feet long shall require pathway easements at their approximate centers. The use of additional pathway easements connecting to schools, parks, or other destinations may be required by the City Council.
B. Blocks shall be shaped so that all blocks fit readily into the overall plan of the subdivision, the neighborhood, and City, and must consider lot planning, traffic flow ${ }_{2}$ and public open space areas.
C. Blocks intended for commercial, institutional and industrial use must be designated as such and theplan plat must show adequate off-street areas to provide for parking, loading docks ${ }_{2}$ and such other facilities that may be required to accommodate motor vehicles.
D. Where a subdivision borders upen-a railroad or limited access highway right-of-way, a-street_ Marginal Access right-of-way may be requiredapproximately parallel to, and at a distancesuitable for, the appropriate landscapetreatment/open space in residential districts or for parking, commercial or industrial purposes in appropriate districts to provide access to abutting properties and appropriate screening of the highway.

### 1103.06: LOT STANDARDS:

A. The minimum lot dimensions in all subdivisions
designed for single-family detached dwelling
developments shall be those festablished in the
B. Blocks shall be shaped so that all blocks fit readily into the overall plan of the subdivision and their design must evidence consideration of lot planning, traffic flow and public open space areas.
C. Blocks intended for commercial, institutional and industrial use must be designated as such and the plan must show adequate off-street areas to provide for parking, loading docks and such other facilities that may be required to accommodate motor vehicles.
D. Where a subdivision borders upon a railroad or limited access highway right of way, a street may be required approximately parallel to, and at a distance suitable for, the appropriate use of the intervening land as for park purposes in residential districts or for parking, commercial or industrial purposes in appropriate districts. Such distances shall be determined with due regard for the requirements of approach grades and possible features grade separations. (Ord. 216, 7-5-1956)
227.
228. 1103.06: LOT STANDARDS:
A. The minimum lot dimensions in subdivisions designed for single-family detached dwelling developments shall be those of the underlying

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|  | zoning district as defined in Title 10 of this Code, or of the intended zoning district if the subdivision is in conjunction with a zoning change, in addition to any requirements herein defined. | underlying zoning district as defined in Title 10 of this Code, or of the intended zoning district if the subdivision is in conjunction with a zoning change, in addition to any requirements herein defined. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 230. | B. The minimum dimensions at the rear lot line of any lot shall be thirty (30) feet. | REMOVED |
| 231. | C. Butt lots shall be platted at least five (5) feet wider than the average interior lots in the block. | REMOVED |
| 232. | D. Streets. | REMOVED - to be covered in PW Design Standards <br> ManualStreets- |
| 233. | 1. Public Streets: See Section 1103.021. | All streets shall conform to the requirements and standards of the Public Works Department. |
| 234. | 2. Private Streets: Private streets may be allowed by the Council in its discretion provided they meet the following conditions: |  |
| 235. | 3. Are not gated or otherwise restrict the flow of traffic; |  |
| 236. | 4. Demonstrate a legal mechanism will be in place to fund seasonal and ongoing maintenance; and |  |
| 237. | 5. Meet the minimum design standards for private roadways as set forward in Section 1103.021. (Ord. 1359, 1-282-2008) |  |
| 238. | E. The shapes of new lots shall be appropriate for their location and suitable for residential development. Lots with simple, regular shapes are considered most appropriate and suitable for residential development because the locations of the boundaries of such lots are easier to understand than the boundaries of lots with complex, irregular shapes, and because they ensure greater flexibility in situating and designing homes for the new lots. | B.A. Lots For Single-Family Detached Residences: The shapes of new lots shall be appropriate for their location and suitable for residential development. Lots with simple, regular shapes are considered most appropriate and suitable for residential development. |

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| 239. | 1. Lots which are appropriate for their location and suitable for residential development often have: | 1. Lots which are appropriate for their location and suitable for residential development often have: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 240. | i. Side lot lines that are approximately perpendicular or radial to front the lot line(s) of the parcel(s) being subdivided, or | i. Side lot lines that are approximately perpendicular or radial to the front the_lot line(s) of the parcel(s) being subdivided, or |
| 241. | ii. Side lot lines that are approximately parallel to the side lot line(s) of the parcel(s) being subdivided, or | ii. Side lot lines that are approximately parallel to the side lot line(s) of the parcel(s) being subdivided, or |
| 242. | iii. Side lot lines that are both approximately perpendicular or radial to the front lot lines(s) and approximately parallel to the side lot line(s) of the parcel(s) being subdivided. | iii. Side lot lines that are both approximately perpendicular or radial to the front lot lines(s) and approximately parallel to the side lot line(s) of the parcel(s) being subdivided. |
| 243. | 2. It is acknowledged, however, that property boundaries represent the limits of property ownership, and subdivision applicantowners often cannot change those boundaries to make them more regular if the boundaries have complex or unusual alignments. Subdivisions of such irregularly-shaped parcels may be considered, but the shapes of proposed new lots might be found to be too irregular, and consequently, applications can be denied for failing to conform adequately to the purposes for which simple, regular parcel shapes are considered most appropriate and suitable for residential development. | 2. It is acknowledged; however, that property boundaries represent the limits of property ownership, and-subdivision applicants often eannot change those boundaries to makethem more regular if the-boundaries that have complex or unusual alignments are not easily changed. Subdivisions of such irregularly-shaped parcels may be considered, but the shapes of proposed new lots might be found to be too irregular, and consequently, applications can be denied for failing to conform adequately to the purposes for which simple, regular parcel shapes are considered most appropriate and suitable for residential development. |
| 244. | 3. Flag lots, which abut a street with a relatively narrow strip of land (i.e., the | 3. Flag lots, which abut a street with a relatively narrow strip of land (i.e., the "flag |

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|  | "flag pole") that passes beside a neighboring parcel and have the bulk of land area (i.e., the "flag") located behind that neighboring parcel, are not permitted, because the flag pole does not meet the required minimum lot width according to the standard measurement procedure. | pole") that passes beside a neighboring parcel and have the bulk of land area (i.e., the "flag") located behind that neighboring parcel, are not permitted. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 245. | F. Double frontage lots shall not be permitted, except: | C.B. Double frontage lots shall not be permitted, exceptThrough Lots: |
| 246. | 1. Where lots back upon a thoroughfare, in which case vehicular and pedestrian access between the lots and the thoroughfare shall be prohibited, and (Ord. 216, 7-51956) | 1. Where lots back upon a thoroughfare, in Which case vehicular and pedestrian access between the lots and the thoroughfareshall be prohibited, and (Ord. 216, 7-51956)ummm.... |
| 247. | 2. Where topographic or other conditions render subdividing otherwise unreasonable. Such double frontage lots shall have an additional depth of at least twenty (20) feet greater than the minimum in order to allow space for a protective screen planting along the back lot line and also in such instances vehicular and pedestrian access between lots and the thoroughfare shall be prohibited. (Ord. 245, 5-10-1958) | 2. Where topographic or other conditions render subdividing otherwise unreasonable. Such double frontage lots shall have an additional depth of at least twenty (20) feet greater than the minimum in order to allow space for a protective screen planting along the back lot line and also in such instances vehicular and pedestrian access between lots and the thoroughfare shall be prohibited. (Ord. 245, 5-10-1958) |
| 248. | G. Lots abutting upon a water course, drainage way, channel or stream shall have an additional depth or width as required to assure house sites that meet shoreland ordinance requirements and that are not subject to flooding. | D.C.Lots abutting upon a water course, drainage way, channel or stream shall have an additional depth or width as required to assure house sites that meet shoreland ordinance requirements and that are not subject to flooding and must conform to the requirements outlined in Chapter 1017 of this Code. |
| 249. | H. In the subdividing of any land, due regard shall be shown for all natural features such as tree growth, water courses, historic spots or similar | E.D. In the subdividing of any land, due regard shall be shown for all natural features such as tree growth, water courses, historic locations or |

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|  | conditions which, if preserved, will add attractiveness and value to the proposed development. (Ord. 216, 7-5-1956; amd. 1995 Code) | similar conditions and conform to Title 10 of this Code. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 250. | I. Where new principal structures are constructed on lots contiguous to roadways designed as major thoroughfares in the City's Comprehensive Plan, driveways servicing such lots shall be designed and constructed so as to provide a vehicle turnaround facility within the lot. (Ord. 993, 2-10-1986) | F.E. Where new principal structures are constructed on lots contiguous to roadways-designed as major thoroughfares assigned functional classifications of Minor Arterial or higher in the City's Comprehensive Plan, driveways servicing such lots shall be designed and constructed to provide a vehicle turnaround facility within the lot. (Ord. 993, 2-10-1986) |
| 251. | J. Where new single-family residential lots are created on a new street, the driveway cut for the new lot must be placed within the new street. (Ord. 1359, 1-28-2008) | G-F.Where a new single-family residentiallots for single-family detached residential developmentare created an ane street is platted adjacent to a new right-of-way, the driveway cut for the new lot must be placed within the new street shall access the new right-of-way. (Ord. 1359, 1-282008) |
| 252. | 1103.07: PARK DEDICATION: | 1103.07: PARK DEDICATION: |
| 253. | Condition to Approval: As a condition to the approval of any subdivision of land in any zone, including the granting of a variance pursuant to Section 1104.04 of this Title, when a new building site is created in excess of one acre, by either platting or minor subdivision, and including redevelopment and approval of planned unit developments, the subdivision shall be reviewed by the Park and Recreation Commission. The commission shall recommend either a portion of land to be dedicated to the public for use as a park as provided by Minnesota Statutes 462.358 , subdivision (2)(b), or in lieu thereof, a cash deposit given to the City to be | Purpose: Minnesota Statutes 462.358, subdivisions 2b and 2 c regarding park dedication offers the opportunity to improve and create connections to a system of open spaces, parks, and pathways as part of the subdivision process. The City, at its discretion, will determine whether park dedication is required in the form of land, cash contribution, or a combination of cash and land. This decision will be based on existing and proposed development and on the goals, plans, and policies of the City including, but not limited to, those embodied by the Parks and Recreation System Master Plan, Pathways Master Plan, and Comprehensive Plan. |

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used for park purposes; or a combination of land and cash deposit, all as hereafter set forth.

Condition to Approval: As a condition to the approval of any subdivision of land in any zone, including the granting of a variance pursuant to Section 1104.04 of this Title, when a new building site is created in excess of one acre, by either platting or minor subdivision, and including redevelopment and approval of planned unit developments, the subdivision shall be reviewed by the Park and Recreation Commission. The commission shall recommend either a portion of land to be dedicated to the public for use as a park as provided by Minnesota Statutes 462.358 , subdivision (2)(b), or in lieu thereof, a cash deposit given to the City to be used for park purposes; or a combination of land and cash deposit, all as hereafter set forth.
254.
A. Amount to be Dedicated: The portion to be dedicated in all residentially zoned areas shall be $10 \%$ and $5 \%$ in all other areas.
255.
256.

|  | used for park purposes; or a combination of land and cash deposit, all as hereafter set forth. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 254. | Condition to Approval: As a condition to the approval of any subdivision of land in any zone, including the granting of a variance pursuant to Section 1104.04 of this Title, when a new building site is created in excess of one acre, by either platting or minor subdivision, and including redevelopment and approval of planned unit developments, the subdivision shall be reviewed by the Park and Recreation Commission. The commission shall recommend either a portion of land to be dedicated to the public for use as a park as provided by Minnesota Statutes 462.358, subdivision (2)(b), or in lieu thereof, a cash deposit given to the City to be used for park purposes; or a combination of land and cash deposit, all as hereafter set forth. | Condition to Approval: Park dedication will be required as a condition to the approval of any subdivision of land resulting in a net increase of development sites comprising more than one acre of land. The Parks and Recreation Commission shall recommend, in accordance with Statute and after consulting the approved plans and policies noted herein, either a portion of land to be dedicated to the public, or in lieu thereof, a cash deposit given to the City to be used for park purposes, or a combination of land and cash deposit. If a tract of land to be divided encompasses all or part of a site designated as a planned park, recreational facility, playground, trail, wetland, or open space dedicated for public use in the Comprehensive Plan, Pathways Master Plan, Parks and Recreation System Master Plan, or other relevant City plan, the commission may recommend to the City <br> Council that the applicantowner to-dedicate land in the locations and dimensions indicated on said plan or map to fulfil all or part of the park dedication requirement. |
| 255. | A. Amount to be Dedicated: The portion to be dedicated in all residentially zoned areas shall be $10 \%$ and $5 \%$ in all other areas. | A. Amount to be Dedicated: The portion of land to be dedicated in all residentially zoned areas shall be $10 \%$ of the area of the subject parcel and $5 \%$ in all other areas.Park dedication fees shallbereviewed and determined annually by City Council resolution and established in the fee schedule in Chapter 314 of this Code. |
|  | B. Utility Dedications Not Qualified: Land dedicated for required street right of way or utilities, including drainage, does not qualify as park dedication. | B. Utility Dedications Not Qualified: Land dedicated for required street right-of-way or utilities, including drainage, does not qualify as park dedication. |

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| 257. | C. Payment in lieu of dedication in all zones in the city where park dedication is deemed inappropriate by the City, the owner and the City shall agree to have the owner deposit a sum of money in lieu of a dedication. The sum shall be reviewed and determined annually by the City Council by resolution. (Ord. 1061, 6-26-1989) | C. Payment in lieu of dedication: In all zones in the city where park dedication of land is deemed inappropriate by the City, the owner and the City shall agree to have the owner deposit a sum of money in lieu of a dedication of land as part of the Development Agreement required in Section 1102.057 of this Title. Park dedication fees shall be reviewed and determined annually by City Council resolution and established in the fee schedule in Chapter 314 of this Code. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 258. | D. Park Dedication Fees may, in the City Council's sole discretion, be reduced for affordable housing units as recommended by the Housing and Redevelopment Authority for the City of Roseville. | REMOVED |
| 259. | (Ord. 1278, 02/24/03) | (Ord. 1278, 02/24/03) |

## RCA Exhibit C

## Title 11 - Subdivisions

| 260. | CHAPTER 1104: ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT | CHAPTER 1104: ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 261. | 1104.01: Inspection at Applicant's Expense | 1104.01: Inspection at Applicant's Expense |
| 262. | 1104.02: Building Permit | 1104.02: Building Permit |
| 263. | 1104.03: Occupancy Permit | 1104.03: Occupancy Permit |
| 264. | 1104.04: Platting Alternatives (Ord. 1395, 9-13-2010) | 1104.04: Platting Alternatives (Ord. 1395, 9-13-2010) |
| 265. | 1104.05: Variances | 1104.05: Variances |
| 266. | 1104.06: Record of Plats | 1104.06: Record of Plats |
| 267. | 1104.01: INSPECTION AT APPLICANT'S EXPENSE: |  |
| 268. | All required land improvements to be installed under the provisions of this Title shall be inspected during the course of construction by the Public Works Director. Salaries and all costs pursuant to such inspection shall be paid by the owner or applicant in the manner provided in Section 1102.07 of this Title. (Ord. 216, 7-5-1956; 1990 Code) | REMOVED |
| 269. | 1104.02: BUILDING PERMIT: | 1104.02: BUILDING PERMIT: |
| 270. | No building permit shall be issued for the construction of any building, structure or improvement to the land or any lot within a subdivision as defined herein which has been approved for platting until all requirements of this Title have been complied with fully. (Ord. 216, 7-5-1956; 1990 Code) | MOVED TO 1102 - AS PART OF THE DEVELOPER AGREEMENT |
| 271. | 1104.03: OCCUPANCY PERMIT: | 1104.03: OCCUPANCY PERMIT: |
| 272. | No occupancy permit shall be granted for the use of any structure within a subdivision approved for platting or replatting until required utility facilities have been installed and made ready to service the property and roadways providing access to the subject lot or lots have been constructed or are in the course | MOVED TO 1102 - AS PART OF THE DEVELOPER AGREEMENT |

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|  | of construction and are suitable for car traffic. (Ord. 216, 7-5-1956; 1990 Code) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 273. | 1104.04: PLATTING ALTERNATIVES: | 1104.04: PLATTING ALTERNATIVES: |
| 274. | The following processes may be utilized, within the parameters set forth therein, as alternatives to the plat procedures established in Chapter 1102 (Ord. 1395, 9-13-2010): | MOVED TO 1102.01: PROCEDURE |
| 275. | A. Common Wall Duplex Subdivision: A common wall duplex minor subdivision may be approved by the City Manager upon recommendation of the Community Development Director. The owner shall file with the Community Development Director three copies of a certificate of survey prepared by a registered land surveyor showing the parcel or lot, the proposed division, all building and other structures or pavement locations and a statement that each unit of the duplex has separate utility connections. This type of minor subdivision shall be limited to a common wall duplex minor subdivision of a parcel in an R-2 District or other zoning district which allows duplexes, along a common wall of the structure and common lot line of the principle structure where the structure meets all required setbacks except the common wall property line. Within 60 days after approval by the City Manager, the applicant for the common wall duplex minor subdivision shall record the subdivision and the certificate of survey with the Ramsey County Recorder. Failure to record the subdivision within 60 days shall nullify the approval of the subdivision. | MOVED TO 1102.01: PROCEDURE |

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B. Recombination: to divide one recorded lot or parcel in order to permit the adding of a parcel of land to an abutting lot and create two buildable parcels, the proposed subdivision, in sketch plan form, shall be submitted to the City Council for approval. No hearing or Planning Commission review is necessary unless the proposal is referred to the commission by the Community Development Director for clarification. The proposed recombination shall not cause any portion of the existing lots or parcels to be in violation of this regulation or the zoning code. Within 30 days after approval by the City Council, the applicant shall supply a certificate of survey to the Community Development Director and City Manager for review and approval. After completion of the review and approval by the Community Development Director and City Manager, the survey shall be recorded by the applicant with the Ramsey County Recorder within 60 days after approval
276.
C. Consolidations: The owner of two or more contiguous parcels or lots of record may, subject to Community Development Director and City Manager approval, consolidate said parcels or lots into one parcel of record by recording the consolidation with Ramsey County Recorder as a certificate of survey showing same, within 60 days of approval. No hearing is necessary unless the proposal is appealed by the applicant to the City Council.
277. by the City Manager. The proposed parcels shall not cause any

## MOVED TO 1102.01: PROCEDURE

## RCA Exhibit C

|  | portion of the existing lots, parcels, or existing buildings to be in violation of this regulation or the zoning code. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 278. | D. Corrections: When a survey or description of a parcel or lot has been found to be inadequate to describe the actual boundaries, approval of a corrective subdivision may be requested. This type of subdivision creates no new lots or streets. The proposed corrective subdivision, in sketch plan form, along with a letter signed by all affected owners agreeing to the new subdivision, shall be submitted to the City Council for approval. No hearing or Planning Commission review is necessary unless the proposal is referred to the Commission by the Community Development Director for clarification. The proposed parcels shall not cause any portion of the existing lots, parcels, or existing buildings to be in violation of this regulation or the zoning code. A certificate of survey illustrating the corrected boundaries shall be required on all parcels. Within 30 days after approval by the City Council, the applicant shall supply the final survey to the Community Development Director and City Manager for review and approval. After completion of the review and approval by the Community Development Director and City Manager, the survey shall be recorded by the applicant with the Ramsey County Recorder within 60 days. Failure to record the subdivision within 60 days shall nullify the approval of the subdivision. | MOVED TO 1102.01: PROCEDURE |
| 279. | E. Three Parcel Minor Subdivision: When a subdivision creates a total of three or fewer | MOVED TO 1102.01: PROCEDURE |

## RCA Exhibit C

|  | parcels, situated in an area where public utilities and street rights of way to serve the proposed parcels already exist in accordance with City codes, and no further utility or street extensions are necessary, and the new parcels meet or exceed the size requirements of the zoning code, the applicant may apply for a minor subdivision approval. The proposed subdivision, in sketch plan form, shall be submitted to the City Council at a public hearing with notice provided to all property owners within 500 feet. The proposed parcels shall not cause any portion of the existing lots, parcels, or existing buildings to be in violation of this regulation or the zoning code. Within 30 days after approval by the City Council, the applicant shall supply the final survey to the Community Development Director for review and approval. A certificate of survey shall be required on all proposed parcels. After completion of the review and approval by the City Manager, the survey shall be recorded by the applicant with the Ramsey County Recorder within 60 days. Failure to record the subdivision within 60 days shall nullify the approval of the subdivision. (Ord. 1171, 9-231996) (Ord. 1357, 1-14-2008) (Ord. 1395, 9-132010) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 280. | 1104.05: VARIANCES: | 1104.05: VARIANCES: |
| 281. | A. Hardship: Where there is undue hardship in carrying out the strict letter of the provisions of this Code, the City Council shall have the power, in a specific case and after notice and public hearings, to vary any such provision in | MOVED TO 1102 - AFTER PROCEDURE |

## RCA Exhibit C

|  | harmony with the general purpose and intent thereof and may impose such additional conditions as it considers necessary so that the public health, safety and general welfare may be secured and substantial justice done. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 282. | B. Procedure For Variances: Any owner of land may file an application for a variance by paying the fee set forth in section 1015.03 of this title, providing a completed application and supporting documents as set forth in the standard community development department application form, and by providing the city with an abstractor's certified property certificate showing the property owners within three hundred fifty feet (350') of the outer boundaries of the parcel of land on which the variance is requested. The application shall then be heard by the variance board or planning commission upon the same published notice, mailing notice and hearing procedure as set forth in chapter 108 of this code. (Ord. 1359, 1-28-2008) | MOVED TO 1102 - AFTER PROCEDURE |
| 283. | 1104.06: RECORD OF PLATS: | 1104.06: RECORD OF PLATS: |
| 284. | All such plats of subdivisions after the same have been submitted and approved as provided in this Title shall be filed and kept by the City Manager among the records of the City. (Ord. 216, 7-5-1956) | REMOVED |

# R Retmat 

TO: Bryan Lloyd, Senior Planner<br>Kari Collins, Community Development Director<br>Pat Trudgeon, City Manager<br>Roseville City Council<br>FROM: Lonnie Brokke, Director of Parks and Recreation<br>SUBJECT: Park Dedication Ordinance 1103.07<br>DATE: May 9, 2017<br>CC: Parks and Recreation Commission Recommendations

The Parks and Recreation Commission met one time to review and discuss a consultant proposal for revisions to the Subdivision Code 1103.07 - Park Dedication.

The following is a summary of recommendations from their May 2, 2017 Parks and Recreation Commission meeting:

- Keep the Park Dedication Ordinance simple, clear and concise
- Do not use language that creates potential for negotiation
- Limit the opportunity for potential conflicts and competition for funds (funds are limited and unpredictable)
- Limit Park Dedication to land for parkland purposes only, cash or combination (not to expand to trails, pathways, .....) for use within park boundaries only
- Add back the Land Dedication amount of $5 \%$ and $10 \%$ (this should be very specific)
- Important that all Park Dedication issues are referred to the Parks and Recreation Commission

Below is a red lined version of their suggestions:

[^12]Condition to Approval: Park dedication will be required as a condition to the approval of any subdivision of land resulting in a net increase of development sites comprising more than one acre of land. The Parks and Recreation Commission shall recommend, in accordance with Statute and after consulting the approved plans and policies noted herein, either a portion of land to be dedicated to the public for park purposes, or in lieu thereof, a cash deposit given to the City to be used for park purposes, or a combination of land and cash deposit. If a tract of land to be divided encompasses all or part of a site designated as a planned park, recreational facility, playground, trail, wetland, or open space dedicated for public use in the Comprehensive-Plan, Pathways Master Plan, Parks and Recreation System Master Plan, or other relevant City plan, the commission may recommend the applicant to dedicate land in the locations and dimensions indicated on said plan or map to fulfil all or part of the park dedication requirement.

Park Dedication Fees: The land portion to be dedicated in all residentially zoned areas shall be $10 \%$ and $5 \%$ in all other areas. Park dedication fees shall be reviewed and determined annually by City Council resolution and established in the fee schedule in Chapter 314 of this Code.

Utility Dedications Not Qualified: Land dedicated for required street right-of-way or utilities, including drainage, does not qualify as park dedication.

Payment in lieu of dedication: In all zones in the city where park dedication of land is deemed inappropriate by the City, the owner and the City shall agree to have the owner deposit a-the required sum of money at the time of the subdivision to satisfy the Park Dedication requirement in lieu of a dedication of land as part of the Development Agreement required in Section 1102.07 of this Title.

Overall, the Parks and Recreaton Commission supports trail and pathway development and maintenance as a separate and distinct area.

The Parks and Recreation Commission definitely wants to be further involved in and make recommendations to any further renditions.

## RCA Exhibit E

## Subd. 2b.Dedication.

(a) The regulations may require that a reasonable portion of the buildable land, as defined by municipal ordinance, of any proposed subdivision be dedicated to the public or preserved for public use as streets, roads, sewers, electric, gas, and water facilities, storm water drainage and holding areas or ponds and similar utilities and improvements, parks, recreational facilities as defined in section 471.191, playgrounds, trails, wetlands, or open space. The requirement must be imposed by ordinance or under the procedures established in section 462.353, subdivision 4a.
(b) If a municipality adopts the ordinance or proceeds under section 462.353 , subdivision 4 a , as required by paragraph (a), the municipality must adopt a capital improvement budget and have a parks and open space plan or have a parks, trails, and open space component in its comprehensive plan subject to the terms and conditions in this paragraph and paragraphs (c) to (i).
(c) The municipality may choose to accept a cash fee as set by ordinance from the applicant for some or all of the new lots created in the subdivision, based on the average fair market value of the unplatted land for which park fees have not already been paid that is, no later than at the time of final approval or under the city's adopted comprehensive plan, to be served by municipal sanitary sewer and water service or community septic and private well as authorized by state law. For purposes of redevelopment on developed land, the municipality may choose to accept a cash fee based on fair market value of the land no later than the time of final approval. "Fair market value" means the value of the land as determined by the municipality annually based on tax valuation or other relevant data. If the municipality's calculation of valuation is objected to by the applicant, then the value shall be as negotiated between the municipality and the applicant, or based on the market value as determined by the municipality based on an independent appraisal of land in a same or similar land use category.
(d) In establishing the portion to be dedicated or preserved or the cash fee, the regulations shall give due consideration to the open space, recreational, or common areas and facilities open to the public that the applicant proposes to reserve for the subdivision.
(e) The municipality must reasonably determine that it will need to acquire that portion of land for the purposes stated in this subdivision as a result of approval of the subdivision.
(f) Cash payments received must be placed by the municipality in a special fund to be used only for the purposes for which the money was obtained.
(g) Cash payments received must be used only for the acquisition and development or improvement of parks, recreational facilities, playgrounds, trails, wetlands, or open space based on the approved park systems plan. Cash payments must not be used for ongoing operation or maintenance of parks, recreational facilities, playgrounds, trails, wetlands, or open space.
(h) The municipality must not deny the approval of a subdivision based solely on an inadequate supply of parks, open spaces, trails, or recreational facilities within the municipality.

## Page 1 of 2

## RCA Exhibit E

(i) Previously subdivided property from which a park dedication has been received, being resubdivided with the same number of lots, is exempt from park dedication requirements. If, as a result of resubdividing the property, the number of lots is increased, then the park dedication or per-lot cash fee must apply only to the net increase of lots.

## Subd. 2c.Nexus.

(a) There must be an essential nexus between the fees or dedication imposed under subdivision 2 b and the municipal purpose sought to be achieved by the fee or dedication. The fee or dedication must bear a rough proportionality to the need created by the proposed subdivision or development.
(b) If a municipality is given written notice of a dispute over a proposed fee in lieu of dedication before the municipality's final decision on an application, a municipality must not condition the approval of any proposed subdivision or development on an agreement to waive the right to challenge the validity of a fee in lieu of dedication.
(c) An application may proceed as if the fee had been paid, pending a decision on the appeal of a dispute over a proposed fee in lieu of dedication, if (1) the person aggrieved by the fee puts the municipality on written notice of a dispute over a proposed fee in lieu of dedication, (2) prior to the municipality's final decision on the application, the fee in lieu of dedication is deposited in escrow, and (3) the person aggrieved by the fee appeals under section 462.361 , within 60 days of the approval of the application. If such an appeal is not filed by the deadline, or if the person aggrieved by the fee does not prevail on the appeal, then the funds paid into escrow must be transferred to the municipality.

# R ( <br> REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION 

Date: 5-15-2017
Item No.: 7.f

Department Approval
KTaiclallir

City Manager Approval


Kari Collins, Community Development Director
Item Description: Discuss Proposed Text Amendments to Roseville's City Code, Chapter 407 Nuisances.

## BACKgRound

During the 2016 Neighborhood Enhancement Program inspections, several instances were brought to City Council attention contesting areas within Chapter 407. Per Council request, the Community Development Department has reviewed the Chapter and has recommended changes for consideration.

The Code Enforcement Division seeks direction on the proposed text amendments and has compiled suggested changes to Roseville's City Code, Chapter 407 Nuisances. The text amendments include updates to text language, reordering of sections, adding sections for a variance / variance appeal and eliminating duplicative or contradictory language.

Staff previously brought this item forward at the March 27, 2017 Council meeting for discussion. Attachments to this RCA include the suggested amendments and revisions from the previous discussion as requested by Council.

## Policy Objective

Staff periodically updates City Code and Zoning Ordinance language to eliminate duplicate and contradictory language.

## Financial Impacts

There are no financial impacts.

## Staff Recommendation

Based on the comments provided in this report, staff requests direction in regards to the proposed text amendments to Roseville's City Code, Chapter 407.

## Requested Council Action

Direct Staff to amend selected text of Roseville’s City Code, Chapter 407, as discussed and to bring back to Council, amendments to the Ordinance for adoption.

Prepared by: Dave Englund, Codes Coordinator
Attachments: A: Suggested revisions to 407.02.G (Mayor Roe).
B: Chapter 407 - with revisions.
C: Resident feedback to proposed changes.

## 5/15/17 - Farm Animal requlations (Roe sugqestions to start the conversation):

## CURRENT:

407.02: NUISANCES AFFECTING HEALTH, SAFETY, COMFORT OR REPOSE:

The following are hereby declared to be public nuisances affecting health, safety, comfort or repose:
G. Keeping of Farm Animals: The keeping of cows, horses, sheep, goats or any four legged animal commonly known as farm animals, other than those commonly called poultry, in any pasture, stable or any enclosure within 300 feet or less of any other lot in any residence district. (Ord. 629, 9-28-70)

### 501.21: RIDING HORSES:

A. Definition: As used in this Section, "riding horse" means any horse which is used primarily for riding. (Ord. 349, 12-1-1961)
B. License Required: No person shall keep any riding horse within the City for over 30 days unless a license for such animal has been first secured.
C. Condition of License: A license shall be granted to any applicant for a riding horse on the following conditions:

1. Said riding horse shall be used in such a manner so as not to annoy or disturb residents of the City.
2. Said riding horse will be kept in an inconspicuous place and not allowed to run at large.
D. Application for License: The application for a license shall be made to the City

Manager and granted by the City Council for the license of each particular horse. The license shall be suspended or revoked by the City Council upon any breach of the conditions of license set forth in this Section. (Ord. 349, 12-1-1961)
E. Minimum Area and Fencing: No license shall be issued for any riding horse unless the horse shall be kept in an adequately fenced pasture of a minimum size of three acres, but no more than three horses can be kept in such three acre pasture at any one time. For each horse in excess of three, an additional one acre of fenced pasture shall be provided. (Ord. 734, 9-9-1974)
F. License Fee: The license fee for each riding horse is as established by the City Fee Schedule in Section 314.05. (Ord. 1379A, 11-17-2008)
G. Term of License: The license granted by the City Council under this Section shall be for the life of each horse and need not be renewed annually.
H. Issuing and Affixing Tags: Upon the granting of a license by the City Council, the City Manager shall issue to the licensee a tag indicating that a license has been issued and said tag shall be affixed to the riding horse so licensed. (Ord. 349, 12-1-1961)

## SUGGESTED POSSIBLE CHANGES:

407.02: NUISANCES AFFECTING HEALTH, SAFETY, COMFORT OR REPOSE:

The following are hereby declared to be public nuisances affecting health, safety, comfort or repose:
G. Keeping of Farm Animals: The keeping of cows, horses, sheep, goats, pigs, poultry, or any four legged animal commonly known as a farm animals, other than those commonly ealled poultry, in any pasture, stable or any enclosure within 300 feet or less of any other lot in any residence district. (Ord. 629, 9-28-70)

1. Exceptions: This prohibition shall not apply to:
a. The keeping of up to X chicken hens and Y roosters on Low Density Residential properties to provide eggs for non-commercial purposes, provided that any coops or other related structures meet Accessory Building requirements in Title 10 of this Code;
b. The keeping of no more than 2 of what are known as "pygmy" goats or "pot-bellied" pigs, weighing less than 100 pounds each, as pets on Low Density or Medium Density Residential properties;
c. The keeping of bees on Low Density Residential properties, provided that any hives or other related structures meet Accessory Building requirements in Title 10 of this Code;
d. The use of sheep or goats for turf, plant, or weed control during daylight hours, so long as such animals are not otherwise kept on a premises in violation of this Code;
e. Riding Horses licensed under Chapter 501 of this Code.

### 501.21: RIDING HORSES:

A. Definition: As used in this Section, "riding horse" means any horse which is used exclusively primarily for riding. (Ord. 349, 12-1-1961) Keeping of horses for any other purpose is not permitted.
B. License Required: No person shall keep any riding horse within the City for over 30 days unless a license for such animal has been first secured. An unlicensed riding horse shall not be kept in the City for any length of time.
C. Condition of License: A license shall be granted to any applicant for a riding horse on the following conditions:

1. Said riding horse shall be used in such a manner so as not to annoy or disturb residents of the City.
2. Said riding horse will be kept in an inconspicuous place and not allowed to run at large.
D. Application for License: The application for a license shall be made to the City Manager and granted by the City Council for the license of each particular horse. The license shall be suspended or revoked by the City Council upon any breach of the conditions of license set forth in this Section. (Ord. 349, 12-1-1961)
E. Minimum Area and Fencing: No license shall be issued for any riding horse unless the horse shall be kept in an adequately fenced pasture of a minimum size of three acres, but
no more than three horses can be kept in such three acre pasture at any one time. For each horse in excess of three, an additional one acre of fenced pasture shall be provided. (Ord. 734, 9-9-1974)
F. License Fee: The license fee for each riding horse is as established by the City Fee Schedule in Section 314.05. (Ord. 1379A, 11-17-2008)
G. Term of License: The license granted by the City Council under this Section shall be for the life of each horse and need not be renewed annually.
H. Issuing and Affixing Tags: Upon the granting of a license by the City Council, the City Manager shall issue to the licensee a tag indicating that a license has been issued and said tag shall be affixed to the riding horse so licensed. (Ord. 349, 12-1-1961)
(or repeal this entire section?)

## SECTION:

407.01: Definitions
407.02: Nuisances Affecting Health, Safety, Public Comfort or Repose
407.03: $\quad$ Nuisances Affecting Peace Public Health and Safety
407.04: Public Nuisance Unlawful Vehicles Constituting a Public Nuisance
407.05: Enforcement-Public Nuisance Unlawful
407.06: Gity Abatement of Public Nuisances Enforcement
407.07: Recovery of Cost City Abatement of Public Nuisances
407.08: Accelerated Abatement Process for Certain Nuisances Recovery of Cost
407.09: $\quad$ Accelerated Abatement Process for Certain Nuisances
407.10: $\quad$ Public Nuisance Variance
407.11: $\quad$ Variance Appeal

### 407.01: DEFINITIONS:

As used in this chapter, the following words and terms shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section:
ABANDONED VEHICLE: A motor vehicle that:
a. Has been illegally parked on public property for a period of more than 48 hours;
b. Has been parked on private property without the consent of the person in control of the property for a period of more than 48 hours;
c. Has been voluntarily surrendered by its owner to the city or to a moving contractor hired by the city for its removal.
ANIMALS, Domestic: Animals kept within the home as pets such as; fish, dogs, cats, household birds and similar animals.
ANIMALS, Non-Domestic: Animals, which are kept outside the home for purposes of food or pleasure such as; cattle, hogs, horses, sheep, llamas, goats or other similar animals.
FRONT YARD AREA: All that area between the front property line and a line drawn along the front face or faces of the principal structure on the property extended to the side property lines. The front side of the property shall be determined as specified in Title 11 of this code.
GROUNDCOVER: Vegetation and landscaping that covers the ground surface or topsoil and has the effect of reducing erosion. (Ord. 1384, 7-13-2009)
GRAFFITI: Any unauthorized writing, printing, marks, signs, symbols, figures, designs, inscriptions or other drawings which are scratched, painted, drawn or otherwise placed on any exterior surface of a building wall, fence, sidewalk, curb, dumpster or other such temporary or permanent structures on public and private property and which has the effect of defacing the property.
INOPERABLE CONDITION: The $\underline{A}$ vehicle which has no substantial potential use consistent with its usual function, and shall may include a vehicle that:
a. Has a missing or defective vital component part that is necessary for the normat operation of the vehicle;
b. Is stored on blocks, өr jacks or other supports.

JUNK VEHICLE: An inoperable motor vehicle which is; in inoperable condition, partially dismantled, which is used for sale of parts, or as a source of repair or replacement parts for other vehicles, or which is kept for scrapping, dismantling or salvage of any kind. Utuless such vehicle is kept in an enclosed garage. An abandoned vehicle shall also be considered a junk vehicle for the purpose of this chapter.
NATURAL AREAS: Natural, restored, or recreated woodlands, savannahs, prairies, meadows, bogs, marshes, and lake shores. (Ord. 1384, 7-13-2009)
NATURAL LANDSCAPING: Planned landscaping designed to replicate a locally native plant community by using a mix of plants, shrubs, and trees native to the area. (Ord. 1384, 7-13-2009) NUISANCE: Any act, substance, matter emission or thing which creates a dangerous or unhealthy condition or which threatens the public peace, health, safety or sanitary condition of the city or which is offensive or has a blighting influence on the community and which is found upon, in, being discharged or flowing from any street, alley, highway, railroad right of way, vehicle, railroad car, waterway, excavation, building, structure, lot, grounds, or other property located within the city of Roseville. Nuisances shall include, but not be limited to, those enumerated below:
A. a. Maintain sing or permit sting a condition which unreasonably annoys, injures or endangers the safety, health, comfort or repose of members of the public; or
B. b. Interfer es ing with, obstruct s ing or render s ing dangerous for passage, any public road or right of way, street, alley or highway or waters used by the public; or
G. C. In any way rendering the public insecure in life or in use of property; or
D. d. Is guilty of Aany other act or omission declared by law to be a public nuisance specifically provided.
B. Anything left or displayed for sale on public or private property without written permission by the owner or person in control of the property may be tagged and/or towed at the owner's expense.
E. In any way render the public insecure in life or in use of property.

OCCUPANT: Includes any person living in or in control of any dwelling unit upon property wherein a motor vehicle is parked nuisance is determined to be present.
PEDDLING AND SOLICITING: The practice of going house-to-house, door-to-door, business to-business, street-to-street, or any other type of place-to-place, for the purposes of offering for sale or obtaining, or attempting to obtain, orders for goods, wares, products, merchandise, other personal property or services.
SERVICE STATION: A business involving the sale of motor fuel and/or the repair of motor vehicles.
VEHICLE OR VEHICLES: Any "motor vehicle" vehicle as defined in Minnesota Statutes but excluding the following:
A. Trailers with weight classifications of $\Lambda$ and $B$ as provided in Minnesota Statetes
B. b. Snowmobiles, and ; or
G. c. "All-terrain vehicles" as defined in Minnesota Statutes.

VITAL COMPONENT PARTS: Those parts of the motor vehicle that are essential to the mechanical functioning of the vehicle, including, but not limited to, the motor, drive train, and wheels. (Ord. 1162, 7-10-1995)

### 407.02: NUISANCES AFFECTING PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY, COMFORT OR REPOSE:

The following are hereby declared to be public nuisances affecting public health, safety, comfort or repose:
A. Diseased Animals: All diseased animals rumning at large.
B. Carcasses: Carcasses of animals not buried or destroyed within 24 hours after death.
F. A. Backyard Composting: All composting consisting of yard waste and/or kitchen waste which have been left unattended and which cause offensive odors, attract rodents and/or pests or are unsightly, or do not meet the requirements of Section Chapter 409. (Ord. 1092, 6-10-91, amended (Ord. 1384, 7-13-2009)
F. B. Building Maintenance and Appearance: Buildings, fences, and other structures, which have been so poorly maintained that their physical condition and appearance detract from the surrounding neighborhood. are declared to be public nuisances because they: 1) are unsightly, 2) decrease adjoining landowners' and occupants enjoyment of their property and neighborhood, and 3) adversely affect propenty values and neighborhood pattern. Any building, fence or other structure not complying with Chapter 906 of this Code or the following:
K. Standards: Any building, fence or other structure is a public nuisance if it does not comply with the following requirements:

1. All wires which are strung less than 15 feet above the surface of any public street or alley.
$\neq 1$. All exterior doors and shutters shall be hung properly and have an operable mechanism to keep them securely shut or in place.
3-2. All cornices, moldings, lintels, bay or dormer windows and similar projections shall be kept in good repair and free from cracks and defects which make them hazardous or unsightly.
4 3. Roof surfaces shall be tight and have no defects which admit water. All roof drainage systems shall be secured and hung properly.
5 4. Chimneys, antennae, air vents and other similar projections shall be structurally sound and in good repair. Such projections shall be secured properly where applicable to an exterior wall or exterior roof.
$6 \underline{5}$. All foundations shall be structurally sound and in good repair.
C. Debris: An accumulation of tin cans, bottles, trash, uprooted tree stumps, logs, limbs, brush, and other cut vegetative debris, or other debris of any nature or description and the throwing, dumping or depositing of any dead animals, manure, garbage, waste, decaying matter, ground, sand, stones, ashes, rubbish, tin cans or other material of any kind onto public or private property. (Ord. 1337, 5-22-2006)
Q. D. Graffiti: Graffiti shall mean any unauthorized writing, printing, marks, signs, symbels, figures, designs, inscriptions or other drawings which are scratched, scrawled, painted, drawn or otherwise placed on any exterior surface of a building, wall, fence, sidewalk, curb, dumpsters or other permanent structures on public or private property and which has the effect of defacing the property. (Ord. 1337, 5-22-2006)
G. E. Keeping of Farm Animals, Non-Domestic: The keeping of eows, horses, sheep, goats or any four legged animals eommonly known as farm animals, other than those commonly called poultry or bees, in any pasture, stable or any enclosure within 300 feet or less of any other lot in any residence district. (Ord. 629, 9-28-70)
F. Noises: All noises in violation of Chapter 405 of this Code.
L. G. Declaration of Nuisance Parking and Storage: The outside parking and or storage on residentially-zoned property of vehicles, materials, supplies or equipment not customarily used for residential purposes in violation of the requirements provisions set forth below: is declared to be a public nuisance because it: 1) obstructs views on streets and private property, 2) creates cluttered and otherwise unsightly areas, 3) introduces commercial advertising signs into areas where commercial advertising signs are otherwise prohibited, 4) decreases adjoining landowners and occupants' enjoyment of their property and neighborhood, and 5) otherwise adversely affects property values and neighborhood patterns. Service vehicles with a manufacturer's rated capacity of 2,000 pounds or less are exempt from this provision.
M. Unlawful Parking and Storage:-
2. Non-Permanent Structures; No person may place, store, or allow the placement or storage of ice fish houses, skateboard ramps, play houses, or other similar nonpermanent structures outside continuously for longer than 24 hours in the front-yard area of residentially-zoned property.
3. Storage on Property in Front Yards: No person may place, store or allow the placement or storage of the following, for a period longer than 4 days in the front yard or unscreened street facing side yard of a corner lot of any residential zoned area:
a. Trailers of any type, unless supporting a boat of 20 foot length or less and completely placed on an improved surface as defined in this Code and stored no closer than five (5) feet of a property line; or
b. Boats or watercraft of any type in excess of 20 foot length; or
c. Vehicles of any type in inoperable condition; or
d. Vehicles of any type that are posted as "for sale"; or
e. Recreational vehicles as defined by State Statute, unless stored completely on an improved surface, as defined in this Code and meeting a five (5) foot setback requirement to a property line and no portion of the vehicle may be stored on or over the Public Right of Way.
4. Storage of Materials: No person may place, store or allow the placement or storage of pipe, lumber, steel, machinery or similar materials including all vehicles, equipment or materials used in connection with a business, outside on residentially-zoned property, except for temporary storage of such materials for use in the construction or remodeling of a structure on the property when a valid City issued building permit exists. 4. Vehicle Parking, General: No person shall cause, undertake, permit or allow the outside parking and storage of vehicles in residentially-zoned property for more than 14 days unless it complies with the following requirements: (Ord. 1288, 8-42003)
a. Vehicles which are parked or stored outside shall be on an improved surface as defined in this Code.
b. All $¥$ Vehicles, watercraft and other articles stored outside on
residentialproperty must be owned by a person who is a legal resident
of that
property and continuously maintain current
registration and licensure. (Ord. 1466, 04-21-2014)
4 ․ Large/Commercial Vehicles: No person, owning, driving or in charge of any vehicle with a manufacturers rated capacity of more than one ton, as specified in Minnesota Statutes, may cause or permit that vehicle to be parked outside or stand continuous for more than two hours on a property or public street within a residential zone in the City, with the exception of the following:
a. Any motor truck, pickup truck, or similar vehicle being used by a public utility, moving company, or similar company, which is actually being used to service a residence not belonging to or occupied by the operator of the vehicle; or
b. Any vehicle which is actually making a pickup or delivery at the location where it is parked. Parking for any period of time beyond the period of time reasonably necessary to provide such excepted service or to make such a pickup or delivery and in excess of the two hour limit shall be unlawful.
5. Street Parking, Trailers and Recreational Vehicle: No trailer (of any size), boat supported on a trailer, or recreational vehicle (with dual rear tires or dual rear axle) may be parked on a public street or right-of-way within the City for: 1) more than 4 consecutive days, or, 2) more than 4 total days in any calendar month.
a. Parking in one location for өer over 2 hours (in a 24 hour period) qualifies as a 'day' for purposes of this section.
b. Posting for a public hearing, before City Council, shall be a minimum of 10 days for violations of item \#5.
N. Exceptions: The prohibitions of this Section shall not apply to the following:
6. Any motor truck, pickup truck, or similar vehicle being used by a public utility, moving company, or similar company, which is actually being used to service a residence not belonging to or oceupied by the operator of the vehicle.
Z. Any vehicle which is actually making a pickup or delivery at the location where it is parked. Parking for any period of time beyond the period of time reasonably necessary to make such a pickup or delivery and in excess of the two hour limit shall be unlawfur.
I.H. Service Stations: Operation of a business service station involving the sale of motor fuel and/or the repair of motor vehicles if conducted in a manner that includes any of the following manner:
7. The use of service station premises for the sale, or for display in aid of sale, of any motor vehicle.
8. The use of service station premises for storage of damaged or abandoned motor vehicles for in excess of seven days without a directive of the Chief of Police.
9. The storing of or the allowing of accumulation of any of the following items on service station the premises in view of adjacent tand properties:
a. Used oil cans; or
b. Discarded auto parts; or
c. Discarded tires; or
d. Any other items of similar debris nature.
10. Operating a service station with premises that does not have its entire area covered by the following: building, concrete or bituminous paving and grass, well
maintained or other well maintained shrubbery.
5 4. Allowing tires to be sold or displayed for sale within view of the
adjacent land properties, unless the same are displayed in a rack and only during
business hours. (Ord. 499, 8-8-66; amd. 1995 Code)
E.I. Smoke and Fumes: Dense smoke, noxious fumes, gas and soot or cinders in unreasonable quantities. (Ord. 207, 11-9-55)
J. Vibrations: All unnecessary and annoying vibrations.
G. K.Weeds and Vegetation: All noxious weeds are prohibited in all locations. Also, Tall turf
grasses, nuisance weeds and rank vegetative growth shall be not maintained at a height of
eight inches or less in locations closer than 40 feet to from:
11. An occupied principal structure;
12. Any property line with an occupied structure on abutting property; and
13. A public road pavement edge.

This section shall not apply to:

1. Natural areas, public open space or park lands, as determined by the city forester or naturalist designated by the city manager. (Ord. 1136, 2-28-1994); Amd. (Ord. 1384, 7-13-2009)
2. Yard areas with natural landscaping that follow the City Park Department policy for natural landscaping (Ord. 1384, 7-13-2009)
R. L. Yard Cover: The $¥$ Yard area of a lot shall not be bare soil, shall be covered by a
groundcover and shall be maintained as set forward in Section 407.02(G $\underline{\text { A }}$ ). (Ord. 1384, 7-
13-2009) (Ord. 1466, 4-21-2014)
H. Peddling and Soliciting:
3. The practice of going house-to-house, door-to-door, business-to-business, street-to-street, or any other type of place-to-place, for the purposes of offering for sale or obtaining, or attempting to obtain, orders for goods, wares, products, merchandise, other personal property or services if conducted in the following manner:
a. Obstructing the free flow of either vehicular or pedestrian traffic on any street, alley, sidewalk or other public right-of-way;
b. Conducting business in a way as to create a threat to the health, safety and welfare of any individual or the general public;
e. Conducting business before 7:00 a.m. or after 9:00 p.m.
d. Making any false or misleading statements about the product or service being offered, including untrue statements of endorsement;
e. Remaining on the property of another when requested to leave, or to otherwise conduct business in a manner a reasonable person would find obscene, threatening, intimidating or abusive.
Z. Entering the property of another, unless invited to do so by the property owner or tenant, for the purpose of conducting business as a peddler or solicitor when the property is marked with a sign or placard at least 4 inches long and 4 inches wide with print at least 48 point in size stating "No Trespassing" or "No Peddlers or Solicitors," or "Peddlers and Solicitors Prohibited" or other comparable statement. Removing, defacing or otherwise tampering with any sign or placard under this section by a person other than the propenty owner or tenant.
(Ord. 1293, 8-11-2003)
$\theta$. Vehicles Constituting a Public Nuisance:
4. Abandoned and Junk Vehicles Create Hazard: Abandoned and junk vehicles are declared to be a public nuisance creating hazard to the health and safety of the public because they invite plundering, create fire hazards, attract vermin, and present physical dangers to the safety and well being of children and other citizens. The aceumulation and outside storage of such vehicles is in the nature of rubbish, litter and unsightly debris and is a blight on the landscape and a detriment to the environment. It shall be unlawful for a person to pile, store or keep wrecked, junked or abandoned motor vehicles on private or public property. 2. Vehicles Impeding Traffic Flow: Any vehicle, whether occupied or not that is found stopped, standing or parked in violation of any ordinance or State statute; or that is reported stolen; or that is found impeding firefighting, snow removal or plowing or the orderly flow of traffic is declared to be a public nuisance.
5. Vehicles Impeding Road and Utility Repair: Any vehicle which is impeding public road or utility repair, construction or maintenance activities after reasonable notice of the improper activities has been given to the vehicle owner or user at least 12 hours in advance, is declared to be a public nuisance.
6. Vehicles Without License Plates: Except where expressly permitted by state law, any vehicle shall be deemed to be junked or abandoned if said vehicle does not have attached thereto a valid and current license plate issued by the proper State agency. (Ord. 1288, 8-42003)
P. Abatement of Vehicles:
7. Impounding: Any police officer or other duly authorized person may order any vehicle eonstituting a public nuisance to be immediately removed and/or impounded. The impounded vehicle shall be surrendered to the duly identified owner by the towing contractor only upon payment of the required impound, towing and storage fees. Z. Sale: Notice and sale of any vehicle impounded under this Chapter shall be conducted in accordance with Minnesota Statutes chapter 168B governing the sale of abandoned motor vehicles. (Ord. 1162, 7-10-95)

### 407.03: NUISANCES AFFECTING PUBLIC HEALTH PEAGE AND SAFETY:

The following are declared to be nuisances affecting public health peace and safety:
A. Carcasses: Carcasses of animals not buried or destroyed within 24 hours after death.
G.B.Dangerous Buildings: All buildings, walls and other structures which have been damaged by fire, decay or otherwise to an extent exceeding $1 / 2$ their eriginal replacement value or which are so situated as to endanger the safety of the public, or by order of the Building Official.
J.C. Dangers Attractive to Children: All dangerous, unguarded machinery, equipment or other property in any public place or so situated or operated on private property as to attract minor children.
D. Diseased Animals: All diseased animals running at large.
D.E.Explosives: All explosives, inflammable liquids and other dangerous substances or materials stored or accumulated in any manner or in any amount other than that provided by law.
F. Holes and Excavations: Any well, hole or similar excavation that is left uncovered, unprotected or in such other condition as to constitute a hazard to a person on the premises where it is located.
Q.G.Interference With Radio Or TV: All unnecessary interference and disturbance of radios or

TV sets caused by defective electrical appliances and equipment or improper operation of any defective electrical appliances and equipment.
L.H.Interfering With Drainage: Placing entrance culverts or doing any act which may alter or affect the drainage of public streets or alleys or the surface or grade of public streets, alleys or sidewalks without proper permit.
H.I. Junk: The outside piling, storing or keeping of old machinery, furniture, household furnishings or appliances or component parts thereof, rusting metal inoperable/unusable equipment, or other debris visible on private or public property. (Ord. 1162, 7-10-1995)
B.J. Low Wires, Tree Limbs, Other Vegetation : All wires, tree limbs and other vegetation which are strung less than 15 feet above the surface of any public street or alley located close enough to the surface of a public non-motorized pathway, street or alley as to constitute an impediment to the safe passage of pedestrians, bicyclists or permitted vehicles.
K. Material From Air: Throwing, dropping or releasing printed matter, paper or any other material or objects over the City from an airplane, balloon or other aircraft or in such a manner as to cause such material to fall or land in the City.
I.L. Obstruction of Streets, Crowds: Any use of property abutting on a public street or sidewalk or any use of a public street or sidewalk which causes large crowds of people to gather obstructing traffic and the free use of public streets or sidewalks, except where permitted by the City.
M. Peddling and Soliciting:

1. Engaging in Peddling or Soliciting, if conducted in the following manner:
a. Obstructing the free flow of either vehicular or pedestrian traffic on any street, alley, sidewalk or other public right-of-way; or
b. Creating a threat to the health, safety and welfare of any individual or the general public; or c. Doing so before 8:00 a.m. or after 8:00 p.m.; or
d. Making any false or misleading statements about the product or service being offered, including untrue statements of endorsement; or
e. Remaining on the property of another when requested to leave; or f. Otherwise act in a manner a reasonable person would find obscene, threatening, intimidating or abusive.
2. Entering the property of another, unless invited to do so by the property owner
or tenant prior to entrance onto the property, for the purpose of conducting business as a peddler or solicitor when the property is marked with a sign or placard meeting the following criteria:
a. Sized at least 4 inches long and 4 inches wide; and
b. Having print at least 48 point in size or one half inch tall; and
c. Stating "No Trespassing" or "No Peddlers or Solicitors," or "Peddlers and Solicitors Prohibited" or other comparable statement. 3. Removing, defacing or otherwise tampering with any sign or placard displayed in accordance with paragraph 2 above by a person other than the property owner or tenant. (Ord. 1293, 8-11-2003)
F.N.Radio Aerials: Radio aerials strung or erected in any manner except that provided by law. (Ord. 207, 11-9-55)
M.O.Repairing Vehicles or Tires in Streets: Making repairs to motor vehicles or tires in public streets or alleys, excepting only emergency repairs when it such repairs will not unduly
impede or interfere with traffic.
A.P.Snow On Non-motorized Pathways: On all properties with off-the-road, non-motorized pathways, except nontax exempt R-1 or R-Z Low Density Residential properties, ice and snow shall be that is not removed from the non-motorized pathway within 12 hours after snow and ice have ceased to be deposited thereon. (Ord. 925, 5-9-83)
E. Noises: All unnecessary noises and annoying vibrations.
G.Q.Storage of Wood: The storage of any wood or wood product used or intended to be used as fire wood on residential properties within the City unless wood piles are erected, located and maintained in a safe and orderly fashion:
3. In neat and secure stacks elevated 6 inches off the ground;
4. A maximum height allowed for a wood pile is 6 feet; and
5. Fire wood shall only be stored in a side or rear yard.

The City Council may issure permits for the storage of wood in situations where unique eircumstances preclude the ability to meet the standards of the Code. (Ord. 522, 1-9-67; amd. 1995 Code)
R. Traffic Visibility: Maintaining conditions on any property that violate the requirements of Section 1011.06 of this Code (Visibility Triangles in All Districts).
N.S.Trash In Streets: Throwing, placing, depositing or burning leaves, trash, lawn clippings, weeds, grass or other material in the streets, non-motorized pathways, alleys or gutters.
O.T.Unauthorized Signs: Erecting, painting or placing of unauthorized traffic signs or advertising signs in streets, alleys or on sidewalks.
Q. Storing of Boats, Trailers and Inoperative Motor Vehicles In Front Yards: 1. The storing of the following things for a period longer than 72 hours in the front yard of any residential zoned area:
a. Trailers of any kind, unless supporting a boat of 20 feet or less.
b. Boats or watercraft of any kind in excess of 20 feet.
e. Inoperative motor vehicles of any type.
d. Gampers and camper buses.
2. For the purpose of this Section, "front yard" means any area between any public street and a line parallel to the public street at the building line. (Ord. 522, 1-9-1967; 1995 Code)

### 407.04: PUBLIG NUSANGE UNLAWFU\& VEHICLES CONSTITUTING A PUBLIC NUISANCE:

A. Abandoned, Junk and Inoperable Vehicles Create Hazard: Abandoned, junk and inoperable vehicles are declared to be a public nuisance creating hazard to the health and safety of the public because they invite plundering, create fire hazards, attract vermin, and present physical dangers to the safety and well being of children and other citizens. The accumulation and outside storage of such vehicles is in the nature of rubbish, litter and unsightly debris and is a blight on the landscape and a detriment to the environment. It shall be unlawful for a person to pile, store or keep wrecked, junked, inoperable or abandoned vehicles on private or public property.
B. Vehicles Impeding Traffic Flow: Any vehicle, whether occupied or not that is found stopped, standing or parked in violation of any ordinance or State statute; or that is reported stolen; or that is found impeding firefighting, snow removal or plowing or the orderly flow of traffic is declared to be a public nuisance.
C. Vehicles Impeding Road and Utility Repair: Any vehicle which is impeding public road or
$\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { utility repair, construction or maintenance activities after reasonable notice of the improper } \\ & \text { activities has been given to the vehicle owner or user at least } 12 \text { hours in advance, is } \\ & \text { declared to be a public nuisance. } \\ & \text { D. Vehicles Without Current Registration Lieense Plates: Except where expressly permitted by } \\ & \text { State law, any vehicle or other equipment, which requires registration for operation in the } \\ & \text { State of Minnesota, shall be deemed to be junked, inoperable or abandoned if said vehicle } \\ & \text { does not have attached thereto a valid registration and current license plate issued by the } \\ & \text { proper State agency. (Ord. 1288, 8-4-2003) } \\ & \text { E. Abatement of Vehicles: } \\ & \text { 1. Impounding: Any police officer or other duly authorized person may order any vehicle } \\ & \text { constituting a public nuisance to be immediately removed and/or impounded. The } \\ & \text { impounded vehicle shall be surrendered to the duly identified owner only upon payment of } \\ & \text { the required impound, towing and storage fees. } \\ & \text { 2. Sale: Notice and sale of any vehicle impounded under this Chapter shall be conducted in } \\ & \text { accordance with Minnesota Statutes chapter 168B governing the sale of abandoned motor } \\ & \text { vehicles. (Ord. 1162, 7-10-95) }\end{aligned}$

### 407.05: PUBLIC NUISANCE UNLAWFUL:

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, corporation or association to maintain any public "nuisance" as defined in this Chapter and it shall further be unlawful to do any act which act is defined as a public "nuisance" in this Chapter. (Ord. 320, 6-9-1961)

### 407.056: ENFORCEMENT:

The City Council authorizes the Community Development Director (or designee) to administer and enforce this Chapter. The Community Development Director may institute, in the name of the City, any appropriate actions or proceedings against a violator as provided by law.
(Ord.1354, 10-22-2007)

### 407.067: CITY ABATEMENT OF PUBLIC NUISANCES:

A. Notice: Whenever an officer charged with enforcement determines that a public nuisance is being maintained or exists on premises in the City, and determines that the City abatement process is appropriate, the officer shall notify, in writing, the owner or occupant of the premises of such fact and order that such nuisance be terminated or abated. The notice shall specify the steps to be taken to abate the nuisance and the time, not exceeding 30 days, within which the nuisance is to be abated. (Ord.1354, 10-22-2007)
B. Noncompliance: If the notice is not complied with within the time specified, the enforcing officer shall immediately report that fact to the City Council. The enforcing officer shall also provide notice to the owner or occupant of the premises that the City Council will consider the matter and may provide for abating the nuisance by the City. The notice shall state the date on which the City Council will consider the matter. Notice by the enforcing officer shall be given at least ten days before the date stated in the notice when the City Council will consider the matter. If notice of the fact that the City Council will consider the matter is given by posting, at least 30 days shall elapse between the day of posting and the date of consideration by the City Council. (Ord. 1337, 5-22-2006)
C. Action of City Council: Upon notice from the enforcing officer of noncompliance, the City

Council may, after notice to the owner or occupant and an opportunity to be heard, provide for abating the nuisance by the City.
D. Service of Notice: Notices shall may be served by any or all of the following methods:

1. In person; or
2. By certified or registered mail; or
3. By posting on site or premises.

If the premises are not occupied and the owner is unknown, the notice may be served by posting it on the premises.
The notice shall specify the steps to be taken to abate the nuisance and the time, not exceeding 30 days, within which the nuisance is to be abated.
E. Immediate Threat: If the nuisance poses an immediate threat to the health or safety of the public, the City may abate the nuisance immediately with no hearing. (Ord. 1016, 6-8-1987) (Ord. 1337, 5-22-2006)

### 407.078: RECOVERY OF COST:

A. Personal Liability: The owner of premises on which a nuisance has been abated by the City shall be personally liable for the cost to the City of the abatement, including administrative costs. As soon as the work has been completed and the cost determined, the City Manager, or other official designated by the City Council, shall prepare a bill for the cost and mail it to the owner. The amount shall be immediately due and payable at the office of the City Manager.
B. Assessment: If the nuisance is a public health or safety hazard on private property, the accumulation of snow and ice on public sidewalks, the growth of weeds on private property or outside the traveled portion of streets, or unsound or insect infected trees, the city manager shall, on or before September 1 next following abatement of the nuisance, list the total unpaid charges along with all other such charges, as well as other charges for current services to be assessed under Minnesota Statutes section 429.101 against each separate lot or parcel to which the charges are attributable. The City Council may then spread the charges against such property under that statute and other pertinent statutes for certification to the County Auditor and collection along with current taxes the following year, or in annual installments not exceeding 10, as the City Council may determine in each case. (Ord. 1016, 6-8-1987)

### 407.089: ACCELERATED ABATEMENT PROCESS FOR CERTAIN NUISANCES:

A. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 407.06 of this chapter, city officers charged with enforcement of this chapter shall follow the accelerated procedure described below for abating accumulations of snow and ice under subsection 407.03A of this chapter, tall grasses, nuisance weeds and other vegetative growth under subsection 407.02C of this chapter; cut vegetative debris under subsection 407.02D of this chapter; and graffiti under subsection 407.02Q of this chapter. (Ord. 1337, 5-22-2006)

1. Notice of Violation: Whenever the officer charged with enforcement determines that a nuisance proscribed under subsection 407.03A or 407.02C of this chapter is being
maintained or exists on premises in the city, written notice shall be served in person; or by posting on premises; or by regular or certified first-class mail shall be provided to the property owner or occupant. If the premises are not occupied and the owner is not known, the notice may be served by posting it on the premises. The eertified notice shall specify the nuisance to be abated, that the nuisance must be abated within 5 working days, and that if the nuisance is not abated within 5 working days, that the city will have the nuisance abated and the cost of abatement certified against the property for collection with taxes.
2. Abatement by City: If the owner or occupant fails to comply with the eertified mail notice within 5 days, the city shall provide for abatement of the nuisance. The officer charged with enforcement shall keep records of the cost of abatement and shall provide this information to the city manager for assessment against the property pursuant to section 407.07 of this chapter. (Ord. 1228, 7-12-1999)

### 407.10: PUBLIC NUISANCE VARIANCE:

A. A variance request pertaining to an initial notice, prior to consideration by City Council, of nuisances occurring on public or private property as addressed in Section 407.02.G may be filed by a property owner or occupant with the following requirements:

1. Shall be submitted on forms supplied by the City; and
2. Shall include a specific description detailing the reason for the variance request; and
3. Shall be delivered to the Community Development Director within the timeframe given in the initial notice; and
4. Shall be accompanied by the fee set forth in Chapter 314.B; and
5. Submission of evidence including written approval of the otherwise prohibited activity, by $75 \%$ of the adjacent property owners within 100 feet of the subject property or prohibited activity.
6. Submission of evidence including written approval of the otherwise prohibited activity, by $100 \%$ of the abutting property owners of the subject property or prohibited activity.
B. Variance requests will be considered, approved or denied by the Community Development Director or his/her designee(s). The Community Development Director or his/her designee(s) shall:
7. Notify the applicant and all property owners, identified under 407.10.A.4,5, within five (5) business days the decision to approve or deny the request and the process available for appeal.
C. Variance approvals may be granted with or without conditions, including but not limited to a time limited duration at the discretion of the City. Violations to any approved public nuisance variance shall be grounds for immediate revocation of the variance. Additional nuisance activity or violation to City Code may be grounds for the revocation of an approved variance. D. Variance denials or revocations may be appealed to City Council by the applicant. If an appeal is filed it must:
8. Be submitted on forms supplied by the City; and
9. Be delivered to the City Manager within 10 days of the denial or revocation.

### 407.11: VARIANCE APPEAL:

When an appeal is filed, a public meeting regarding the matter shall be held before the City Council, acting as the Board of Adjustments and Appeals, at a regular meeting held within thirty (30) calendar days of the receipt of the appeal. The Board of Adjustments and Appeals may consider any of the evidence that had previously been considered as part of the formal action that is the subject of the appeal. New or additional information from the appealing applicant(s) may be considered by the Board of Adjustments and Appeals at its sole discretion if that information serves to clarify information previously considered by the Community Development Director or his/her designee(s).

## Memo

To: Kari Collins, Community Development Director
From: Dave Englund, Codes Coordinator
Date: 05/11/2017

## Re: Resident feedback in regards to proposed nuisance code changes

Kari,
I received 9 emails and approximately 44 phone calls and messages regarding the proposed nuisance code changes. I will redact personal information and attach to the RCA for discussion.

The phone calls and messages I will paraphrase below.
The majority of the calls referenced the hours allowed for peddling and soliciting, this seemed to follow that which I received via email. The overall consensus was to reduce the allowed hours for the activity (most actually wanted it eliminated altogether, but understood it was not a possibility).

Another reoccurring concern for residents was the placement of large recreational vehicles parked in rear or side yards. The requested change allowing the parking of these non-motorized vehicles with a five foot setback (similar to sheds, compost bins and driveways) has the potential for lessening the concerns of residents.

The remainder were equal in opposition and proponents of the keeping of chickens and bees. I received no feedback either for or against the possibility of removing the restriction on pigs and goats.

Dave

## David Englund

| From: | RV Info |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sent: | Monday, April 03, 2017 4:11 PM |
| To: | David Englund |
| Cc: | Pat Trudgeon; Kari Collins |
| Subject: | FW: Online Form Submittal: General Inquiry Form |

FYI

From: noreply@civicplus.com [mailto:noreply@civicplus.com]
Sent: Monday, April 03, 2017 3:54 PM
To: RV Info [info@cityofroseville.com](mailto:info@cityofroseville.com)
Subject: Online Form Submittal: General Inquiry Form

## General Inquiry Form

Please complete this online form and submit.
Contact Information

## First Name

Last Name
Field not completed.
Address $1 \quad$ Field not completed.
Address 2
Roseville
City ..... MN
State
Zip Code ..... 55113
Home or Cell Phone
Number
Email Address ..... Email
Select how would youprefer to be contacted

Please share your comment, question or concern (no character limit)

We were pleased to see some clarification regarding the nuisance code. One item that we wondered about is solicitation. Does this also include flyers stuck on peoples doors? When we leave for a vacation we don't feel as though
someone should have to come by and take things off our door. There doesn't seem to be a way to keep the flyers from being placed on our doors (we have two front doors). If the code is being changed we would love to see a "no flyer" addition. Thanks for keeping Roseville a great place to live!

Email not displaying correctly? View it in your browser.

## David Englund

From:

Sent:
To:
Subject:

Sunday, April 02, 2017 6:44 PM
David Englund
Chapter 407 of the City Code

Dear Mr. Englund, I have some feedback about the proposed changes to Chapter 407 of the City Code.

1. We like the addition of current registration for motor vehicles stored in the yard.
2. We could not locate the description of a "driveway" in the online document, but we would like to have this more clearly identified. received a variance to build a large garage, but according to a previous discussion with the city - it is OK for him to have his cars in the back yard because they are on a gravel driveway. However this gravel driveway led to the old garage which was demolished. Thus, the "driveway" takes up a large portion of the backyard.
3. Can there be a limit to the number of vehicles per yard or acre that can be parked in the yard that cannot fit into the garage?
4. Can there be more robust enforcement please?

## David Englund

From:

| Sent: | Thursday, March 30,2017 12:00 PM |
| :--- | :--- |
| To: | David Englund |
| Subject: | Soliciting Hours Roseville |

Hi David,
I see that the City of Roseville is going to be making some changes to the code and provided your email for feedback. I am writing to ask for consideration of limiting the soliciting hours until 7 pm . In addition to it being very inconvenient to get a knock on the door after dark, I think it is a safety issue.

Thank you for your time.

## David Englund

From:

Sent:
To:
Subject:

Wednesday, March 29, 2017 3:07 PM
David Englund
Updates to Code for nuisance

Why would temporary play houses not be allowed in front yards?
pollinating garden has tall grasses and lots of native plants. I assume this is allowed. I think the phrase "tall grass" is too vague.

Thank you.

## David Englund

From:

Sent:
To:
Subject:

Wednesday, March 29, 2017 1:50 PM
David Englund
city code changes
may I ask you to consider changing the time peddlers//solicitors need to stop to be 8pm instead of 9pm?
most of summer is darker at 9 pm and hard to see who is out there also some of us get up mighty early in the morning for work
thanks

From:

Sent:
To:
Subject:

Wednesday, March 29, 2017 2:07
PM David Englund
code change feedback chickens...

Hi David,
I'm writing to add my feedback to code changes. I was happy to see the changes as they are proposed. I do have a concern that I feel is being over looked. It is about chickens, they seem to be exempt. I am not against chickens,
people kept them in their front yard with a weird netting structure over them. chickens were fun to watch, but they stunk, and they also made noise all day and in the early morning hours. I emailed some code person then a couple of years ago and that person told me there really weren't any codes being broken, maybe perhaps the structure they had over it was not allowed.

They keep theirs in the back but each day they let them roam free. Imagine cars driving slamming on their brakes for fear of hitting them. I was told if the chickens go into the street I must call the police when they are in the way of traffic. Otherwise the chickens were fine to roam about.

To me, calling the police on chickens is not something I want to bother them with and yes I have talked to the people, they just wrangle them back to their yard. Other people driving by have also knocked on their door about the chickens. but feel when the city has no guidelines on things such as this, it makes to put up with these things and police things themselves.

Unless you have had to deal with these issues you are not aware of the problem they can become To me this is a city not a farm anymore. Farm animals should not be allowed in a city. These are my concerns. Thank you for taking the time to read them.

## David Englund

From:

Sent:
To:
Subject:

Friday, March 31, 2017 5:33 PM
David Englund
Nuisance Ordinance

Mr. Englund,
My initial response is that I'd like to see the solicitation hours (currently from 7 AM to 9 PM) shortened. I think that's too early and too late in the day. I'd actually like it eliminated, but I know that's an unrealistic expectation.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback.

## David Englund

From:

Sent:
To:
Subject:

Friday, April 21, 2017 3:37 PM
David Englund
Feedback on Nuisance code changes

Hello Mr. Engelund,
The Roseville City website asked for resident feedback on the proposed code changes. So here you go:
407.01 Definition of Graffiti
"Any unauthorized..." -> from the definition it is unclear whether unauthorized by the homeowner or another entity. I assume the homeowner?
407.02 Comfort or Repose

C "Tall Grass" -> This would even affect 'little bluestem' when not part of native landscaping.
M.1. Non permanent structures

Why are we telling people they cannot have a skateboard ramp or playhouse in their front yard? Why is this the cities' business?

# R(S) <br> REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION 

Date: 5-15-2017
Item No.: 7.g

Department Approval


City Manager Approval


Kari Collins, Community Development Director
Item Description: Discuss 407.02.G of City Code Regulating Pigs and Goats

## BACKGROUND

During the March 27, 2017 Council discussion of proposed nuisance code amendments, the City Council directed staff to research how other communities regulate pigs and goats.

Staff performed research and found four cities which currently allow for the keeping of pigs and goats. Those cities were Shoreview, Fridley (on one acre and larger parcels), Duluth and St. Paul. Please note the following research findings:

- The City of Shoreview Code Enforcement Officer indicated that Shoreview allows these animals by ordinance, however, no such animals to his knowledge are being kept currently, or have for a number of years.
- The City of St. Paul Animal Control suggested proceeding with caution and that preparation should occur prior to the ordinance change including what specific licensing, enclosure and enforcement requirements would be implemented. Also, it was suggested that the City of Roseville consider how Animal Control would deal with these animals. It was stated that current staff may need additional training in how to deal with these animals and how to transport any strays. St. Paul also suggested that the current contract with a veterinary hospital be researched to identify if these animals can be brought to their location for impound.
- Staff also contacted the Animal Humane Society, as well as, the Animal Board of Health for comments regarding the allowing of pigs and goats in an urban area. The Animal Humane Society raised concerns about these animals being kept in an urban environment. It was the Society's opinion that these animals do not thrive in the urban environment and they were concerned if this would lead to circumstances that would require these animals being brought to their shelters or similar animal rescue shelters.
- Dr. Thompson, State Veterinarian Animal Board of Health, raised similar concerns. Dr. Thompson suggested that Roseville should research the specific vaccination requirements and enclosure requirements these animals need for their safety and the safety of the public. She stated these two groups of animals are very difficult to regulate regarding specific species or weight (as Duluth and Shoreview do). She further stated that the socalled "tea-cup" and potbellied pigs can grow well in excess of two hundred pounds. Also, she stated that goats, of any size, can be extremely destructive to structures, plantings and landscapes.

It is the opinion of staff that removing the restriction on the keeping of pigs and goats may be problematic to enforce due to the following:

- An extraordinary amount of staff time will be required to craft any licensing ordinances specific to these animals.
- Research related to the required vaccinations and enclosure requirements will need to be compiled well in advance of amending this section of current code.
- Discussions will need to occur amongst various City Departments regarding oversight and enforcement if these animals are allowed to be kept within the City.
- Further staff time will need to be allocated to the training of designated staff in the securing and transportation of any stray animals that are located.

Prepared by: Dave Englund, Codes Coordinator

#  <br> REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION 

Date: May 15, 2017
Item No.: 9.a

Department Approval
City Manager Approval


Item Description: Appoint Youth Commissioner to Human Rights, Inclusion and Engagement Commission

## BACKGROUND

It has been customary for the City Council to appoint non-voting youth representative(s) to serve on various advisory commissions.

Elizabeth Hansel has been a youth commissioner on the Human Rights Commission. Similar to the appointment of existing Human Rights Commission and Community Engagement Commission members to the new Human Rights, Inclusion, and Engagement Commission, Ms. Hansel should be appointed to serve on the new commission until the expiration of her term on July 31, 2017.

Financial Impacts
None

## Requested Council Action

Appoint Ms. Elizabeth Hansel to serve as a youth commissioner on the Human Rights, Inclusion and Engagement Commission with a term ending July 31, 2017.

Prepared by: Carolyn Curti, Administration Department

#  REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION 

Date:
May 15, 2017
Item No.: 9.b


Item Description: Resolution Opposing Small Cell Legislation for the Use of Public Rights-of-Way

## BaCKGROUND

Private wireless and cellular service providers are pushing legislation that would allow access to the public right-of-way for the installation of "small cell wireless" equipment and antenna systems. The proposed legislation would also provide access for the small cell industry to locate their equipment on public agency owned facilities such as light poles and larger sign structures.
The bills being considered currently seek to modify Minnesota Statutes Chapters 237.162 and 237.163 which pertain to the management of public rights-of-ways. While most organizations and agencies support allowing the wireless industry access to the public right-of-way, which isn't clear in current statutes, the industry is proposing sweeping language that provides them additional rights and protections that current private industry users of the right-of-way, such as gas, electric, cable and telecom providers, do not have today.

Specifically the proposed legislation exempts the small cell industry from all zoning regulations as well as preempts local decisions that would protect interests of the public and the public agency that has jurisdiction over the public right-of-way. It also details specific "shot clock" provisions that regulate the maximum amount of time an agency has to review permits for small cell installations. Other users of the right-of-way do not have specific language for permit review times and these types of permits could be quite complicated and take considerable time to review to ensure the protection of the health, safety and welfare of the public as well as the protection of the general aesthetic environment at the proposed locations.

Another issue of concern relates to collocation fees for the use of publicly owned facilities such as light poles. Currently, for large antenna systems, the City receives a lease payment for each antenna. The City generates a significant amount of revenue which is used primarily to offset IT costs for the City. There is concern that the language in this bill which currently restricts fees beyond actual cost recovery, could set a precedent for the erosion of the lease rates we receive for the use of our water tower and communications towers.

Given these concerns, and at the request of multiple Councilmembers, staff has prepared a resolution opposing the current legislation for Small Cell Wireless installations. Staff is recommending the City Council consider this resolution and if they agree with the statements adopt the resolution. Staff with then forward this to our local representatives as well as the League of Minnesota Cities.

## FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

There are no costs for adopting this resolution. If this legislation were to pass, there is the possibility that the City could lose out on future lease fees for the use of City owned facilities in the public right-of-way.

## STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends Council consider the attached resolution opposing small cell wireless legislation for the use of public rights-of-way.

## Requested Council Action

Motion to adopt a resolution opposing small cell wireless legislation for the use of public rights-ofway.

Prepared by: Marc Culver - Public Works Director
Attachments: A: Resolution
B: League of Minnesota Cities Small Cell Wireless Fact Sheet

# EXTRACT OF MINUTES OF MEETING OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ROSEVILLE 

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Pursuant to due call and notice thereof, a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Roseville, Minnesota was duly held on the $15^{\text {th }}$ day of May, 2017, at 6:00 p.m.

The following members were present: , , , and Mayor , and the following were absent:

Member introduced the following resolution and moved its adoption:

## RESOLUTION No.

## RESOLUTION OPPOSING THE PROPOSED LEGISLATION REGARDING UNREGULATED ACCESS TO THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY FOR INSTALLATION OF SMALL CELL WIRELESS EQUIPMENT AND ANTENNA SYSTEMS

WHEREAS, the City of Roseville has regulations and provisions contained in Chapter 707 of the City's City Code detailing the City's permitting of use of the public right-of-way; and

WHEREAS, legislation was proposed in the Minnesota Legislature that would allow wireless companies to install small cell facility networks in public rights-of-way, subject to mandated statutory regulation that materially differs from the regulation of all other right-of-way users and significantly limits local authority to regulate facility placement issues within the public right-ofway; and

WHEREAS, granting such access to the public right-of-way by wireless companies is unnecessary, competitively unfair and discriminatory, and may result in new wireless installations in public rights-of-way that compromise public safety and other public interests; and

WHEREAS, the City of Roseville currently receives some form of compensation for installations or attachments on City owned facilities and the public's right to compensation for use of its assets may be compromised with the passing of the proposed legislation; and

WHEREAS, the legislation would supersede existing right-of-way and zoning ordinances and comprehensive plans applicable to new wireless installations in public rights-of-way that the City of Roseville has enacted and planned over the years.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the City Council of the City of Roseville, Minnesota that the City of Roseville does hereby oppose legislation granting unfair and discriminatory access to the public rights-of-way for the installation of small cell wireless equipment and antenna systems.

The motion for the adoption of the foregoing resolution was duly seconded by Member and upon a vote being taken thereon, the following voted in favor thereof: , and Mayor and the following voted against the same:

WHEREUPON said resolution was declared duly passed and adopted.

STATE OF MINNESOTA )
) SS
COUNTY OF RAMSEY

I, the undersigned, being the duly qualified City Manager of the City of Roseville, Minnesota, do hereby certify that I have carefully compared the attached and foregoing extract of minutes of a regular meeting of said City Council held on the $15^{\text {th }}$ day of May, 2017 with the original thereof on file in my office.

WITNESS MY HAND officially as such Manager this $15^{\text {th }}$ day of May, 2017.

## SEAL



## SMALL CELL WIRELESS: UNREGULATED ACCESS TO PUBLIC ASSETS?

"Cities must balance the need to facilitate these emerging technologies with the needs of the local community."


## DID YOU KNOW?

Wireless is an important part of our state's communications infrastructure, but it is a complement, not a substitute for high-speed broadband access in Greater Minnesota cities.

## PROBLEM:

Private wireless and cellular service providers are pushing legislation (HF739/SF561) that would allow unregulated access to public right-of-way for installation of "small cell wireless" equipment and distributed antenna systems.

- These for-profit companies would be the only unregulated industry allowed unfettered access to this public asset.
- Automatic approval provided by this legislation ties the hands of cities who are responsible for managing these public spaces and considering elements of public health, safety, and aesthetics.
- The legislation limits, and in some cases eliminates, cities' cost recovery options for maintaining the public assets these companies are accessing.
- The legislation would supersede many existing zoning ordinances and comprehensive plans that cities have enacted and planned for over the years.


## LEAGUE-SUPPORTED SOLUTION:

- The League supports making wireless providers telecommunication right-of-way (ROW) users with the same rights and privileges of other ROW users.


## BACKGROUND:

This small cell technology is being deployed in urban areas to address increased data usage and to eventually deploy a new 5G cellular network.

## FOR MORE INFORMATION:

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LEAGUE OF MINNESOTA CITIES

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[^0]:    * New construction value is included in values quoted above. Values exclude personal groperty, manufactured homes and state assessed railroad property.

[^1]:    * New construction value is included in values quoted above. Values exclude personal ${ }_{1}$ property, manufactured homes and state assessed railroad property.

[^2]:    * New construction value is included in values quoted above. Values exclude personal property, manufactured homes and state assessed railroad property.

[^3]:    * 2017 values are from the 2016 Spring Mini Abstract and are subject to review and change until mid -June at the conclusion of the 2017 Special Board of Appeal and Equal.
    **The 2016 values have been updated since our previous report in March 2016.

[^4]:    * 2016 values are from the 2016 Spring Mini Abstract and are subject to review and change until mid -June at the conclusion of the 2016 Special Board of Appeal and Equal.
    **The 2015 values have been updated since our previous report in March 2015.

[^5]:    **Residential property includes single-family, duplexes, triplexes, condos and townhomes.
    **Good for state study sales only.

[^6]:    *Excludes added improvement in 2017 values, leased public property, exempt property, and vacant land.

[^7]:    * Excludes added improvement, and State assessed railroad and utility property
    *Excludes Vacant Commercial and Industrial Land Parcels
    **2016 median value updated for LUC 485 due to an open book value adjustment.
    **LUCs: 398 and 470 had higher median value shifts due to LUC shifts or parcel counts assigned between 2016 and 2017.

[^8]:    * Excludes added improvement, and State assessed railroad and utility property
    *Excludes Vacant Commercial and Industrial Land Parcels
    **LUCs: 398 and 470 had higher median value shifts due to LUC shifts or parcel counts assigned between 2016 and 2017.

[^9]:    * Excludes added improvement, and State assessed railroad and utility property
    * Includes vacant land (LUC 300 and 400)
    *The 2017 values are subject to change until the conclusion of County the Board of Appeal and Equalization.
    **2016 median value updated for LUC 485 due to an open book value adjustment.

[^10]:    * 2015 values are from the 2015 Spring Mini Abstract and are subject to review and change until mid -June at the conclusion of the 2015 Special Board of Appeal and Equal.
    **The 2014 values have been updated since our previous report in March 2014.
    Note: Lauderdale Apt \% Change reflects a 14M property going from exempt in 2014 to taxable in 2015

[^11]:    * 2013 values are subject to review and change until mid -June at the conclusion of the 2013 Special Board of Appeal and Equalization.
    **The 2012 values have been updated since our previous report in March 2012.

[^12]:    Purpose: Minnesota Statutes 462.358, subdivisions 2b and 2c regarding park dedication offers the opportunity to improve and create connections to a system of open spaces and parks, and pathwys as part of the subdivision process. The City, at its discretion, will determine whether park dedication is required in the form of land, cash contribution, or a combination of cash and land. This decision will be based on existing and proposed development and on the goals, plans, and policies of the City including, but not limited to, those embodied by the Parks and Recreation System Master Plan Pathways Master Plan, and the Comprehensive Plan.

